

Editors' Notes

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ECONOMIC HISTORY ASSOCIATION MEETING

The fifty-sixth annual meeting of the Economic History Association will be held at the Claremont Resort and Spa, Berkeley, California, from 6 to 8 September 1996. The preliminary program follows:

Plenary Session: Comparative Studies of Economic Growth

Paul David, Stanford University, "Real Income and Economic Welfare Growth in the Early Republic or Another Try at Getting the American Story Straight."

Barry Eichengreen, University of California, Berkeley, "Postwar Europe's Growth: A Comparative Institutional Analysis."

Stanley L. Engerman, University of Rochester, and Kenneth Sokoloff, University of California, Los Angeles, "Factor Endowments, Institutions, and Differential Paths of Growth Among New World Economies: A View from Economic Historians of the United States."

A Precocious Infant: The Market in Medieval England

Gregory Clark, University of California, Davis, "The Surprisingly Complete Grain Markets of Medieval England."

Bruce Campbell, Queen's University of Belfast, "The Changing Composition of English Agricultural Production in the Century of the Black Death."

Jim Galloway (joint with Margaret Murphy and Derek Keene), Center for Metropolitan History, University of London, "Market Networks in the London Region Circa 1400."

The Politics and Economics of Competition: Some Historical and International Comparisons

Lance Davis, California Institute of Technology, and Bob Gallman, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, "The Politics of International Capital Flows: Canada, Argentina, and the United States."

Kenneth Lipartito, University of Houston, "Regulating Competition in the Telecommunications Industry: the United States and Great Britain, 1890–1920."

Mary Yeager, University of California, Los Angeles, "The Protection-Makers: Steel Making and State Building in the United States and Latin America, 1900–1980."

Pushing and Pulling: the Process of Migration

Zadia M. Feliciano, Queens College, CUNY, "Mexican Immigrants to the United States: Evidence on Selection and Economic Performance from 1910–1990."

William K. Hutchinson and Jim Dunlevy, Miami University of Ohio, "Patterns of Trade and Immigration in the Nineteenth-Century United States: Comparisons with Recent Experience."

Simone Wegge, College of William and Mary, "To Part or not to Part: Emigration and Inheritance Institutions in 19th-Century Hesse-Cassel."

Nurturing Business: Financial Systems and Economic Performance

Gerald Feldman, University of California, Berkeley, "Hugo Stinnes and His Bankers, 1895–1914."

Stephen Haber, Stanford University, "The Efficiency Consequences of Institutional Change: Capital Market Regulation and Industrial Productivity Growth in Brazil, 1866–1934."

Anne Hanley, "Financial Institutions and Economic Change: The São Paulo Bolsa, 1886–1914."

Organization, Technology, and Production

Randall Krozner, University of Chicago, "Were the Good Old Days that Good? Evolution of Corporate Ownership and Governance Since the Great Depression."

Daniel Raff, Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania, "What Actually Happened at Highland Park? Micro-Economic History and the Coming of Mass Production."

Ross Thomson, University of Vermont, "The Internationalization of Technology, 1874–1929: Evidence from U.S., British, and German Patent Experience."

Violence and the Fruits of the Land

Lee Alston, University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, and Gary Liebcap, University of Arizona, "Violence Over Claims to Land: Analysis and Comparisons Between the 20th-Century Brazilian Amazon and the 19th-Century American West."

Karen Clay, University of Toronto, "Land Tenure Arrangements in Post-Gold Rush California: Patterns of Conflict and Cooperation."

David Wishart, Wittenberg University, "Comparing Cherokee and White Agriculture in the Southeastern Upcountry Circa 1840: Are There Lessons for Today's Developing Indigenous Communities?"

Financing and Distributing

Alexander Field, Santa Clara University, "The Relative Productivity of American Distribution, 1869–1992."

Margot C. Finn, Emory University, "The Cultural Construction of Cash: Credit and Ready Money in English Consumer Relations Circa 1770–1900."

Mark Potter, University of California, Los Angeles, "Lending Clienteles and the Institutions of Public Finance in Early Modern France."

Labor Markets During the Industrialization Process

George R. Boyer, Cornell University, "The Influence of London on Labor Markets in Southern England, 1830–1914."

John Brown, Clark University, "Job Tenure and Employment Structure During High Industrialization: The Case of Germany Before World War I."

Joyce Burnette, Valparaiso University, "Employment Patterns of Agricultural Day-Laborers near Sheffield: Gender Differences and Changes Over Time, 1772–1775 and 1831–1845."

Growth and Well-Being in North America

Michael Bernstein, University of California, San Diego, "Economic Instability in the United States: A Comparison of the 1930s and the 1970s."

Dora Costa, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, "Rising Equality: The Health of the American Population, 1910–1992."

Marc Egnal, York University, "Long Swings in Growth in Colonial North America: A Comparison of Development in the Thirteen Colonies and Canada."

The Government's Policy, Adjustment, and Growth

Price Fishback and Shawn Kantor, University of Arizona, "The Effects of New Deal Expenditures on Local Economic Development."

Jonathan Grant, Florida State University, "Private Enterprise and the State in Russia: A Comparative Study of the Putilov Company (1868–1917) and the Kirov Works Today."

Sumner LaCroix, University of Hawaii, Manoa, and Richard Garbaccio, Harvard University, "Convergence in China During the Maoist and Reform Regimes."

CALL FOR PAPERS: CLIOMETRICS CONGRESS

The Third World Congress of Cliometrics will be held 10–13 July 1997 in Munich, Germany. All members of sponsoring organizations are invited to attend. Registration will be open, but will be conducted in advance so participants can receive the papers prior to the Congress. The sessions will be conducted in traditional Cliometrics Conference format: authors will provide a five-minute introduction to their work, which will be followed by an extended period of discussion involving session participants. Steering Committee Representatives and sponsoring organizations are

Leonid Borodkin, *Center for Economic History and Theory at Moscow State University*

Knick Harley, *Canadian Conference in Economic History*

Timothy Hatton, *The Cliometric Society*

John Komlos, *Host and Local Arrangements*

Graeme Snooks, *Economic History Society of Australia and New Zealand*

Gianni Toniolo, *European Historical Economics Society*

Samuel H. Williamson, *Chair*

Yasukichi Yasuba, *Japanese Quantitative Economic History Group*

Authors interested in presenting papers should send three copies of a two to five page proposal to: The Cliometric Society, Miami University, 500 East High Street, Oxford, OH 45056 USA. Fax: (513) 529-6992. E-mail: csociety@cs.muohio.edu. At least one author must be a member of one of the sponsoring organizations. The relevant dates are

Deadline for proposals: 1 October 1996

Authors notified of acceptance: 1 December 1996

Requests for invitations due: 1 March 1997

Papers due: 1 April 1997

Conference books mailed: 15 May 1997

CALL FOR PAPERS: SIENA CONFERENCE ON WORLD WAR II

Siena College is continuing its sponsorship of an annual, international, multidisciplinary conference on the Anniversary of World War II, but now on two levels. The conference will be held 20–29 May 1997, and the foci will be “1947, World War II—The Aftermath” and “1937, World War II—Beginnings.” In the first focus, papers dealing with the Holocaust, displaced persons, war crimes trials, literary and cinematic studies of the war, veterans affairs, the G. I. Bill, and economic reconversion, as well as papers dealing with broad issues of earlier years will be welcome. In the second focus, we invite papers on Fascism and Nazism, Ethiopia, Spain, literature, art, film, women’s studies, and Jewish studies dealing with the era. Obviously, the Sino-Japanese War will be particularly appropriate. In either focus, art, music, and women’s and minorities studies will be of interest. Other topics of relevance are also welcome. Inquiries from those wishing to chair or comment are also invited. Send replies and inquiries to Professor Thomas O. Kelley II, Department of History, Siena College, 515 Loudon Road, Loudonville, NY 12211-1462. Telephone (518) 783-2595. Fax (518) 783-4293. The deadline for proposal submissions is 1 December 1996. Send a brief (one to three pages) outline or abstract of the proposal, including some sense of the sources, archive materials, and related materials consulted, and a recent *c. v.* or brief, current biographical sketch. Final papers are due 15 March 1997.

EUROPEAN BANKING HISTORY YOUNG SCHOLARS PRIZE

The European Association for Banking History will award a prize to an individual scholar or team (maximum of three scholars) working on an institutional, economic, or social aspect of the history of European banking or on a biography of a European banker or banker’s dynasty. Submitted manuscripts should meet standard academic requirements, be unpublished, and consist of 80,000 to 120,000 words. Applicants should not be over 35 years of age at the time they submit their manuscripts. Manuscripts will be accepted in any European language but will have to be accompanied by an abstract of 3,000 words (ten pages) in English. The prize of 2,500 Ecus will be awarded, for the second time, in 1997. In addition, the EABH will endeavor to publish the award-winning manuscript. Final submission date for the 1997 prize is 31 November 1996. For further details, please contact Prof. Manfred Pohl, European Association for Banking History e. V., Alte Rothofstr. 2-4, 60313 Frankfurt, Germany. Tel. (69) 131 0231. Fax (69) 295074.

ERRATUM

Janice Rye Kinghorn and John Vincent Nye have provided the following correction to their article "The Scale of Production in Western Economic Development: A Comparison of Official Industry Statistics in the United States, Britain, France, and Germany," which appeared in the March 1996 issue of the JOURNAL.

An incorrect version of Figure 1 was accidentally submitted, and reproduced on page 102 of our article. The accompanying text from page 101 is accurate and reads: "However, French firm size seems to be smaller than American and in line with German firm size. Figure 1 shows that based on value of assets, German and French firms were smallest on average and US firms were the largest." The new Figure 1, reproduced below, now correctly corresponds to the text.

We are sorry for the error and hope that it did not cause undue difficulty in reading the article.

JANICE RYE KINGHORN AND JOHN VINCENT NYE, *Washington University*

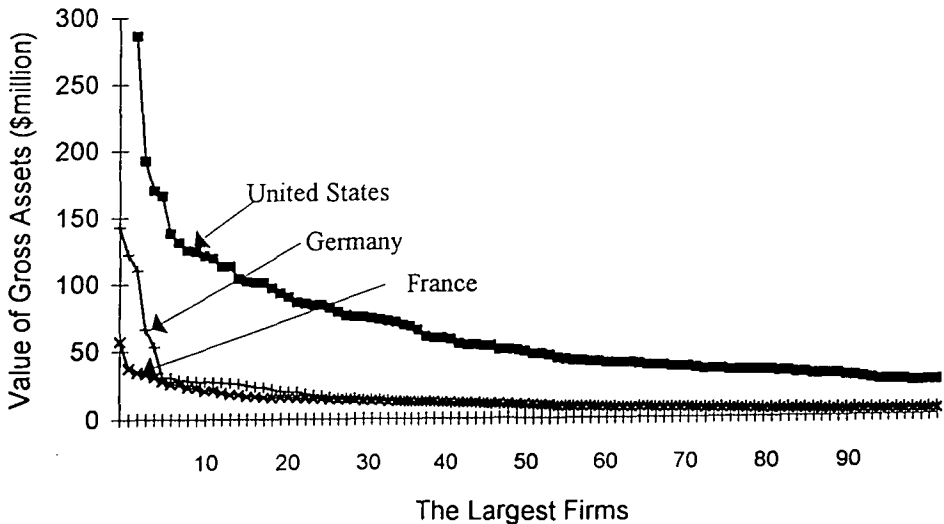


FIGURE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF THE LARGEST 100 FIRMS AS MEASURED BY GROSS ASSET VALUE

Note: The two largest U.S. firms are left out of the graph. U.S. Steel had \$1,804 million in assets, and Standard Oil had \$800 million. (American Tobacco was ranked third).

Sources: Houssiaux, *Le pouvoir*; Kaplan, *Big Enterprise*; and Chandler, *Scale*.