Call For Papers

Special Issue on Psycho-Educational Assessment for the Australian Journal of Guidance and Counselling

A forthcoming special issue of the *Australian Journal of Guidance and Counselling* will feature research articles that address issues related to psycho-educational assessment of school-aged children and adolescents. In particular, we are interested in publishing papers that have applied value for guidance counsellors, school psychologists and educational psychologists who provide psycho-educational assessments. Papers that focus on children with special needs, including indigenous populations and those with English as a second language, are especially welcome.

The Guest Editor for this special issue will be Linda Gilmore from Queensland University of Technology. Publication is expected to be in late 2014.

Papers are due no later than December 2013. Authors should lodge submissions via the Cambridge Journals website noting in a covering letter that their paper is for consideration in this special issue.

Enquiries can be directed to Dr Linda Gilmore, email: l.gilmore@qut.edu.au

Australian Journal of Guidance and Counselling Important — Instructions for Authors

 To be reviewed for possible publication in this journal all authors must follow the instructions below and submit their manuscript to ScholarOne: http://mc. manuscriptcentral.com/jgc

For more detailed instructions for authors, please refer to http://assets.cambridge.org/JGC/JGC_ifc.pdf

Review

All manuscripts are sent for blind peer-review to members of the editorial board and guest reviewers. The review process generally requires three months. The receipt of submitted manuscripts will be acknowledged by the editor, from whom a decision and reviewers' comments will be received when the peer-review has been completed. Papers submitted to the journal must not previously have been published nor submitted for publication to any other journal.

- 2. Papers should be between 4,000 and 6,000 words (excluding references)
- 3. Papers should be submitted in Australian English, rather than US English.
- 4. Contributions should follow the format and style described in the Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (6th ed.). Spelling and punctuation should conform to The Macquarie Dictionary (4th ed.). For matters of style not covered in these two publications the Style Manual for Authors, Editors and Printers (6th ed.) should be consulted.
- 5. Documents should be double-spaced with minimum margins of 20 mm on the left and 35 mm on the right. Uncommon abbreviations and acronyms should be explained. Do not use underlining except to indicate italics. Full stops should not be used in abbreviations or acronyms (e.g., NSW).
- 6. Use single quotation marks to introduce a word or phrase used as an ironic comment, as slang, or which has been coined. Use quotation marks the first time the word or phrase is used; do not use them again. Do not use quotation marks to introduce a technical or key term. Instead, italicise the term.
- 7. Front page: under the title of the article only the names and affiliations of the authors appear. Qualifications, present appointments, and postal and e-mail addresses should be given in a separate section on the front page labelled 'Address for correspondence'. A word count and suggested running head of no more than 50 characters including spaces should also be provided.
- Do not use any footnotes. Endnotes should be kept to a minimum and listed at the end of the text under the heading 'Endnotes'. Acknowledgments should be placed at the end of the article with a separate heading.
- Tables should be at the end of the manuscript, not in the main text. Their approximate positions in the text should be indicated by the words, 'Insert Table X here'. Horizontal and vertical lines should be used sparingly.
- 10. Photographs, graphs and figures should be prepared to the correct size (max. width 80 mm single column or up to 160 mm double column) and each one supplied as an individual file, separate to the manuscript Word file. Include placement instructions in the Word document, such as 'Insert Fig X here'. Figures should be in black and white line art (artwork that has only text and lines, no shades of grey or blocks of colour).

- Figures created in Microsoft Word, Excel or Powerpoint need to be saved as PDFs. Figures created in a drawing program such as Adobe llustrator, CorelDRAW, Freehand, Microsoft Publisher or similar should be saved as EPS (encapsulated postscript) files. Figures created in Photoshop or with other photographic software should be saved with a minimum resolution of 600 dpi and in TIF format. Minimum resolution for scanned graphics is 300dpi for halftone work (e.g., photographs) and 600 dpi for line art, and these should also be in TIF format.
- Manuscripts that contain special characters (equations, Chinese characters, IPA symbols, etc.) need to be supplied as a PDF file as well as a Word document or RTF.
- Prior to sending artwork, the separate files of figures, graphs, illustrations, and so on, should be printed by the author to test that the fonts have been embedded correctly and there is no distortion in the artwork (e.g., lines and fonts reproduce cleanly with no jagged lines or fuzzy edges), as any such faults cannot be corrected by the publisher.
- A list of figure captions should follow the tables in the manuscript Word document.
- 11. References should follow the format and style described in the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Examples of citations are:

The theory was first propounded in 1970 (Larsen, 1971).

Larsen (1970) was the first to propound the theory.

Examples of references are:

- Fisse, B. (1989). The proceeds of the Crime Act: The rise of money laundering, offences and the fall of principle. *Criminal Law Journal*, 13, 5–23.
- Zelinski, E.M., & Gilewski, M.J. (1988). Memory for prose and aging: A meta-analysis. In M.L. Howe & C.J. Brainerd (Eds.), *Cognitive development in adulthood* (pp. 133–158). New York: Springer-Verlag.
- 12. Authors are expected to check the accuracy of all references in the manuscript before submission. It may not be possible to submit proofs for correction.
- 13. While manuscripts are subject to editing, the Australian Guidance Counselling Association Limited does not hold itself responsible for statements made by contributors.
- 14. Copyright in all articles rests with authors. A limited set of permanent copyright permission licences has been granted by authors to the publisher to allow publication in this journal. Rights in the reproduction and distribution of the published articles as visual fac-similes of this published edition by either mechanical or digital means is controlled by the publisher and any distributions by CAL for copying of an author's work therefore are due to the publisher and AGCA only. All other rights in the words contained in this edition are controlled by the authors. Authors are therefore free to adapt and/or republish the words making up their own articles either online or in print.

Australian Journal of Guidance and Counselling

Volume 23 Number 1 June 2013

Contents

Editorial	_ iii
Marilyn Campbell	
Articles	
Revisiting Discrepancy Theory in Learning Disabilities: What Went Wrong and Why We Should Go Back	1
Sarah Callinan, Everarda Cunningham, and Stephen Theiler	
A Comparison of the SB5 and the CAS in Educational Psychology Practice Jeanette Berman and Ian Price	_18
An Intervention to Improve Motivation for Homework	_34
Readiness for Change: Case Studies of Young People with Challenging and Risky Behaviours	_49
Social Problem Solving and Aggression: The Role of Depression Yalçın Özdemir, Yas,ar Kuzucu, and Nermin Koruklu	_72
Supervision and the Management of Vicarious Traumatisation Among Australian Telephone and Online Counsellors Brett Furlonger and Wendy Taylor	_82
Multidimensional Perfectionism in a Sample of Jordanian High School Students Abdul-Kareem M. Jaradat	_95
A Comparison of South African and International First-Year Students'	106
Young People's Perceptions of Family, Peer, and School Connectedness and Their Impact on Adjustment P.C. Law, M. Cuskelly, and A. Carroll	115
Applied Practices: Perspectives from the Field Susan Colmar	141
Improving the Achievement, Motivation, and Engagement of Students With ADHD: The Role of Personal Best Goals and Other Growth-Based Approaches Andrew J. Martin	143

ISSN 1037-2911

Cambridge Journals Online

For further information about this journal please go to the journal website at: https://djournals.cambridge.org/jgconline by Cambridge University Press

