Article: EPA-0783

Topic: EPW33 - Addictive Behaviours 3

ESTABLISHING A SPECIFIC INPATIENT TREATMENT OFFER FOR ADULTS AT YOUNGER AGES WITH MENTAL DISORDERS DUE TO MULTIPLE DRUG USE: A RETROSPECTION OVER 4 YEARS

J. Schneider¹, B.S. Voigtlaender¹, H. Grop¹, T. Barth¹

¹Psychiatry Behavioural Medicine and Psychosomatics, Klinikum Chemnitz gGmbH, Chemnitz, Germany

Introduction: Regarding the patient clientele with main diagnosis (MD) F19.*[ICD 10] new needs have been seen to emerge. The increase in the number of consumers of *N*-methylamphetamine (by 29 % in 2011) in Saxony correlates with an impressive increase of the number of inpatients and emphasizes the need of adapted treatment offers.

Objectives: In this context, in 2009 an open-door ward (8 beds) for detoxification and motivation treatment for adults at age between 18-40 years with MD F19.* was opened which pursues an integrative therapeutic concept including both addiction-specific group- and talking therapy orientation and behavioral therapy approaches.

Methods: By using a pre-post study (pre: 2008, post I: 2010, post II: 2011, post III: 2012) selected key figures such as length of stay, readmission rate and kind of discharge, trends in individual substance-related detoxification motivation and associated mental disorders (F19.5) were monitored.

Results: A continuous growing number of patients with MD F19.* has been achieved, marked by an increase of treated cases (pre: 77, post III: 156) and planned admissions (pre: 58 %, post III: 72%). Other data (length of stay, readmissions, treatment discontinuations) showed no significant changes. Individual detoxification motivation data point to a trend in favour of *N*-methylamphetamine. The number of patients with MD F19.5 (psychotic disorder) increased by >100 %.

Summary: The results refer to the necessity of identifying and monitoring valid quality indicators regarding our treatment concept. Therefore, those as yet evaluated indicators may act as a preliminary basis. Further projects are planned.