Editors' Notes

The Editors thank the following individuals who were discussants at the 1987 Economic History Association meetings. Their comments helped the authors reformulate their final drafts, and they provided invaluable advice to the Editors.

George Akerlof, University of California, Berkeley Lee Alston, Williams College Morris Altman, University of Ottawa Louis Cain, Loyola University Fred Carstensen, University of Connecticut Lance Davis, California Institute of Technology Jan de Vries, University of California, Berkeley Barry Eichengreen, University of California, Berkeley Bernard Elbaum, University of California, Santa Cruz Alexander Field, University of Santa Clara Joan Underhill Hannon, St. Mary's College Peter Lindert, University of California, Davis David Meyer, Brown University Philip Mirowski, Tufts University Robert Moeller, University of California, Santa Cruz John Nye, Washington University, St. Louis Alan Pred, University of California, Berkeley Harry Scheiber, University of California, Berkeley Kenneth Sokoloff, University of California, Los Angeles David St. Clair, California State University, Hayward Richard Sutch, University of California, Berkeley Maris Vinovskis, University of Michigan Warren Whatley, University of Michigan

ECONOMIC HISTORY ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING

The forty-eighth annual meeting of the Economic History Association will be held in Detroit, Michigan, Friday-Sunday, September 23-25, 1988. The preliminary program follows:

Politics and Economics with Abundant Land and Sea

Cynthia Taft Morris, Smith College, "The Interdependence of Politics and Economic Development."

David Feeny, McMaster University, "The Decline of Property Rights in Man in Thailand, 1800-1913."

Harry N. Scheiber, University of California, Berkeley, "Common Ocean Resources and Interdependence."

Financial Networks in the Early Twentieth Century

Kerry Ann Odell, Scripps College, "Regional Financial Markets in the Pacific Coast States, 1860-1920."

Gordon Boyce, Acadia University, "Sixty-fourthers, Syndicates, and Stock Promotions."

Jerome K. Laurent, University of Wisconsin, Whitewater, "The Economics of Great Lakes Shipping, 1866-1910."

Financial Networks in the Eighteenth Century

Eugene N. White, Rutgers University, "Was There a Solution to the Ancien Regime's Financial Dilemma?"

Mary M. Schweitzer, Villanova University, "American Economic Policy and the Movement for a National Constitution."

Charles Calomiris, Northwestern University, "The Design of the Early Federal Debt."

The Evolution of Network Industries

David Gabel, Queens College, "Where was the White Knight When the Competition Needed One?"

Paul David, Stanford University, "Path Dependence, Gateway Technologies, and Network Interaction in the Early Electricity Industry."

Kenneth Lipartito, University of Houston, "System Building on the Margin: The Problem of Public Choice in Telecommunications."

The Neolithic Revolution

George Armelagos, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, "Nutrition in the Neolithic Revolution."

Intergenerational Networks: Skill and Capital Transmission

Liam Kennedy, The Queen's University of Belfast, "Inheritance and Life Decisions in Farming Communities: Rural Ireland in the Twentieth Century."

Bernard Elbaum, University of California, Santa Cruz, "Why Apprenticeship Persisted in Britain and Not America."

Daniel Jacoby, Wellesley College, "Legal Foundations of Human Capital Markets."

The Cotton Connection: Technical Change in Old Industries

Michael Huberman, Trent University, "Labor Productivity in Lancashire Cotton Spinning."

Nancy Kane, First Interstate Bancorp, "The Role of Technological Change in the Relocation of the American Textile Industry, 1880–1930."

Gregory Clark, Stanford University, "Productivity Growth in the Industrial Revolution."

Economic History of the Automobile Industry

Richard N. Langlois, University of Melbourne, "Innovation, Division of Labor and the Organization of the American Automobile Industry, 1900-1940."

Martha L. Olney, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, "Credit as a Production Smoothing Device: The Case of Automobiles, 1920–1940."

Peter Eckstein, Ann Arbor, Michigan, "Why the Automobile Came to Detroit."

Medieval English Peasants

James Masschaele, University of Toronto, "Markets and Marketing in Pre-Plague Huntingdonshire."

James A. Raftis, University of Toronto, "Time on the Cross: Medieval Style."

Colonial Chesapeake Agriculture

Lorena S. Walsh, The Colonial Williamsburg Foundation, "Plant Management in the Chesapeake, 1620–1820."

Lois Green Carr, Maryland State Archives, and Russell Menard, University of Minnesota, "Land and Labor Constraints in the Colonial Chesapeake Tobacco Economy."

South American Trade Policies

Mario H. Pastore, Ithaca College, "Factor Proportions, Property Rights, and Mercantilist Public Finances."

Ricardo D. Salvatore, Ciudad Universitaria, Argentina, "International Trade, Workers, and Class Relations: The Case of the Hide Trade Between Rio de La Plata and the United States During 1810–1860."

Richard K. Salvucci, University of Texas at Austin, "Protection and Free Trade in Mexico, 1780-1830."

Corporate Interaction and Market Structure

Christopher Grandy, Barnard College, "Turn of the Century Corporate Chartermongering: Evidence from New Jersey, Delaware, New York, and Rhode Island."

Lon L. Peters, "Managing Competition in German Coal, 1893-1913."

Dan Barbezat, Amherst College, "Coordination and Competition in the International Steel Cartel, 1926–1932."

ERRATA

There are two printer's errors in the article by Charles Calomiris, "Institutional Failure, Monetary Scarcity, and the Depreciation of the Continental," in the March 1988 issue of the JOURNAL. The first appears in Figure 1, where the line should be unbroken. The second is in Table 3 on page 62. The number for November 1789 should be 1.13 (not 1.). The Editors regret the errors.

RESEARCH CONFERENCE ON SLAVERY AND THE ATLANTIC SYSTEM

The W.E.B. DuBois Institute for Afro-American Research and the Charles Warren Center in American History at Harvard University are holding a research conference on "Slavery and the Rise of the Atlantic System," at Harvard University, 8–10 September 1988. For further information write: Randall K. Burkett, Associate Director, Du Bois Institute, Canaday Hall B, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138, telephone (617) 495-4192.

FELLOWSHIPS FOR RENAISSANCE STUDIES

The Harvard University Center for Italian Renaissance Studies will award ten or more stipendiary fellowships and a limited number of non-stipendiary fellowships for independent study at Villa I Tatti on any aspect of the Italian Renaissance for the academic year 1 July 1989 to 30 June 1990. The fellowships are for scholars of any nationality, normally postdoctoral, and in the earlier stages of their careers. The maximum grant will be \$27,500; most will be considerably less. Application forms may be obtained from: The Director, Villa I Tatti, Via di Vincigliata 26, 50135 Florence, Italy; or Professor Lewis Lockwood, Music Bldg., Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138. The application form and supporting material are due 1 November 1988.

WELCOME LOCUS

The Editors of the Journal welcome the publication of a new journal, Locus, a journal of regional perspectives on national topics. Locus will be published annually starting in the fall of 1988. Manuscripts, following the style of the American Historical Review, should be submitted to editors Robert S. LaForte and Donald E. Chipman, Department of History, North Texas State University, P.O. Box 13735, Denton, TX 76203-3735. Those willing to review books should submit their name, address, and field of history to the editors.

CALLS FOR PAPERS

Siena College is sponsoring its fourth annual multidisciplinary conference on the fiftieth anniversary of World War II. The focus for 1989 will be 1939—though papers dealing with broad issues of earlier years are welcome. Topics include, but are not limited to, Fascism and Naziism, the War in Asia, Spain, Literature, Art, Film, Diplomatic, Political and Military History, Popular Culture and Women's and Jewish Studies dealing with the era, and Post-Munich Europe, Danzig, the Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact. Send replies and inquiries to: Professor Thomas O. Kelly, II, Department of History, Siena College, Loudonville, NY 12211

The program committee for the Tenth Annual North American Labor History Conference envisions sessions reflective of the best of recent scholarship in diverse areas of labor history. It is hoped that the program will include sessions dealing with Canadian and European labor history, as well as American. Proposals relating to other geographical areas are also welcome. The program committee is now soliciting suggestions for papers, sessions, special events, and featured speakers. Please contact Christopher H. Johnson, Department of History, Wayne State University, Detroit, MI 48202, telephone (313) 577-2525.

IN MEMORIAM

Franklin Mendels, Professor of Economic History in the University of Geneva, died suddenly on April 10, 1988. Mendels was born in France, August 7, 1943, but received his higher education in the United States: B.S., 1964, University of California, Berkeley; M.A., 1965; Ph.D., University of Wisconsin Graduate Program in Economic History, 1970. He taught at the University of California in Los Angeles from 1969 to 1972, the Université du Quebec, Montreal from 1972 to 1974, and the University of Maryland, Baltimore County, from 1974 to 1986, when he assumed the second chair in economic history at the University of Geneva.

Mendels was best known for the concept of proto-industrialization, a term which he coined and popularized. It first appeared in his doctoral dissertation, "Industrialization and Population Pressure in Eighteenth-Century Flanders," completed in 1969 but not published until 1981. He gave the term its first full treatment in a paper prepared for the annual meeting of the Economic History Association in 1971, published as "Proto-Industrialization: The First Phase of the Process of Industrialization" in this JOURNAL in March 1972. The term quickly entered the vocabulary of economic historians and stimulated new research on the economic history of countries throughout the world. Mendels was invited to prepare the general report for a major session at the 8th International Congress of Economic History held in Budapest in 1982 on the subject, "Proto-Industrialization: Theory and Reality."

Mendels became an American citizen in 1969. He is survived by his wife and two daughters.