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## **CORRIGENDUM**

## Tracking of fruit and vegetable consumption from adolescence into adulthood and its longitudinal association with overweight

By Saskia J. te Velde, Jos W. R. Twisk, and Johannes Brug

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In error, an incorrect version of Table 2 was used, The correct version can be found below.

Table 2. Tracking and predictability of meeting recommendations for fruit and vegetable intake\* (Tracking coefficients or odds ratios and 95% confidence intervals)

	Tracking				Predictability			
	Fruit intake		Vegetable intake		Fruit		Vegetables	
	Tracking coefficient	95 % CI	Tracking coefficient	95 % CI	OR	95 % CI	OR	95 % CI
Tracking								
All subjects	0.33	0.25, 0.41	0.27	0.19, 0.36				
Longitudinal pred	diction of recommended in	ntake levels†						
Men‡		•			6.02	3.29, 11.0		
Women‡					2.33	1.40, 3.86		
All subjects							4.08	2.31, 7.19
•	diction of being in the high	est quartile of in	take					- ,
Men±	3				5.30	2.95: 9.53		
Women‡					2.07	1.21; 3.56		
All subjects						, 0 00	2.38	1.58, 3.56

<sup>\*</sup> Models are adjusted for sex, bone age at 13 years, and total energy intake.

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  Recommended intake levels: vegetables during adolescence:  $\geq 150 \, \text{g/d}$ , during adulthood  $\geq 200 \, \text{g/d}$ , for fruit: two or more pieces per d.

 $<sup>\</sup>ddagger$  Results are presented separately due to significant interaction (P<0.1).