Monday, April 4, 2005

W-08. Workshop: Semiotic between neuro-myths and social romanticism - part I Semiotics and neuro-sciences

Chairperson(s): Hans Pfefferer-Wolf (Hannover, Germany) 08.30 - 10.00, Holiday Inn - Room 5

Semiotic is the science of sign processes which means processes like communication, discussion, measurement, research and construction of theories in which signs are involved. According to its own understanding semiotic as an object- and meta-science tries to establish links between different scientific disciplines. It is obvious to illustrate these links on "creating of myths" in scientific statements not having an empirical base. The workshop "Neuro-Myths and Social Romanticism" continues a complex tradition of critical distance towards neuro-sciences and social psychiatry. A brief survey about some controverse discussed claims will be given (S. Debus): first towards the neuro-sciences, which do not realize the "identity of the ego", as long as they refer to inadequate mechanical models, second towards social psychiatry which degrades the body to an epi-phenomenon and compensates the nonsuitability of its social-psycho-models by pure social actionism. The following critical and self-critical contributions give a comment on the process of scientific creating of myth from different points of view: from a semiotic view (R. Posner), from a clinical-psychiatric view (A. Heinz), from a social-psychiatric view (H. Pfefferer-Wolf) and from a philosophical view (G. Schulte). The workshop will be held in 2 following parts, 90 minutes each: Workshop I: Semiotics and Neuro-Sciences Workshop II: Semiotics and Social Psychiatry

Monday, April 4, 2005

W-12. Workshop: Mental health in Eastern Europe and the Balkans

Chairperson(s): George Christodoulou (Athens, Greece), Valery Krasnov (Moscow, Russia) 16.15 - 17.45, Holiday Inn - Room 5

V. Krasnov, V. Kontaxakis, V. Alevizos, D. Anagnostopoulos, N. Christodoulou. *Moscow Research Institute of Psychiatry, Moscow, Russia*

G. Christodoulou. Hellenic Psychiatric Associa., Athens, Greece

The rationale for the establishment of a special World Psychiatric Association Institutional Program for Eastern Europe and the Balkans is outlined. The activities of the Program on the Scientific and Leadership level are discussed and the Consensus Statement prepared by the Program for adoption by the WPA General Assembly in Cairo is presented. Accounts on the provision of mental health services and the associated specific problems in three characteristic countries of the area (Russia, Serbia and Montenegro and Greece) are presented. Monday, April 4, 2005

W-11. Workshop: New forms of cooperation between mental health care professionals and users of services

Chairperson(s): Michaela Amering (Wien, Austria), Stefan Priebe (London, United Kingdom) 16.15 - 17.45, Holiday Inn - Room 4

Major changes in medical and health care culture shape the development of new roles of mental health professionals and their clients. The empowerment paradigm, policy initiatives towards partnership, expert patient-hood, and shared-decision making exert their influence in various ways and to varying degrees. Old and new media give free access to formerly privileged information. Multidisciplinary teams search and find new definitions of professional identity, skills and responsibilities. New forms of patient-professional communication and cooperation take place in different new contexts of mental health care delivery. This symposium will tackle conceptual issues as well as present examples of novel research and practice approaches. The stage will be set by Stefan Priebe/UK with a talk on "Understanding and investigating the therapeutic relationship in psychiatry" with theoretical considerations as well as research data on this issue. Manfred Zaumseil from the University of Berlin will concentrate on the construct of shared-decision making and research on "advanced" forms of patient-professional relationships. Research results and new developments concerning crisis plans in the UK will be presented by Claire Henderson from the Institute of Psychiatry in London. Finally, Michaela Amering from Vienna will inform on research and implementation initiatives of advance directives including her research on consumers deliberating decisions on whether and how to make use of this tool in New York, USA. Diana Rose, Senior Lecturer and Co-ordinator of the Service User Research Enterprise (SURE) at the Institute of Psychiatry in London, will enrich the workshop as an expert discussant.

Tuesday, April 5, 2005

W-13. Workshop: AEP Human Rights Workshop (Under the auspices of the Secretary general of the council of Europe, Mr. Terry Davis)

Chairperson(s): Paul Cosyns (Edegem, Belgium) 08.30 - 10.00, Holiday Inn - Room 4

Objective: In the context of its long-standing collaboration with the Council of Europe, the AEP periodically organises Workshops dealing with the human rights and dignity of psychiatric patients.

Methods: The next AEP Human Rights Workshop will deal with "The role of psychiatrists in ensuring the respect of the rights of persons deprived of their liberty".

Results: The Workshop will be chaired by Prof. Paul Cosyns (University of Antwerp). The speakers will specifically focus on the need for European psychiatrists to actively participate in the

supervision of the human rights of persons deprived of their liberty. Dr. Gérard Niveau (University Institute of Forensic Medicine, Geneva) will present the action of the European Court of Human Rights in promoting the respect of the rights of mentally disabled persons. He will also introduce the most important legal cases of the European Court in the domain of psychiatry. Dr. Cyrille Orizet (European Committee for the Prevention of Torture, Council of Europe) will present, in the name of the Council of Europe, the concrete role of the European Committee for the Prevention of Torture (CPT). He will explain which legal standards were introduced by the CPT in the domain of psychiatry and provide some concrete examples of the results which were obtained on the field, following the visits of the CPT. Dr. Marianne Kastrup (Centre of Transcultural Psychiatry of Copenhagen) will then share her concrete experience, as a former expert in the CPT, of psychiatric input and assistance in ensuring that the rights of persons deprived of their liberty are not violated.

Conclusion: A discussion with the participants will close the Symposium.

Wednesday, April 6, 2005

W-20. Workshop: Future directions of soteria-concepts in the treatment of acute psychosis

Chairperson(s): Wieland Machleidt (Hannover, Germany), John R. Bola (Los Angeles, USA) 08.30 - 10.00, Holiday Inn - Room 4

The results of the treatment of first psychotic episodes using the Soteria approach show the great therapeutic impact of the ward milieu and 'being-with' on the treatment's course. The European Soteria-types (e.g. Bern and Munich) indeed can be run economically having the advantage of an disorder specific and effective early treatment. The implementation of Soteriaelements on acute wards modifies the treatment milieu in a positive way and besides of this offers the possibility of an early treatment of acute psychosis in general psychiatry. Topics: Acute Psychosis Treated in Soteria: Results and Future Perspectives Acute Treatment of Pschosis in the Soteria-Setting: Indications, Contraindications, Some Answers and Many Questions... Soteria and Cost Effectiveness - No Contradiction! Elements of Soteria in Acute Psychiatry - Impact on Ward Management and Structure in Early Treatment of Psychosis

Wednesday, April 6, 2005

W-22. Workshop: Semiotic between neuro-myths and social romanticism part II Semiotics and social psychiatry

Chairperson(s): Hans Pfefferer-Wolf (Hannover, Germany) 08.30 - 10.00, Holiday Inn - Room 6

Semiotic is the science of sign processes which means processes like communication, discussion, measurement, research and construction of theories in which signs are involved. According to its own

understanding semiotic as an object- and meta-science tries to establish links between different scientific disciplines. It is obvious to illustrate these links on "creating of myths" in scientific statements not having an empirical base. The workshop "Neuro-Myths and Social Romanticism" continues a complex tradition of critical distance towards neuro-sciences and social psychiatry. A brief survey about some controverse discussed claims will be given (S. Debus): first towards the neuro-sciences, which do not realize the "identity of the ego", as long as they refer to inadequate mechanical models, second towards social psychiatry which degrades the body to an epiphenomenon and compensates the non-suitability of its social-psychomodels by pure social actionism. The following critical and selfcritical contributions give a comment on the process of scientific creating of myth from different points of view: from a semiotic view (R. Posner), from a clinical-psychiatric view (A. Heinz), from a socialpsychiatric view (H. Pfefferer-Wolf) and from a philosophical view (G. Schulte). The workshop will be held in 2 following parts, 90 minutes each: Workshop I: Semiotics and Neuro-Sciences Workshop II: Semiotics and Social Psychiatry

Sunday, April 3, 2005

C-05. Educational course: Liaison psychiatry: Identifying and treating psychiatric problems in a medical population

Course director(s): Francis Creed (Manchester, United Kingdom) 14.15 - 17.45, Hilton - Salon Orff

It is well recognised that up to a quarter of patients attending general medical facilities have anxiety or depressive disorders. These disorders lead to impaired outcome of the medical disorder. Inexperienced psychiatrists may invite an excessive number of referrals to the liaison psychiatry service unless a good "filter" is used. The participants will learn the strengths and weaknesses of using a screening instrument to detect psychiatric disorders in medical populations. The participants will be given the results of a two phase survey, which included 270 consecutive medical inpatients. They will work in small groups to decide how to implement a liaison psychiatry service that will answer the needs of the most severely depressed patients but without inviting an enormous number of referrals of patients who show mild distress only. Videotapes will be used to show clinical vignettes, which indicate the importance of depressive disorders in medical populations so that participants are aware of the advantages of detecting and treating depressive disorders in this population. A second round of small group discussions will be focussed on practical steps needed to establish a practical mode of referral to the liaison psychiatrist working in the general hospital or primary care. This will include a discussion of the different modes of referral and ways of enhancing physician's or GP's skills in treating depression.

Sunday, April 3, 2005

C-06. Educational course: Care and custody of children by mothers with psychiatric illness