Variable and Constant Features on Titan from HST

Ralph D. Lorenz, Mark T. Lemmon, Peter H. Smith

Lunar and Planetary Laboratory, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ 85721, USA

Abstract. Observations with HST WFPC-2 from 1994 to 1997 show a number of features which can be attributed to the surface (notably the large as-yet-unnamed bright region, several smaller bright areas and a number of dark regions). The delineation of these features in several datasets is presented. Other features are variable and are due to atmospheric phenomena: these include the total brightness of Titan (drop by 5% 1994-1997 at 350 nm; increase by 7% at 889 nm), the hemispheric north-south asymmetry, and the hint of a south polar hood.

Additionally, small variable features, apparently due to clouds, are documented. As well as variability from one year to the next, these show anomalous center-to-limb brightness behaviour, and a 673/940 nm color much bluer than the large surface feature, consistent with clouds in the troposphere.