# Notes for contributors

### Manuscripts

The Editor welcomes submission of material for consideration as a main article or as a review article. The approximate length required for main articles is 8000 words, and for review articles 4000 words. The *Review* is a refereed journal, and contributors should allow time for the process of refereeing to take place.

THREE copies of the manuscript should be submitted to DR PAUL TAYLOR, DEPARTMENT OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS, LONDON SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS, HOUGHTON STREET, LONDON WC2A 2AE, ENGLAND. Manuscripts should be typed on one side of the paper only with generous margins and should be double spaced throughout. A short biographical note (appropriate for Notes on contributors) should accompany the manuscript.

When an article has been accepted for publication, the author is strongly encouraged to send a copy of the final version on computer disk (Apple Macintosh or IBM compatible PC) together with the hard copy typescript, giving details of the wordprocessing software used (Microsoft Word, Word or Word Perfect). However, the publisher reserves the right to typeset material by conventional means if an author's disk proves unsatisfactory.

## References and notes

These should be amalgamated and signalled serially within each article by superscript numerals. The references and notes themselves should be typed on separate sheets at the end of the article. References should give full biographical details, including place of publication but not publisher, at first mention. Thereafter the author's surname and a short title should be used (not op. cit.). A cross-reference to the original citation, e.g. '(see n. 4 above)', may also be added if the short title reference is not immediately clear. The title of an article should appear in single inverted commas; the title of a book or journal should be underlined. Main words should be capitalized in article and book titles.

References and notes should be typed in the form of the following examples:

- 1. M. Richter, The Politics of Conscience (London, 1964), pp. 269-70.
- 2. Richter, Politics of Conscience, p. 281.
- 3. Gareth Stedman Jones, 'History: The Poverty of Empiricism', in R. Blackburn (ed.), *Ideology in Social Science* (London, 1972), pp. 96–8.
- 4. New York Times, 13 May 1987.
- 5. Stedman Jones, 'History', p. 99.
- 6. J. P. Cornford, 'The Illusion of Decision', British Journal of Political Science, 4 (1974), pp. 231-43.

#### Subheadings

Contributors are encouraged to include up to two levels of subheading in articles to provide 'signposts' for readers. They should be typed flush left with only the first word and any proper names capitalized.

#### General

First proofs may be read and corrected by contributors provided that they can give the editor a current address and can guarantee to return the corrected proofs, by airmail where appropriate, within three days of receiving them.

Authors of articles and review articles will receive twenty-five free offprints. Additional copies may be ordered on the form provided which must be returned at proof stage.

Contributors of accepted articles will be asked to assign their copyright, on certain conditions, to the British International Studies Association so that their interest may be safeguarded.

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# Aims and Scope

The aim of the *Review of International Studies* is to promote the analysis and understanding of international relations. Its scope is wide-ranging both in terms of subject matter and method. The *Review* is designed to serve the needs of students and scholars interested in every aspect of international studies, including the political, economic, legal, historical, cultural, technological and ethical dimensions of the subject. It is receptive to the extensive array of methodologies now employed in the humanities and the social sciences and wishes to draw on the expertise of other disciplines, such as sociology and psychology, to throw light on the study of international relations. Each issue contains research papers on specialized topics and review articles on recent literature in a specific field:

The Review was established in 1975 as the British Journal of International Studies and it took its present title in 1981. It is the official journal of the British International Studies Association and is published quarterly in January, April, July and October.

#### The British International Studies Association

The British International Studies Association was established in 1975 to encourage the teaching and research of international studies in Britain and to promote contact with scholars working in this field in other countries. The Association holds an annual conference and organizes study groups which meet throughout the year. It has a close working relationship with similar organizations in other countries and has established links with the standing group for international relations in the European Consortium for Political Research. The Association publishes the *Review of International Studies* and a series of monographs on international relations with Cambridge University Press. Members of the Association receive a copy of each issue of the *Review* and a regular newsletter. Membership is open to individuals and institutions of any nationality and applications for membership of the Association should be sent to the Secretary, c/o the Editor of the *Review*.

# The BISA Prize

The British International Studies Association has established the BISA Prize of £200 to be awarded annually for the best article published in that year's *Review of International Studies*. The judging will take place during the autumn of each year, and the prize will be awarded at the annual conference of BISA.

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