

NEWS AND NOTES
PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Compiled by the Managing Editor

The photographs of past presidents of the American Political Science Association, presented on four panels at the front of this issue, were assembled and furnished to the REVIEW by Professor Edwin A. Cottrell, of Stanford University.

Dr. Max Lerner has resigned from the staff of *The Nation* to accept a professorship of government at Williams College.

Professor Carl B. Swisher has been appointed to the Thomas P. Stran chair of political science at the Johns Hopkins University. He spent the past summer conducting a research project for the U. S. Department of Justice.

During the earlier portion of the present academic year, Professor Harold J. Laski, of the University of London, served as visiting professor of political science at Teachers' College, Columbia University. He lectured also at Harvard University and Radcliffe College.

Professor W. Ivor Jennings, whose recent works on British constitutional and administrative law are well known to American scholars, is teaching political science during the present academic year at the University of British Columbia.

After spending the summer in Mexico City, Dr. Samuel Guy Inman returned to the University of Pennsylvania for a second year as visiting professor of political science in the field of Latin-American relations.

Professor Charles G. Fenwick, of Bryn Mawr College, is serving as one of the delegates of the United States in the Congress of American Republics, opened on December 9 in Lima, Peru.

Mr. Henry W. Toll has resigned as executive director of the Council of State Governments and has been succeeded by Mr. Frank Bane, recently director of the Social Security Board.

Professor Karl Loewenstein, of Amherst College, taught at the University of California during the summer session of 1938.

Professor Harold F. Gosnell, of the University of Chicago, spent the month of September in Washington, D. C., assisting in organizing an in-service training conference for state planning board technicians.

Dr. Hans J. Morgenthau, formerly of Brooklyn College, has been appointed assistant professor in the school of law and the department of history and political science at the University of Kansas City.

Dr. G. Leighton LaFuze, recently of the staff of the National Archives, is now professor of history and political science at the John B. Stetson University, Deland, Florida.

Dr. Paul A. Palmer, formerly of Rockford College, is now associate professor of political science at Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio.

Dr. Philip W. Ireland, now associated with the department of government at Harvard University, spent the past summer in Turkey studying the permanent bases of Turkish foreign policy.

Since returning from a year of research abroad, Dr. Lee S. Greene has been serving as supervisor of training in public administration for the TVA and also as assistant professor of political science at the University of Tennessee.

New instructors in political science at the University of Chicago include Messrs. James Watkins, Natan C. Leites, and John Hazard.

Mr. W. H. Wickwar came from London in September to take charge of the work in political science at Rockford College.

Mr. Landrum R. Bolling has been appointed instructor in political science at Brown University.

At the University of Pennsylvania, Mr. Edgar B. Cale has been appointed instructor in the department of political science. Two members of the Philadelphia Bar, Mr. Irving Segal and Mr. Robert Trescher, are also beginning their duties in the department.

At the George Washington University, the School of Government has moved into the recently completed Hall of Government, given to the University by Mrs. Henry Alvah Strong.

Yale University has appointed Dr. Harold D. Lasswell, formerly of the University of Chicago, visiting Sterling lecturer in law and Professor Clyde Eagleton, of New York University, visiting lecturer in international relations.

Under arrangements effected this year, ranking graduates of the University of New Hampshire will henceforth be awarded internships enabling them to gain practical experience in various branches of the state government.

Dr. George E. G. Catlin, formerly of Cornell University, and now a publicist in London, will be visiting professor of political theory at the American University Graduate School during the second semester of the present academic year. Professor Catlin will give a series of public lec-

tures on "Democracy Re-appraised," and will conduct a graduate seminar on "The Anglo-Saxon Tradition and Its Critics."

During the past summer, Professor H. C. Nixon resigned as head of the department of history and political science at Tulane University, and of late he has been serving as field chairman of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, with headquarters at Birmingham, Alabama. At Tulane, Dr. W. V. Holloway, associate professor of political science, is acting head of the department, and Dr. James J. Robbins, who last year was a preceptor in politics at Princeton, is visiting assistant professor.

After teaching during the second semester of last year in the department of history and political science at Tulane University, and during a portion of the summer at the University of Virginia, Professor Johannes Mattern has returned to his regular work at the Johns Hopkins University.

At Dartmouth College, Mr. Norman H. Hinton, formerly of Barnard College, has been appointed assistant professor of political science, and Drs. Robert K. Carr and Elmer E. Smead have been advanced from instructorships to assistant professorships.

At the University of Oklahoma, Dr. L. A. Doran is on leave, recovering from an illness, and Mr. LeRoy E. Stewart, a graduate student, is conducting his classes. Mr. Lynden Mannen, an instructor, is also on leave, completing his graduate studies at the George Washington University, and his place is occupied by Dr. Joseph C. Pray.

Among participants in a symposium on political and social philosophy held at the University of Notre Dame on November 4-5 were Professors Carl J. Friedrich, Harvard University; Jerome G. Kerwin, University of Chicago; Goetz Briefs, Georgetown University; Charles G. Fenwick, Bryn Mawr College; and Waldemar Gurian, University of Notre Dame.

A secretariat of the Pacific Northwest Council of Education Planning and Public Administration was recently established in Portland, Oregon, with Mr. Kenneth O. Warner, formerly Arkansas state personnel director, serving as executive director. Under a three-year grant of funds, the Council will transmit to educators, public officials, and civic leaders information concerning scientific and social research and practices pertaining to the management of natural resources, conservation, public welfare, and public administration in the Pacific Northwest.

Dr. Carl N. Everstine, who received his degree in political science at the Johns Hopkins University last June, is teaching part time in the College for Teachers at that institution, and is also supervisor of the

Survey of Federal Archives for Maryland. Dr. Harold F. Sylvester, who received his degree at the same time, is assistant director of research for the New York Joint Legislative Committee on Industrial and Labor Relations.

The results of some 2,000 research projects carried on as part of the federal work relief program are summarized briefly in a digest and index which has been published by the Works Progress Administration. This volume of 291 pages contains a concise statement of the principal conclusions of each study and an alphabetical subject-index to the contents. The reports on the projects touch upon nearly every field of natural and social science, and many have appeared in the form of articles in scholarly journals. However, several hundred of the reports summarized are in manuscript form, and arrangements have been made with the American Documentation Institute whereby microfilm copies of the original reports will be furnished at nominal rates for the use of research specialists. A small edition of this volume has been prepared for distribution to the larger public and university libraries, where it will be available for reference, and for government departments, industrial concerns, and research foundations. A number of copies are still available, and requests should be addressed to the Works Progress Administration in Washington.

A graduate training program has been inaugurated by the Institute of Local and State Government at the University of Pennsylvania and, for the experimental period at least, will be centered in the Graduate School of Business Administration. A new major—"local and state government administration"—has been created. The requirements for the major will be met by (a) two new seminars—one in local and state government administration and the other in local and state government problems—and (b) forty hours a month of laboratory work in local government offices. Professor H. F. Alderfer, of Pennsylvania State College, is visiting lecturer in political science in charge of this program during the first semester. The Institute's undergraduate apprenticeship program is being carried on during the current academic year in much the same manner as last year. However, the ten new undergraduates who have been selected are all juniors in the various schools of the University; and this will give the Institute two years for sifting out the most likely candidates for the graduate scholarships. On request of the Rotary Club of Philadelphia, a training course in citizenship has been organized by the Institute, conducted by means of a series of dinner meetings for young voters nominated by members of the Club.

The Committee on the Psychology of Peace and War, of the Society for the Psychological Study of Social Issues, is interested in making con-

tact with political scientists who have been investigating, or who are interested in collaborating on investigations of, the psychological aspect of international conflicts. The Committee's immediate activity is the preparation of a yearbook in which it is hoped to deal with the psychological influences leading to resort to war as a means of solving international difficulties. Persons having unpublished material or new ideas which they would like to discuss with others taking a psychological approach to the problem are asked to communicate with the chairman of the Committee, Dr. Ross Stagner, University of Akron, Akron, Ohio.

Some Recent Developments Affecting Facilities for Research in Government Agencies in Washington. Certain recent developments in Washington, tending to facilitate research in political science and associated disciplines (whether carried on in Washington or elsewhere) are worthy of note.

Under the terms of Public No. 750, 75th Cong., 3d Sess., approved June 25, 1938, designated depositories, which include land-grant colleges and state and territorial libraries, may become recipients of copies "of Journals of the Senate and House of Representatives, of all publications, not confidential in character, printed upon the requisition of any congressional committee, of all Senate and House public bills and resolutions, and of all reports on private bills and resolutions, and of all reports on private bills, concurrent, and simple resolutions." The librarian of a library designated to receive such publications makes his request of the Superintendent of Documents, who communicates the request to the Public Printer in order that the necessary copies may be furnished. Prior to the enactment of this law, public bills, resolutions, and committee hearings and reports on private bills and simple and concurrent resolutions have not been available for depository distribution.

Librarians of libraries which have been designated as depositories are authorized to request that "the allotment of copies furnished for distribution to libraries shall be increased or reduced from time to time." This stipulation enables a librarian, in coöperation with the departments of instruction of a depository institution, to select those government publications which have particular utility for such departments, relieving the library from the necessity of accepting every publication of the federal government.

Readers of this REVIEW are familiar, of course, with the series of executive agreements now being effected between the United States and other nations providing for an exchange of government publications designated in the agreements. It may be pointed out that these agreements mean that the Division of Documents of the Library of Congress will receive as a matter of course the official publications of the following govern-