



Tension gradient self-assembly to facilely fabricate polytetrafluoroethylene coatings for oil-water separation

Dong Feng, Ding Weng, Chaolang Chen, Jiadao Wang

The surface-wetting properties of surfaces are dynamic in nature and, in particular, they can lead to self-cleaning properties. In this case, oil-water separation devices can take advantage of gradient properties in enabling higher efficiencies in separation processes.

<https://doi.org/10.1557/mrc.2019.65>

Renewable supercapacitor based on cellulose/carbon nanotubes/[Bmim][NTf₂] ionic liquid

Bruno S. NoreMBERG, Ricardo M. Silva, Oscar G. Paniz, José H. Alano, Jairton Dupont, Neftali L.V. Carreño

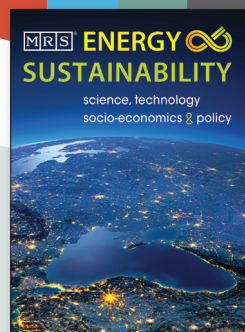
Carbon-based materials and cellulose enable the preparation of high-performance supercapacitors. In particular, nanocomposites generated with the incorporation of ionic liquids yield high charge/discharge cycles out of these renewable materials.

<https://doi.org/10.1557/mrc.2019.34>

Optical microcrack sensor paints inspired by luminescent oxygen quenching phenomenon

Tsuyoshi Hyakutake, Hiroyuki Nitta, Itaru Nishizaki

Visualization of failure is often an after-the-fact phenomenon in materials. By using optical microcrack-sensing mechanisms, it is possible to employ smart paints for advanced detection of failure mechanisms. <https://doi.org/10.1557/mrc.2019.38>



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Ellen Anderson

<https://doi.org/10.1557/mre.2019.6>

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Rao Konidena

<https://doi.org/10.1557/mre.2019.5>



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