PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE FROM THE SOCIETY FOR LIBYAN STUDIES

All the publications listed below are obtainable from the Secretary, The Society for Libyan Studies, 31-34 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PY.

1. Libyan Studies. The Journal and Annual Report of the Society for Libyan Studies. Volumes 1 to 15 are available. The Journal contains papers on all aspects of Libyan studies but principally archaeology, geography and history. Volume 15 (1984), contained 176 pages of articles and reviews, with numerous plates and line illustrations.

Prices:	Members	Non-members
Volumes 1-6	£3.60	£6.00
Volumes 7-11	£6.30	£10.50
Volumes 12-14	£7.80	£13.00
Volume 15	£9.00	£15.00
Postage free.		

2. Libyan Studies: Select Papers of the late R. G. Goodchild. Edited by Joyce Reynolds. The volume reprints 17 of Goodchild's most important articles on the archaeology and history of Tripolitania and Cyrenaica; three additional papers and the major part of a popular but scholarly history of the site of Cyrene are published for the first time. 345 pp., 75 figs., 96 photographs.

Price: £5.00 plus postage (members), £6.25 plus postage (non-members).

3. The Antiquities of Tripolitania by D. E. L. Haynes. The only general guide in English to the ancient sites of Tripolitania with major chapters on both Sabratha and Lepcis Magna as well as outlying sites and monuments. 178 pp., 32 plates, 26 figs., 3 fold-out plans.

Price: £1.50 plus postage (members), £2.00 plus postage (non-members).

4. Cyrene and Apollonia by R. G. Goodchild. The most recent general guide to the history and archaeology of these spectacular Cyrenaican sites. 120 pp., 5 figs., 8 plates.

Price: £1.00 plus postage (members); £1.25 plus postage (non-members).

5. UNESCO Libyan Valleys Survey 1979-1981 by G. W. W. Barker and G. D. B. Jones. A synthesis of the first three seasons' results of the major Anglo-Libyan UNESCO sponsored Archaeological Survey in the pre-desert zone of Tripolitania. 34 pp., 22 figs. Reprinted from Libyan Studies 13.

Price: £1.50 plus postage (members); £2.00 plus postage (non-members).

BERENICE I, II AND III. Excavations at Sidi Khrebish, Benghazi (Berenice), volumes I, II and III.
 Supplements to Libya Antiqua, no. V, for detailed description of the contents of these volumes, see overpage.

Prices:	Members	Non-members
Berenice I	£25	£31.25
Berenice II	£25	£31.25
Berenice III, Part 1	£30	£40.00
Berenice III, Part 2	£15	£20.00

These prices are exclusive of postage which will be charged at current rates.

BERENICE I, II AND III

Supplements to Libya Antiqua, no. V Excavations at Sidi Khrebish, Benghazi (Berenice)

Extensive rescue excavations were conducted by the Society for Libyan Studies, London, and the Libyan Department of Antiquities in Benghazi from 1971 to 1976. These excavations systematically uncovered a large quarter of the ancient city of Berenice and have shed important new light on its development from the third century BC through to the eleventh century AD. A series of final reports in four volumes is envisaged, of which the first three are now available.

Volume I (edited by J. A. Lloyd) comprises the main site report (by J. A. Lloyd), including the Ptolemaic and later Roman defences, numerous houses and public buildings of the Ptolemaic and Roman periods, a Byzantine church, the civic water supply systems and light industrial installations; full publication of the inscriptions from the site (by J. M. Reynolds) including revised readings of inscriptions found previously at Berenice; a catalogue of the coins from the excavations (by R. Reece) and a catalogue and discussion (by F. B. Sear) of the architectural elements found during the excavations. An analysis of 168 deposits (edited by P. M. Kenrick), including numerous well- and cistern-groups, forms the principal dating-evidence for the site and its structures.

311 pages of English text, 71 figures, 32 plates, Arabic summary

Volume II (edited by J. A. Lloyd) contains an important discussion of the economic life of Berenice (by G. W. W. Barker, with contributions by A. Wheeler and D. Webley) based on the first detailed study in Libya of stratified animal and fish bones, marine molluscs and plant remains. It also contains the full publication of the sculpture and terracottas from the excavations (by A. Bonanno), including the wide variety of locally crafted products. The bulk of the volume comprises the first dated type series of the Hellenistic and Roman amphoras and coarse pottery of this part of North Africa (by J. A. Riley), together with details of the relative proportions of each type in various periods distilled from a study of tens of thousands of stratified sherds. The work, which offers a full discussion with distribution maps of the abundant imported wares, is not only indispensable for excavators in Libya but also of considerable relevance for archaeologists and economic historians concerned with the whole Mediterranean region.

467 pages of English text, 153 figures, 43 plates, Arabic summary

Volume III is in two parts.

Part 1, The Fine Pottery (by P. M. Kenrick) includes a detailed type series of the forms recorded in some 38 major categories of fine ware, spanning a period from the third century BC until the seventh century AD. Black-glazed wares, terra sigillata and other categories are documented from sources as far afield as Syria, the Black Sea and Gaul, providing important new evidence for patterns of trade in the Mediterranean basin in Classical times. A revised version of the list of dated deposits which appears in Volume I is also included, in the form of an itemized list of the fine wares and lamps from the deposits together with a full discussion of the chronology upon which the interpretation of the site is based.

Part 2, The Lamps (by D. M. Bailey) consists of a catalogue of the many thousands of lamps and lamp-sherds recorded at Sidi Khrebish, in which over 1,200 examples are illustrated. This adds substantially to our knowledge of the incidence of Hellenistic and Roman lamps in North Africa and demonstrates how Berenice, centrally placed between Carthage and the Levant, was not only supplied by a substantial but derivative lamp-industry of its own, but also attracted a huge number of imports from Italy, Africa, Tripolitania, Greece, Crete and Asia Minor.

Part 1: 534 pages of English text, 78 figures, 24 plates, Arabic summary Part 2: 200 pages of English text, 19 figures, 39 plates, Arabic summary

Please see overleaf for prices of these volumes