CORRESPONDENCE

GOVERNMENT ACTUARY'S DEPT., LONDON, S.W. 1. 9th November 1944.

The Editor,

Transactions of the Faculty of Actuaries. Sir,

Mortality of European Members of the Services in India.

In the discussion at Staple Inn Hall following the reading of Prof. Vaidyanathan's paper on "Mortality of Indian Assured Lives" (J.I.A., vol. 70, p. 15), Mr. D. C. Fraser remarked that it would be of interest and value if the results of the successive investigations which had been made into the mortality of the members of the Indian Civil Service could be recorded.

The investigations referred to by Mr. Fraser were made in connection with the periodical valuations of the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund, which was established in 1881 for the benefit of the widows and orphans of members of the Indian Civil Service. A similar scheme, the Indian Military Service Family Pension Fund, was started in 1873 for the provision of pensions for the widows and orphans of military, medical, naval and ecclesiastical officers in the service of the Government of India. This scheme was closed at the end of 1914 to new entrants, for whom the Indian Military Widows' and Orphans' Fund was then established. All new entrants into the respective services are required to contribute under the appropriate scheme, membership of which is compulsory.

In the Indian Civil Service scheme, certain of the pensions are supplemented by payments from the Government, but apart from these additions, the Fund is self-supporting, and is maintained by contributions paid by the members.

The military schemes are entirely self-supporting and normally involve no charge on Government funds. The benefits, which are smaller than those of the civil scheme, are additional to those granted by Royal Warrant from Indian revenues to the widows and families of military officers in the service of the Government of India.

In 1928 a fourth Fund, the Superior Services (India) Family Pension Fund, was instituted to secure suitable provision for the widows and orphans of European and Anglo-Indian members of certain Civil Services other than the Indian Civil Service.

This Fund, entry into which is now confined to officers appointed to the Indian Police, is also self-supporting. Its provisions are on

much simpler lines than those of the older schemes which are of great complexity, involving many interesting actuarial problems. In view of its recent establishment, the experience so far available of the Superior Services scheme is limited, and the Fund is mentioned only to avoid any misconception regarding the constitution of the membership of the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund.

Following the discussion referred to above, enquiries have been received from various quarters regarding the mortality experience of the members of the Indian Services. Through the courtesy, which actuaries will desire to acknowledge, of the Secretary of State for India it is possible for details to be made available to the actuarial profession of the mortality experience of the members of the schemes.

Tables are accordingly enclosed showing the experience in the three quinquennial periods of the members of

- A. the Indian Civil Service scheme between 1st April 1918 and 31st March 1933;
- and B. the combined military schemes between 1st April 1919 and 31st March 1934.

Valuations of all the Funds were required for a special purpose as at 31st March 1937, and the tables also include the results of the respective experiences during the four years and three years since the preceding quinquennial valuations.

The tables show the exposed to risk and the deaths in five-yearly age groups, and also the expected deaths which have been calculated throughout on the basis of the Government Annuitants (1900-1920) table, as a convenient standard for comparative purposes. The ratios have been inserted in all cases although for some groups their significance is limited by the smallness of the numbers involved.

The figures relate to the members of the family pension schemes, and include both serving and retired officers. Subsidiary totals are given for three broad age groups:—

- (1) Under age 45, consisting in the main of serving members;
- (2) Age 45 and under age 60, the range within which retirement ordinarily takes place on completion of the normal full period of service; and
- (3) Age 60 and over, consisting almost entirely of retired members, since very few officers, civil or military, remain in service beyond age 60.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

D. A. Porteous.

TABLE A. Indian Civil Service Family Pension Fund.

Mortality experience of European officers between 1st April 1918 and 31st March 1937.

Expected deaths on basis of Government Annuitants (1900-1920) Males ultimate table.

1933-1937	Ratio	Actual Expected	1.25 1.25 1.05 1.05	88	7. 66 7.9	.73	1.12 .93 1.25 1.11	1.08	96.
	Ex- pected Deaths		24.1.1.0 0.1.0 0.0	10.5	7.0 9.1 12.6	28-7	25.0 21.6 13.6 .9	61.1	100-0
	Actual Deaths		1 22 461 20	6	5 10	21	28 20 17	99	96
1928-1933	Expos- ures to Risk		548 324 320 549	1815	784 794 755	2333	974 539 223 10	1746	5894
	Ratio	Actual Expected	1.43 1.50 .00 .98 .98	-88	.76 .76 1.67	1.23	.63 .97 .95	.78	00-1
	Ex- pected Deaths		200 1:9 1:7	15.8	9-2 11-8 22-1	43.1	20.7 15.5 2.1	38.3	97.2
	Actual Deaths		-m 40	41	7 9 37	53	25.52	8	26
	Expos-	Risk	181 495 374 672 1002	2724	1050 1013 1328	3391	836 394 38	1268	7383
1923-1928	Ratio	Actual Expected	3.33 1.25 1.43 4.43 4.43	26.	.54 .48 1·13	.73	·82 1·11	98:	.82
	Ex-	Deaths	1.6 6.4 7.8 8.7	19.6	9.2 16.7 15.0	40.9	11.0	12.8	73.3
	Actual Deaths		H01000	19	5 8 17	e	00	111	. 8
	Expos-	Risk	882 700 1056 1101	3300	1058 1439 924	3416	450 50	200	7216
1918-1923	Ratio	Actual	1:20 1:32 1:32 1:32 1:27	1.15	.92 1.08 .38	.85	1.43	1.43	86.
	Ex- pected Deaths		7.68 7.9 7.9	22.6	13·0 11·1 7·8	81.9	1.4	1.4	55.9
	Actual Deaths		3 7 10	26*	21 21 33	22	61	27	55*
	Expos- ures to Risk		30 571 1083 1155 1098	3937	1491 984 485	2960	61	19	8969
Age Group			Under 25 25 and under 30 30 "35 35 ", 40 40 ", 45	Under 45	45 and under 50 50 " 55 55 " 60	45 ,, 60	60 " 65 65 " 70 70 " 75 75 and over .	60 and over .	Total .

· Excluding 4 deaths due to the 1914-18 War.

TABLE B. Indian Military Service Family Pension Fund and Indian Military Widows' and Orphans' Fund.

Combined mortality experience of European officers between 1st April 1919 and 31st March 1937. Expected deaths on basis of Government Annuitants (1900-1920) Males ultimate table.

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		Expected	2.65 1.70 1.41	1.01 66	1.13	<u>r</u> r;	.71	.81 .89 1.01 1.14	1.00	.95
1934-1937	Ex- pected Deaths		3.4 5.3 7.1	18.8	51.3	18:3 28:0 28:5	74.8	33.5 40.3 52.6 76.0	211.4	337.5
	Actual Deaths		9	11	28	113 20 20	53	27 44 53 87	211	\$22
1929-1934	Expos- ures to Risk		884 1244 1416	3177 2341	9062	2086 2430 1750	6266	1307 1213 824 596	3940	19268
		Expected	1.59 .75 .97	5. 46.	·91	86 86 87 87	·84	88. 106. 106.	86.	16.
	Ex- pected Deaths		8.0 8.0 7.7.2	22.5 25.6 25.6	87.9	37·1 39·6 39·8	116.5	62.3 76.5 74.8 104.6	318-2	522.6
	Actual Deaths		r 9 42	52	8	2888 2088	86	25 20 24 94	296	474
	Expos- ures to Risk		1188 1834 4918	4286 3594	15820	4235 3454 2405	10094	2440 1885 1172 825	6322	82236
		Expected	1089	65	-74	1.02 .78 1.02	96.	1.01 1.08 1.08 1.03	66.	86.
1924-1929	Ex- pected Deaths		20.2 20.2 4.3	21.0 31.5	97.4	32.4 30.2 45.3	107-9	57.6 60.8 53.6 74.0	246.0	451-3
	Actual Deaths		480 10	1 8	72	888 46	102	58 52 76	244	418
	Expos- ures to Risk		1164 4707 4102	3533 4404	17910	3726 2623 2744	8083	2276 1510 840 614	5240	32243
	Ratio Actual	Expected	3·20 1·83 1·08	1.34	1.79	.85 1.27 .86	1.00	.95 .92 .82 1.35	1.01	1.26
1919-1924	Ex- pected Deaths		29.4 28.4 21.3	28.38 8.38	135.2	24·8 35·3 42·9	103.0	45.3 45.6 45.2 45.9	182.0	420.2
	Actus! Deaths		94 23 23	88 88 88	242	21 45 37	103	43 42 37 62	184	529
	Expos- ures to Risk		8085 6722 4275	4682 3991	27755	2845 3046 2609	8500	1798 1130 706 421	4055	40810
The state of the	Age Group			35 40 40 45	Under 45	45 and under 50 50 ,, 55 55 ,, 60	45 ,, 60	60 " 65 65 " 70 70 " 75 75 and over .	60 and over .	Total .

N.B.—The experience is subsequent to the 1914-18 War but in the period covered includes deaths from all causes.