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Page 2

NEWS FROM THE SOCIETY

A THREE DAY NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON STRESS, STRAIN, HEART DISEASE AND THE LAW PLANNED TO INAUGURATE ASLM 1978 EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS

Plans are underway for finalizing ASLM's forthcoming First National Conference on Stross, Strain, Heart Disease and the Law. At a Planning Committee meeting held in Boston on July 29 and 30, 1977, representatives from the American Society of Law & Medicine, the American Heart Association/ Massachusetts Affiliate, the President's Committee on the Employment of the Hand-icanped, the Rehabilitation Services Administration, and several national workers' compensation and casually insurers started to formulate the program and faculty.

This conference, the first to implement the recommendations of the recent report of the American Heart Association's Committee on Stress, Strain, and Heart Disease (originally published in *Circulation*, May, 1977 and later reprinted in *Medicolegal News*, Spring 1977, Volume 5, Number 2), should be of interest and practical value to professionals of the many disciplines involved in the ever-expanding legal issues stemming from heart disorder, disability and death.

The conference will focus on the vexing problems of causality assessment in heart disorders that frequently face physicians, lawyers, judges, courts, workers' compensation commissioners and other administration agency personnel. Subsequent follow-up conferences are planned to consider the medicolegal issues of disability evaluation, rehabilitation and reemployment of the cardiac patient.

The Conference is scheduled to start Thursday evening, January 26, 1978, and will continue all day Friday, January 27, 1978, and conclude Saturday morning, January 28, 1978. The meeting will be held at the Copley Plaza Hotel, Boston, Massachusetts.

Of particular relevance will be an update on the second day of the Conference by leading medical authorities of current medical knowledge concerning the effects, if any, upon the development and progression of coronary heart disease of sudden and long-term physical effort and of alleged long-term or mounting occupational psychologic stress and tensions. This part of the program will be prefaced by a discussion of causality evaluation as viewed by the medical, legal and judicial professions. A nationally-prominent speaker will present an after-luncheon address on Friday, January 27, 1978 on a topic pertinent to the Conference considerations.

A unique aspect of the Conference will be the utilization of workshop panel discussions for smaller groups to enable interchange between registrants and faculty and to follow personal presentation of bothersome problems and issues to the experts and resource specialists for their opinions.

The faculty will be composed of leading national authorities selected from the fields of medicine, law, insurance, judiciary, personnel management, labor union representation and rehabilitation.

The registration fee which includes all registrant's resource material, admission to all sessions, luncheon on Friday and admission to a cocktail reception Friday evening, has been set at \$150.00 for members of any of the designated sponsoring organizations and \$175.00 for others.

Attendance will be limited to 300 registrants and will be on a first-come first served basis so that early registration is advised. Full cancellation refunds will be available until December 15, 1977. Thereafter cancellations will be subject to a 15% charge.

The tentative program outline is listed below and an advance registration coupon is on page 14.

CONFERENCE - STRESS, STRAIN, HEART DISEASE AND THE LAW Thursday - Saturday January 26-28, 1978 Copley Plaza Hotei,

Boston, Massachusetts

Thursday - Jan. 26, 1978

Registration: 3:00-5:00 P.M. and 6:00-8:00 P.M.

Session 1. The Scope and Nature of the Problems - 7:00-7:45 P.M.

Welcomes and explanation of program format and Introductory survey

Session 2. An Exploration of Problem Issues - 8:00-9:30 P.M.

Workshop 1 - The physician's viewpoint Workshop 2 - The trial attorney's viewpoint

Continued on page 14

MEDICOLEGAL NEWS VOL. 5, NO. 3

CONFERENCE - STRESS, STRAIN, HEART DISEASE AND THE LAW January 26-28, 1978 Copley Plaza Hotel, Boston, Mass

Continued from page 2

Workshop 3 - The insurer's viewpoint Workshop 4 - The employer's and labor union's viewpoint

Friday - Jan. 27, 1978

Registration - 8:00 - 9:00 A.M. Session 3. The Medicolegal Assessment of Causality in Heart Disorders - 8:00 -10:30 A.M. The physician's approach The trial attorney's approach The adjudicator's approach Intermission and coffee break - 10:30 -11:00 A.M. Session 4. Physical Stress and Heart Disease 11:00 - 12:00 A.M. Definitions Current medical knowledge update Luncheon and luncheon speaker - 12:00 -2:00 P.M. Session 5. Psychologic Stress and Heart Disease - 2:00 - 3:15 P.M. Definitions

Current medical knowledge update The role of occupational stress in coronary heart disease

Intermission and cofee break - 3:15 -3:45 P.M.

Session 5. Continued - 3:45 - 5:00 P.M. Cocktail reception - 6:30 - 7:30 P.M.

Saturday - Jan 28, 1978 Session 6. Approaches to Solutions - 9:00 -10:30 A.M.

Workshop 1 - The physician

Workshop 2 - The trial attorney Workshop 3 - The insurer

Workshop 4 - The employer and the union

Intermission and coffee break - 10:30 -11:00 A.M. Session 7. Conference Summary and

Recommendations - 11:00 A.M. - 12:15P.M. Workshop reports

Conference overview

Conference adjournment

EDITORIAL The Attempted Revival of Psychosurgery

Continued from page 3

that the Commision found no evidence of psychosurgery ever being beneficial for children

The Commission's dismissal of the holding of Kaimowitz v. Michigan Department of Mental Health-the Detroit psychosurgery case-regarding informed consent is highly superficial and cavalier. The case is attacked on its constitutional arguments, after which its much stronger arguments on informed consent are simply dismissed by a comment that to exclude proxy consent for involuntarily committed mental patients and prisoners "seems unfair."

This conclusion was made possible only by transforming psychosurgery from a dangerous experiment into an "opportunity to seek benefit from a new therapy." Such a characterization simply cannot be justified, and the Commission itself admits to having studied no actual cases involving either involuntarily committed mental patients or amygdalotomies for violence-the facts at issue in Kaimowitz.

Finally, the Commision's recommenda-tion that the Secretary of HEW "conduct and support studies to evaluate the safety of specific psychosurgical procedures and efficacy of such procedures in relieving specific psychiatric symptoms and disorders" is inappropriate. It is outside the Commission's Congressional mandate and unsupported by the evidence available to the Commission. Nothing in the Commission's report supports the concept that psychosurgery research should be on HEW's priority list, or that studies of the multiple types of procedures being used and the multiple "indications" for surgery employed by the more than 140 surgeons in this field would be fruitful. The Commision was set up to protect subjects and not to promote research. While these two activities are certainly compatible, emphasis on the latter tends to detract from the former.

While I have previously concluded that the recommendations could stand with certain modifications, this was probably an overly optimistic views.3 A report that is based on an erroneous definition of the problem it seeks to solve is fatally flawed. The only rational solution is to begin again with a proper definition of psychosurgery and a more sophisticated view of the potential problems involved in the application of the procedure once it ceases to be experimental and becomes "therapeutic." If the Commission's life is continued by Congress, the Secretary of H.E.W. should remand this report and recommendations to it with specific instructions on how to proceed consistent with the above discussion. If the Commission's life is terminated, on the other hand, these recommendations should simply be allowed to die with it.

References

1. "Protection of Human Subjects: Use of Psychosurgery in Practice and Research: Report and Recommendations for Public Comment", Fed. Reg., May 23, 1977, al pages 26318-26332. Approximately 100 responses were received by early August.

2. Beecher, Surgery as Placebo, 176 JAMA 1102 (1961).

Annas. Psychosurgery: Procedural 3 Saleguards, Hastings Center Report, April, 1977 at 1.1

CONFERENCE: STRESS, STRAIN, HEART DISEASE AND THE LAW Thursday — Saturday January 26-28, 1978 Copley Plaza Hotel, Boston, Massachusetts		
Name		Title or Degree
Organization (if any)		
Address	Zip	Telephone
Registration fee: Members — American Society of Law & Medicine and/or American He Nonmember registrations — \$175.00	art Associatio	n — \$150.00
Checks should be made to the order of the American Society of Law & Medic	sine	
Mail to: American Society of Law & Medicine 454 Brookline Avenue Boston, Massachusetts 02215		Telephone (617) 734-8316

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Page 14

MEDICOLEGAL NEWS VOL. 5, NO. 3