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SEOUL NATIONAL UNIVERSITY ACCELERATOR MASS SPECTROMETRY (SNU-AMS) RADIOCARBON DATE LIST III

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INTRODUCTION

The accelerator mass spectrometry (AMS) facility at Seoul National University (SNU-AMS) was accepted in December 1998 and results reported first at the Vienna AMS conference in October 1999 and at the 17th Radiocarbon Conference in Israel, June 2000. At the Vienna conference, we reported our accelerator system and sample preparation systems (Kim et al. 2000). Recent developments of the AMS facility have been regularly reported at AMS conferences (Kim et al. 2001, 2004, 2007). Meanwhile, about 1000 unknown archaeological, geological, and environmental samples have been measured every year. In this report, the archaeological and geological data carried out in 2001 are presented in terms of years BP (before present, AD 1950), following the SNU-AMS date lists I and II published in *Radiocarbon* (Kim et al. 2006a,b).

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SAMPLES

MONGOLIA

Tolgoi Series

The Tolgoi site (47°18′N, 105°40′E; 1111 m height) is an archaeological site in Mongolia. It is one of a group of about 30 burials scattered at the top of an elevated hilly area. A detailed explanation for this site was given by Kim et al. (2007).

SNU01-011	1950 ± 60
SNU01-012	2430 ± 60
SNU01-013	1990 ± 40
Samples are wood from the burials.	
SNU01-014	1920 ± 60
SNU01-015	1910 ± 60
SNU01-016	2020 ± 100
Samples are bones from the burials.	

RUSSIA

Suchu Series

The Suchu site (51.7°N, 140.2°E) comprises ancient dwellings at Suchu Island on the lower Amur River, near Khabarovsk in far eastern Russia. Samples are charcoals investigated by the Korea National Research Institute of Cultural Heritage (NRICH) in 2001 and samples submitted by Seontae Kim, from the 27th dwelling in the 11th area of Suchu Island.

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SNU01-363 From E-44 area, 73 cm depth.	4820 ± 90
SNU01-364 From 3-45 area, 60 cm depth.	3030 ± 40
SNU01-365 From *-37 area, 120 cm depth.	4780 ± 70
SNU01-366 From the 78th hole.	4680 ± 30

KOREA

Jinan Series

The Jinan site (35°53'N, 127°29'E), located in Jengchun-ri, Jinan-gun, Jeonnam-do, is an ancient, presumably Neolithic, dwelling. Samples were submitted by Chosun University Museum in 2001.

SNU01-027	4500 ± 300
Sample is an acorn (239 m height).	
SNU01-028 Sample is charcoal from a cooking stove (240 m height).	$22,850 \pm 350$
SNU01-029	$42,000 \pm 2000$

Sample is charcoal from a soil wedge in a dark-brown clay bed (247 m height).

Buyeo Series

The Buyeo site (36°16′00″N, 126°55′05″E), investigated by Buyeo National Research Institute of Cultural Heritage in 2000, comprises Gungnamji remains in Buyeo-gun, Chungnam-do.

SNU01-054 SNU01-055 Samples are charcoals (7 m height).	1430 ± 30 1460 ± 40
SNU01-056 SNU01-057 SNU01-058 Samples are animal bones (7 m height).	1520 ± 40 1520 ± 40 1450 ± 40
SNU01-060 SNU01-061 SNU01-062 SNU01-063 SNU01-064 SNU01-065	$1300 \pm 40 \\ 1380 \pm 40 \\ 1550 \pm 60 \\ 1420 \pm 40 \\ 1480 \pm 60 \\ 1340 \pm 30$

Samples are seeds (7 m height).

Jangsan Series

The Jangsan site (36°44′40″N, 127°16′55″E; 80–90 m height), investigated and samples submitted by Chungnam University Museum in 2000, comprises ancient dwellings in Jangsan-ri, Cheonan-si, Gyenggi-do. Samples are assumed to date to AD 200–400.

	SNU-AMS ¹⁴ C Date List III 1389
SNU01-125 Sample is charcoal from the S-2 dwelling.	1680 ± 30
SNU01-126 Sample is charcoal from the S-3 dwelling.	1780 ± 40
SNU01-127 Sample is wood embedded in ancient irrigation canal 1.	1700 ± 50
SNU01-128 Sample is wood embedded in ancient irrigation canal 2.	1860 ± 40

Galyong Series

The Galyong site (35°52'N, 127°28'E), investigated and samples submitted by Wonkwang University, comprises ancient dwellings in Jungcheon-myun, Jinan-gun, Jeonnam-do. This site is located on a sand bed on the alluvial plain made by the overflow of the Jungja-cheon.

SNU01-131 SNU01-132 SNU01-133 Samples are charcoals, 30 cm under modern arable land.	3760 ± 80 4510 ± 40 4560 ± 40
SNU01-134 SNU01-135 SNU01-136 SNU01-137 Samples are charcoals, 60, 100, 50, and 100 cm, respectively, under modern arable land	$4470 \pm 40 4050 \pm 40 4510 \pm 80 4650 \pm 30 .$
SNU01-138 Samples are carbonized acorns, 50 cm under modern arable land.	4700 ± 80
SNU01-139 SNU01-140 SNU01-141 Samples are charcoals, 30, 90, and 30 cm, respectively, under modern arable land.	4200 ± 100 4460 ± 90 4540 ± 80
SNU01-142 SNU01-143 Samples are soils, 30 cm under modern arable land.	3840 ± 40 3650 ± 40

Dongsamdong Series

The Dongsamdong site (35°03′42″N, 129°05′06″E), investigated and samples submitted by Busan City Museum in 1999, comprises ancient dwellings with typical ancient shell mounds in Daeyeon 4-dong, Busan-si.

SNU01-144 Sample is charcoal from the 1st dwelling (5.6 m height).	4360 ± 60
SNU01-145 Sample is animal bone from the 1st dwelling (5.6 m height).	4680 ± 60
SNU01-146 Sample is animal bone from the 2nd dwelling (4.9 m height).	4300 ± 40

SNU01-147 SNU01-148 Samples are animal bones from the 3rd dwelling (5.8 m height).	5640 ± 90 5540 ± 40
SNU01-149 Sample is animal bone from the 2nd layer of the shell mounds (6.6 m height).	4360 ± 50
SNU01-150 Sample is charcoal from the 2nd layer of the shell mounds (6.6 m height).	3910 ± 40
SNU01-151 Sample is animal bone from the 3rd layer of the shell mounds (6.3 m height).	4120 ± 40
SNU01-152 Sample is animal bone from the 4th layer of the shell mounds (6.0 m height).	4550 ± 50
SNU01-153 Sample is animal bone from the 5th to 1st layers of the shell mounds (5.7 m height).	4470 ± 50
SNU01-154 Sample is animal bone from the 5th to 2nd layers of the shell mounds (6.1 m height).	5180 ± 60
SNU01-155 Sample is animal bone from the 5th to 3rd layers of the shell mounds (5.9 m height).	4380 ± 50
SNU01-156 Sample is animal bone from the 5th to 4th layers of the shell mounds (6 m height).	4360 ± 120
SNU01-157 Sample is animal bone from the 5th layer of the shell mounds (5 m height).	4860 ± 50
SNU01-158 SNU01-159 Samples are animal bones from the 7th layer of the shell mounds (5.1 m height).	5650 ± 70 5180 ± 70
SNU01-160 SNU01-161 Samples are animal bones from the 8th layer of the shell mounds (4.2 m height).	6740 ± 40 4400 ± 40
SNU01-162 Sample is animal bone from the 9th layer of the shell mounds (4 m height).	6910 ± 60
SNU01-163 Sample is charcoal from the 9th layer of the shell mounds (4 m height).	5910 ± 50
Yaeum Series	

The Yaeum site (35°31'N, 129°18'E), investigated and samples submitted by Miryang University Museum in 2001, comprises ancient remains in Yaeum-dong, Nam-gu, Ulsan-si.

SNU01-177	2460 ± 40
SNU01-178	2450 ± 40
SNU01-179	2790 ± 40
SNU01-180	2690 ± 80
SNU01-181	2710 ± 80
Samples are wood from the 1st and 2nd ancient dwellings (27-61 m height).	

Jeongcheon Series

The Jeongcheon site (35°53'N, 127°29'E; 238.5 m height) comprises ancient dwellings in Jinangun, Jeonbuk-do.

SNU01-182 SNU01-183 Samples are charcoals, probably Neolithic.	4040 ± 100 4500 ± 120
SNU01-184 Sample is charcoal, probably Bronze Age.	3700 ± 100

Daeryun Series

The Daeryun site (36°02′30″N, 129°19′30″E) comprises ancient dwellings in Daeryun-ri, Pohangsi, Gyungbuk-do.

SNU01-211	2650 ± 40
SNU01-212	2580 ± 40
SNU01-213	2960 ± 40
Samples are charcoals.	

Sorori Series

The Sorori site (36°41′05″N, 127°24′78″E), investigated and samples submitted by Yungjo Lee of Chungbuk University in 2001, is located in Oksan-myun, Cheongwon-gun, Chungbuk-do.

SNU01-287	$13,490 \pm 150$
SNU01-288	$13,600 \pm 300$
SNU01-289	$13,700 \pm 200$
Samples are peat from a main hollow in a peat layer (estimated to date to 13,000 B	P) where ancient
rice seed was found.	

Geoduri Series

The Geoduri site (37°50′54″N, 127°45′24″E; 87 m height), investigated and samples submitted by Hallym University, comprises ancient remains (assumed prehistoric age) in Dongnae-myun, Chuncheon-si, Gangwon-do.

SNU01-347	2530 ± 80
SNU01-348	2710 ± 60
SNU01-349	2820 ± 40
SNU01-350	2400 ± 40
SNU01-351	2720 ± 40
SNU01-352	2720 ± 70
SNU01-353	2760 ± 70
Samples are charcoals.	

Gwanyang-dong Series

The Gwanyang-dong site (37°24'N, 126°58'E), investigated and samples submitted by Gyunggi Cultural Foundation in 2000, comprises ancient dwellings (presumably Bronze Age) in Anyang-si, Gyunggi-do.

SNU01-354	2950 ± 60
SNU01-355	2370 ± 90
SNU01-356	2680 ± 60
SNU01-357	2740 ± 40
SNU01-358	2870 ± 50
Samples are charcoals.	

Donghodong Series

The Donhodong site (35°57′N, 128°34′E; 50 m height), investigated and samples submitted by the Yeongnam Institute of Cultural Properties, comprises ancient dwellings in Buk-gu, Daegu-si.

SNU01-393	3020 ± 150
SNU01-394	2850 ± 70
SNU01-395	3760 ± 40
Samples are charcoals thought to date to the 8th–6th centuries BC.	

Daegok Series

The Daegok site (35°24′80″N, 127°19′50″E; 120.5 m height) comprises ancient dwellings in Daesan-myon, Namwon-si, Jeonbuk-do.

SNU01-430	1630 ± 60
SNU01-431	1540 ± 40
SNU01-432	1510 ± 40
Samples are charcoals from the floor in the 1st dwelling in the NA area.	

Myungam Series

The Myungam site (36°49'N, 127°03'E; 83.6 m height), investigated by the Chungcheng Cultural Properties Research Institute, comprises ancient dwellings assumed to be Bronze Age (2650–2950 BP), in Tanggeng-myun, Cheonan-si.

SNU01-437	2650 ± 40
SNU01-438	2530 ± 40
SNU01-439	2690 ± 60
SNU01-440	2900 ± 60
SNU01-441	2480 ± 40
SNU01-442	2650 ± 40
SNU01-443	2480 ± 40
SNU01-444	2650 ± 40
SNU01-445	2660 ± 60
SNU01-446	2580 ± 60
Samples are charcoals.	

Sindab Series

The Sindab site (38°02′30″N, 127°07′00″E) is an old tomb (thought to date to the AD 6th–7th centuries) located in Jeongog-up, Yeoncheon-gun, Gyunggi-do.

SNU01-449	1500 ± 80
SNU01-450	1530 ± 40
Samples are abaracely from the lower part of the temp	

Samples are charcoals from the lower part of the tomb.

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLES

Goseong Series A

Goseong site A (38°18′00″N, 128°32′30″E) is a sand dune 200 m from the seashore in Munam-ri, Goseong-gun, Gangwon-do. Samples, assumed to be of Quaternary age, were investigated and submitted by Yongan Park in 2001.

SNU01-069 Sample is peat (15 m height).	32,000 ± 1000
SNU01-070 Sample is wood from a peat bed (7 m height).	36,700 ± 900
Goseong Series B	
Goseong site B (38°18'N, 128°30'E) is near Whangpo-chun, Munam-ri, Goseong do. Samples, assumed to be of Quaternary age, were investigated and submitted in Park.	• •
SNU01-071	$16,400 \pm 200$

SNU01-071	$16,400 \pm 200$
SNU01-072	6370 ± 70
SNU01-073	8200 ± 40
Samples are peat, 17, 11, and 15 m depth, respectively.	

Gochang Series

The Gochang site (35°26'N, 126°40'E), investigated and samples submitted in 2000 by Juyong Kim, is a sedimentary layer in Gochangcheon, Gochang-up, Jeonbuk-do.

SNU01-164	9080 ± 80
SNU01-165	4700 ± 70
SNU01-166	5220 ± 60
Samples are charcoals with wood fragments.	

Jangyu Series

The Jangyu site (35°11'N, 128°50'E), investigated and samples submitted in 2000 by Daewoo Engineering, is located in Sinmun-ri, Januyu-myun, Gimhae-si, Gyungnam-do.

SNU01-167	5800 ± 60
SNU01-168	6460 ± 50
SNU01-169	3670 ± 30
SNU01-170	4680 ± 40
SNU01-171	7660 ± 40
Samples are mud in a clay sedimentary layer about 0.6 to .0.4 m height	

Samples are mud in a clay sedimentary layer, about 0.6 to ~9.4 m height.

Yengsan River Series A

Yengsan River site A (34°46′47″N, 126°29′27″E), investigated and samples submitted in 2001 by the Korean Institute of Geoscience & Mineral Resources (KIGAM), is a sedimentary layer in a Yengsan River drift in Mangwon-ri, Muan-gun, Jeonnam-do (about 1.8–19.7 m height). Samples were collected about 2–20 m below the surface.

SNU01-307	560 ± 50
Sample is shell.	
SNU01-308	Modern
SNU01-309	6610 ± 80
SNU01-312	6860 ± 60
SNU01-313	6650 ± 40
SNU01-314	6950 ± 40
Samples are plant fragments.	

Yengsan River Series B

Yengsan River site B (34°46′36″N, 126°29′14″E; about 0.1–8.6 m height), investigated and samples submitted in 2001 by KIGAM, is a sedimentary layer in a Yengsan River drift in Mangwon-ri, Muan-gun, Jeonnam-do. Samples were collected about 2–20 m below the surface.

SNU01-325	1150 ± 40
SNU01-326	2740 ± 40
SNU01-328	4760 ± 60
SNU01-330	7700 ± 60
SNU01-332	5690 ± 80
SNU01-334	3670 ± 60
SNU01-335	5820 ± 70
Samples are shells.	
SNU01-329	5400 ± 30
SNU01 231	36 800 + 1500

SNU01-331	$36,800 \pm 1500$
SNU01-336	7270 ± 150
SNU01-337	7860 ± 60
SNU01-338	7770 ± 40
SNU01-339	8010 ± 80
Samples are plant fragments.	

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