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Proceedings of the sixth annual symposium of the Eugenics Society
London, September 1969

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Population Studies

Supplement, 1970. Pp. 60

**TOWARDS A POPULATION POLICY
FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM**

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Foreword

The reports presented in this volume resulted from a series of discussions initiated by the late Lord Florey. Lord Florey was deeply interested in population questions; he also believed in the indivisibility of science. Accordingly he brought together a group of people with different backgrounds to examine population questions from various points of view. During the discussions it was felt increasingly that there should be in Britain, as in other countries, a more deliberate and informed concern with the consequences of population change, and with the likely demographic effects of economic and social action. Attention was drawn to some of the main issues which would arise if, as in other fields, a policy were to be formulated in respect of population. It is with these issues that the reports presented here are concerned.

Contents

Introduction; Components of Natural Increase in England and Wales; Demography and Economics; Family Planning, Ends and Means; The Scientific Basis of Contraception; The Interrelation between Genetics and the Social Sciences; The Registrar General and Demographic Studies in England and Wales.

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JOURNAL OF BIOSOCIAL SCIENCE

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Papers are considered for publication on the understanding that they have not been, and will not be, published elsewhere in whole or in part, and that, where customary, they have been approved for publication by the relevant Head of Department. The Editors are not responsible for any loss of or damage to manuscripts or illustrations and their decision on all editorial matters is final.

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Papers must be written clearly, simply and concisely. They should be checked very carefully before being submitted. The author is responsible for the accuracy of quotations, tabular matter and references. Authors submitting material previously written up for a higher degree should note that theses or parts of theses are usually suitable for publication only after much re-arrangement and condensation.

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Contributors

- A. C. K. Antrobus** Senior Medical Officer, St Vincent, West Indies. p. 317
- M. T. Ashcroft** Deputy Director, MRC Epidemiology Unit, University of the West Indies, Kingston 7, Jamaica p. 317
- J. C. Barrett** Lecturer in Medical Demography, Department of Medical Statistics and Epidemiology, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, University of London p. 351
- W. R. Bytheway** MRC Medical Sociology Unit, University of Aberdeen p. 337
- M. A. Choudhury** Research Assistant, Pakistan Academy for Rural Development, Comilla, East Pakistan p. 329
- Leotta M. Clarke** Public Health Nurse, MRC Epidemiology Unit, University of the West Indies, Kingston 7, Jamaica p. 305
- P. R. Cox** Deputy Government Actuary, Government Actuary's Department, Caxton House East, London, S.W.1 p. 391
- Patricia Desai** Staff Member, MRC Epidemiology Unit, University of the West Indies, Kingston 7, Jamaica p. 305
- Richard Doll** Regius Professor of Medicine, University of Oxford p. 367
- Catherine E. Heron** Public Health Nurse, MRC Epidemiology Unit, University of the West Indies, Kingston 7, Jamaica p. 305
- Alan S. Parkes** Chairman, The Galton Foundation, 69 Eccleston Square, London, S.W.1 p. 359
- D. F. Roberts** Reader in Human Genetics, University of Newcastle upon Tyne p. 393
- John Stoeckel** Associate Professor, Department of Sociology, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee p. 329