## Language Variation and Change

#### NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS

Language Variation and Change publishes original research reports that are based on data of language production, either oral or written, from contemporary or historical sources. Articles that synthesize or reanalyze a number of research findings on substantive issues will also be considered. Conforming to scientific methodology, the reported findings should be fully replicable from the information provided.

Quantitative analysis of language as spoken in speech communities involves uneven distribution of data across factors (categories). Sufficient information should be provided for readers to evaluate the quantitative analysis, including basic descriptive and summary statistics. Quantitative data should be easily interpretable and fully explained, including the data source, criteria for including or excluding data, and linguistic motivation for predictors. For regression analysis, authors must provide dependent variable percentages or mean values and the number of tokens for each factor (category). For any statistical analysis uncommon in the study of linguistic variation, the burden falls on the author to justify the choice of procedure in relationship to the linguistic question and to explain different model assumptions.

**Contributions** should be submitted electronically to Rena Torres Cacoullos at: lvcjournal@psu.edu. Please include both a Word and PDF version.

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Acknowledgments (page 2). Place below the abstract. Use this section to indicate any grant support, substantial assistance in the preparation of the article, or any other author notes. Acknowledgements should not exceed 150 words. *Text* (page 3). Use a 5-character paragraph indent. Do not hyphenate words or justify the right margin. Glosses should be placed within single quotation marks.

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Examples of references (note the use of punctuation marks within references):

- Cedergren, Henrietta J. (1973). Interplay of social and linguistic factors in Panama. Doctoral dissertation, Cornell University.
- López Morales, Humberto. (1981). Velarization of /n/ in Puerto Rican Spanish. In D. Sankoff & H. J. Cedergren (eds.), *Variation omnibus*. Edmonton: Linguistic Research. 105–113.
- Tagliamonte, Sali, & Poplack, Shana. (1980). How Black English *Past* got to the present: Evidence from Samaná. *Language in Society* 17:513–533.
- Vincent, Diane. (1982). *Pressions et impressions sur les sacres au Québec*. Montréal: Office de la langue française.

*Endnotes* may be used when more than a simple citation is required. Notes should be numbered consecutively throughout the text and typed together on a separate page preceding the reference section.

*Reporting Results.* For regression analysis, provide the rate or mean value for the dependent variable and the number of observations (n = XXX) for each level of a categorical independent variable.

*Tables and Figures.* All tables and figures should be identified by a sufficiently self-explanatory title. Include total number of observations when applicable (n = XXX). All tables and figures must be cited in the text.

Figures should be supplied as electronic files: Please supply diagrams and other line drawings as 1200 dpi TIFF or EPS files. Please supply photographs as 300 dpi (or higher) TIFF files. All figures must be legible in greyscale for the print version.

*Note.* In-text references to Tables, Figures, Endnotes, and Appendices within the text should not be linked within the Word Document.

# LANGUAGE VARIATION AND CHANGE

VOLUME 33, NUMBER 2 2021

### CONTENTS

BILL HADDICAN, MICHAEL NEWMAN, CECELIA CUTLER And Christina Tortora	
Aspects of change in New York City English short-a	135
ZAC BOYD, JOSEF FRUEHWALD AND LAUREN HALL-LEW	
Crosslinguistic perceptions of /s/ among English, French, and German listeners	165
HIRAM L. SMITH	
Do Creoles conform to typological patterns? Habitual marking in Palenquero	193
LAUREL MACKENZIE AND MEREDITH TAMMINGA	
New and old puzzles in the morphological conditioning of coronal stop deletion	217
DAN VILLARREAL, LYNN CLARK, JENNIFER HAY And Kevin Watson	
Gender separation and the speech community: Rhoticity in early 20th century Southland New Zealand English	245
HIRAM L. SMITH	
Do Creoles conform to typological patterns? Habitual marking in Palenquero—Erratum	267

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