Articles by Edward N. Muller, Andre Modigliani, Benjamin I. Page and Richard A. Brody, Charles S. Bullock, III, Robert L. Heilbroner

Alexander L. George, I. M. Destler Making Foreign Policy

**Eugene F. Miller, David Braybrooke and Alexander Rosenberg, Richard S. Rudner, Martin Landau** Positivism, Historicism, and Political Inquiry

John Gerard Ruggie Collective Goods and Future International Collaboration

Charles E. Butterworth Averroës: Politics and Opinion

**Donald G. Morrison and Hugh Michael Stevenson** Integration and Instability: Patterns of African Political Development

Published Quarterly by

The American Political Science Association

Vol. LXVI September 1972 No. 3

# NEW perspectives on political science...

## PARTICIPATION IN AMERICA Political Democracy and Social Equality SIDNEY VERBA and NORMAN H. NIE

The most extensive study available of citizen participation in American politics, this book is based on a large-scale empirical study. It provides not only new information and a new perspective on the ways in which citizens take part in political life, but also a new theoretical understanding of the role of participation in a democracy. Topics of particular interest include an analysis of the relationship of social class and political activity; a detailed comparison of the different ways in which blacks and whites take part in American political life; the impact of urbanization and the decline of the small community on participation in American political life; and the extent to which participation furthers and hinders democracy. Although advanced and innovative techniques are utilized, no particular statistical or methodological prerequisites are required. 428 pp.; \$10.00. September, 1972.

## OUTSIDE, LOOKING IN

Critiques of American Policies and Institutions, Left and Right

**DOROTHY BUCKTON JAMES, Editor** / Twentythree critiques of American policies and institutions from the ideological left and right present the basic controversies

## ACTION AND ORGANIZATION

An Introduction to Contemporary Political Science

**ROBERT C. BONE** / Balanced between traditional and behavioral approaches, this book introduces political science in terms of its contemporary vocabulary and analytical concepts. It system-

## POLITICAL CONTINUITY AND CHANGE

**Revised Edition** 

**PETER H. MERKL** / Geared to the changing political concerns of students, this new edition reflects the major upheavals in politics which have occurred since the earlier edition first appeared. It remains a comprehensive,

## The American Political Science Review

Vol. LXVI

## September 1972

### **CONTENTS**

The Case for Multiple Advocacy in N	Iaking Foreign Policy	Alexander L. George
Comment		I. M. Destler
Rejoinder		Alexander L. George
Positivism, Historicism, and Political	Inquiry	Eugene F. Miller
Comment	David Braybrooke and	Alexander Rosenberg
Comment		Richard S. Rudner
Comment		Martin Landau
Rejoinder		Eugene F. Miller
Collective Goods and Future Internat	ional Collaboration	John Gerard Ruggie
Averroës: Politics and Opinion	C	harles E. Butterworth
Integration and Instability: Patterns of African Political Development Donald G. Morrison and Hugh Michael Stevenson		
A Test of a Partial Theory of Potentia	al for Political Violence	Edward N. Muller
Hawks and Doves, Isolationism and Pe on Military Policy	olitical Distrust: An Ana	lysis of Public Opinion Andre Modigliani
Policy Voting and the Electoral Process: The Vietnam War Issue Benjamin I. Page and Richard A. Brody		
Freshman Committee Assignments and tives		House of Representa- harles S. Bullock, III
Communications		
Editorial Comment		
Book Reviews and Essays		
	Comment Rejoinder Positivism, Historicism, and Political Comment Comment Comment Rejoinder Collective Goods and Future Internat Averroës: Politics and Opinion Integration and Instability: Patterns of Don A Test of a Partial Theory of Potentia Hawks and Doves, Isolationism and Po on Military Policy Policy Voting and the Electoral Proces Freshman Committee Assignments and tives Communications Editorial Comment	Rejoinder         Positivism, Historicism, and Political Inquiry         Comment       David Braybrooke and         Comment       David Braybrooke and         Comment       Rejoinder         Collective Goods and Future International Collaboration         Averroës: Politics and Opinion       C         Integration and Instability: Patterns of African Political Deverbook         Donald G. Morrison and Hu         A Test of a Partial Theory of Potential for Political Violence         Hawks and Doves, Isolationism and Political Distrust: An Ana         on Military Policy         Policy Voting and the Electoral Process: The Vietnam War Iss Benjamin I. Page and         Freshman Committee Assignments and Re-election in the U.S. tives         Communications         Editorial Comment

Radical Economics: A Review Essay 1017

Robert L. Heilbroner

Office of publication: Curtis Reed Plaza, Menasha, Wisconsin. Foreign Agent: P. S. King and Staples, Ltd., Great Smith Street, Westminster, London. Second class postage paid at Washington, D.C., and at additional mailing offices. Printed in the United States of America by George Banta Company, Inc., Menasha, Wisconsin. Copyright, 1972, by The American Political Science Association

1 1

### ARTICLES

751 The Case for Multiple Advocacy in Making Foreign Policy. The system of multiple advocacy attempts to convert intraorganizational conflicts over policy into a balanced system of policy analysis and debate. This requires the executive to (1) structure and manage the policy-making system to ensure that there are advocates to cover the range of interesting policy options on a given issue; (2) equalize or compensate for disparities among the actors in the resources needed for effective advocacy; (3) identify and correct possible "malfunctions" in the policy-making process before they can have a harmful effect on the executive's choice of policy. Nine types of malfunctions are identified in this paper via critical diagnosis of U.S. foreign policy making in cases in which the executive had to decide questions of commitment, intervention, or escalation. Responsibility for identifying and correcting such malfunctions and for managing multiple advocacy effectively should be clearly fixed with the Special Assistant for National Security Affairs. However, the Special Assistant should not combine the role of "custodian-manager" of the policy-making system with the additional tasks of (a) policy adviser to the President; (b) public spokesman for existing policies; (c) "watch-dog" of the President's personal power stakes; or (d) implementer of policy decisions already taken. The attempt to do so invites serious role conflicts that can undermine the Special Assistant's performance of the all-important task of custodian.

By ALEXANDER L. GEORGE, Professor of Political Science, Stanford University.

Comment. By I. M. DESTLER, Research Associate in Foreign Policy Studies, The Brookings Institution.

**Rejoinder.** By ALEXANDER L. GEORGE.

**796 Positivism, Historicism, and Political Inquiry.** The present controversy between "behavioral" and "postbehavioral" views of political inquiry reflects a larger dispute between two opposing theories of knowledge. Whereas the behavioral movement has its epistemological roots in positivism and, ultimately, in classical British empiricism, the most recent protest against behavioralism draws upon the theory of knowledge that has been the principal foe of empiricism over the past century. This theory of knowledge, which received the name "historicism" shortly after its emergence, had become the dominant epistemological position by the mid-twentieth century. This essay considers the general nature of historicism and its influence on the recent revolt against positivism in the philosophy of science. Finally, it examines the use that political scientists have made of historicist principles in opposing positivistic models of political inquiry. It argues that an epistemological relativism becomes unavoidable once certain premises of historicism are embraced.

By EUGENE F. MILLER, Associate Professor of Political Science, University of Georgia.

**Comment.** By DAVID BRAYBROOKE, Professor of Philosophy and Politics, and ALEXANDER ROSEN-BERG, Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Dalhousie University.

Comment. By RICHARD S. RUDNER, Professor of Philosophy, University of Washington, St. Louis.

Comment. By MARTIN LANDAU, Professor of Political Science, University of California, Berkeley.

**Rejoinder.** By EUGENE F. MILLER.

874 Collective Goods and Future International Collaboration. Certain institutional changes in the advanced industrial societies are said to be leading toward postindustrial, if not postmodern, forms of sociopolitical organization. Scientific and technological developments are usually seen as the generating forces of such change, a major dimension of which is thought to be a growing preoccupation with goods and services which are produced and/or purchased communally.

There exists a parallel phenomenon in the modern interstate system, namely, a growing incidence of joint production and joint regulation by states, much of it in scientific and technological fields. Factors both leading to and limiting such joint activities, and some consequences of different kinds of collective decision making and administrative arrangements for the interstate system, are here explored.

It is an explicit aim of this inquiry, in addition, to avoid the evolutionary or functionalist assumptions informing much of the contemporary study of international organization. Instead, I argue that the processes of international organization are generated by how and why states choose from among alternate modes of performing tasks, both national and international, under varying conditions of possibilities and constraints. The bulk of the article develops and illustrates permutations of this basic posture.

The analysis suggests a number of future modifications of the modern interstate system, and of the modern state as an actor in that system. But these modifications share little with the kinds of international arrangements and structures past theories have led us to expect. By JOHN GERARD RUGGIE, Acting Assistant Professor of Political Science, University of California, Berkeley and Research Fellow, Center for International Affairs, Harvard University.

**894** Averroës: Politics and Opinion. Averroës is primarily known for his numerous commentaries on Aristotle, yet his most explicitly political writing was presented in the form of a commentary on Plato's *Republic*. Consequently, the major dispute in scholarly literature has been whether he was more of a Platonist or an Aristotelian, a dispute of concern only because it reflects the important political question of what Averroës thought about the relation between theory and practice. This essay seeks to answer that question by studying the numerous editions and translations of his writings made available by contemporary scholarship. His commentaries on the logical arts concerned with public speech and common opinion are first examined, and the teaching set forth there is then contrasted with the kind of ideas Averroës expounded in his explicitly public works.

In the commentaries on the logical arts, Averroës stretched Aristotle's arguments in order to suggest that unexamined opinion was an insufficient guide for the practical arts dependent on such opinion. Although Averroës did not claim that such arts could be guided only by theoretical knowledge, he did insist that they could be best used only by those aware of the limits of opinion. This opening for the guidance of philosophy was carried further in the public writings where the need for philosophy to direct sound practice was defended against religiously motivated attacks on philosophy. Thus, the correct understanding of Averroës's views about the relation between theory and practice is closely related to an appreciation of his views about the role peculiar to philosophy and philosophers in his own religious community.

By CHARLES E. BUTTERWORTH, Assistant Professor of Government, University of Maryland.

**902** Integration and Instability: Patterns of African Political Development. This paper discusses the construction of a formal model of national political development derived from theories of political integration and instability, and reports the results of tests of the model based on data descriptive of contemporary black African nations. Political integration is conceptually elaborated in terms of processes of horizontal, vertical, and value integration, and political centralization. Political instability is conceptualized in terms of elite, communal, and mass instability. These dimensions of integration and instability are operationalized, and the analysis evaluates the hypothesis that integration, in particular, decreases the likelihood of political instability by modifying, or reinforcing, the effects of other processes of integration. Methodologically, the analysis is based on the assessment of convergent validation for hypotheses tested with multiple indicators, regression, and path-analytic techniques.

By DONALD G. MORRISON, Visiting Director of the Computing Center, University of Ibadan and HUGH MICHAEL STEVENSON, Assistant Professor of Political Science, York University.

A Test of a Partial Theory of Potential for Political Violence. Potential for political violence is 928 defined by a summated scale built from two cumulative scales measuring approval of and readiness to engage in behaviors which constitute progressively greater challenge to a political regime. A prevalent explanation of potential for political violence proposes that the major direct antecedent is relative deprivation. The partial theory proposed here does not assign a central role to relative deprivation; rather, diffuse support for the political authority structure, and belief that political violence has led to goal attainment in the past, are proposed as major direct antecedents. Relative deprivation is defined by position on the Cantril Self-Anchoring scale with respect to three welfare values. The measure of diffuse affect for the political authority structure is a weighted summation of items measuring the degree to which political authorities are believed to wield power honestly, benevolently, and justly. Belief that political violence has led to goal attainment is defined as a summation of items measuring the degree to which the use of political violence by dissident groups is thought to have been helpful. The data base is a sample of a population in which instances of political violence have been frequent in the past. A linear additive model of Potential for Political Violence, with Trust in Political Authorities and Efficacy of Past Violence as describing variables, shows an accuracy of prediction which is satisfactory and superior to that yielded by a multiplicative model.

By EDWARD N. MULLER, Assistant Professor of Political Science, State University of New York at Stony Brook.

<sup>960</sup> Hawks and Doves, Isolationism and Political Distrust: An Analysis of Public Opinion on Military Policy. Recent studies of public opinion on Vietnam reveal a surprising positive association between socioeconomic status (SES) and support for "tougher" military policies. In an effort to extend and understand such findings, this study reanalyzes several public opinion surveys conducted during the Korean War. The demographic correlates of military policy preferences are found to

be similar to those reported for the Vietnamese War, but the Korean data qualify the proposition that higher SES is associated with support for "tougher" policies in two respects: (1) policy preferences of the Korean public did not appear to be organized on a simple "soft-to-tough" dimension those who supported escalation were only slightly more likely than average to oppose disengagement; (2) while SES was positively associated with opposing disengagement, it was not associated with supporting escalation. Factor analyses of several surveys reveal two distinct, orthogonal dimensions that underlay military policy preferences: an "isolationist-to-interventionist" dimension associated with opposition to disengagement; and a "trust-to-distrust of the Truman Administration" dimension associated with support for escalation. Respondents are subdivided into four types in accordance with their positions on these dimensions. The demographic characteristics and military preferences of the four types are analyzed, and the overall findings are discussed with reference to Vietnam as well as public opinion on military policy more generally.

By ANDRE MODIGLIANI, Associate Professor of Sociology, University of Michigan.

**979** Policy Voting and the Electoral Process: The Vietnam War Issue. The infrequency of issue voting in American presidential elections is usually attributed to a lack of policy rationality among voters. An examination of the Vietnam war issue in 1968 suggests, however, that much of the explanation may lie instead with the electoral process itself, and with the kinds of choices which are offered to citizens.

Policy preferences concerning Vietnam were only weakly related to the two-party vote. Less than 2 per cent of the variance in voting choices between Nixon and Humphrey could be accounted for by opinions on Vietnam. Yet the absence of issue voting could not be fully explained by voters' failings. Most people had strong opinions about Vietnam. The public was generally able to perceive where prenomination candidates stood on the issue. People were able and willing to take account of Vietnam in evaluating other candidates.

Voters did not bring their Vietnam preferences to bear upon the choice between Nixon and Humphrey because they saw little difference between the positions of the two, and because they were not certain precisely where either one stood. These perceptions, in turn, were rooted in reality. Humphrey's and Nixon's campaign speeches show that they did differ rather little on specific proposals about Vietnam. Further, both candidates indulged in so much ambiguity about Vietnam that public confusion over their positions was understandable.

There are theoretical reasons for believing that candidates in a two-party system often have an incentive to converge at similar policy positions, and to be vague. If they generally do so, their behavior may contribute significantly to the apparent nonrationality of voters. In addition, it may have important implications for questions of collective rationality and social choice.

By BENJAMIN I. PAGE, Assistant Professor of Political Science, Dartmouth College and RICHARD A. BRODY, Professor of Political Science, Stanford University.

**996** Freshman Committee Assignments and Re-election in the United States House of Representatives. Two students of the committee assignment process, Nicholas Masters and Charles Clapp, as well as some congressmen, assert that the most crucial factor in filling committee vacancies is whether the appointment will enhance the recipient's chance of re-election. This statement is tested using data for Republican and Northern Democratic freshmen elected to the House between 1947 and 1967.

The freshmen are grouped on the basis of assumptions about which assignment or assignments should help them win re-election. When narrowly elected and safe freshmen are compared, there is no evidence that the former more frequently receive assignments likely to facilitate re-election. Thus there is no support for the Masters-Clapp proposition.

Investigation further reveals that even those freshmen from marginal districts who are awarded "good" appointments are not re-elected significantly more often than are comparable newcomers having less favorable assignments. Committee assignments therefore seem relatively unimportant in determining whether a congressman wins a sophomore term. Indeed, more than 70 per cent of the freshmen who triumphed in hotly contested races to reach the House are returned. When these incumbents are defeated it is typically as a result of nation-wide forces over which they exercise little if any control.

The implications of this research are that congressmen have a greater range of alternatives than is often thought. Even the narrowly elected novice is relatively free to seek appointment to committees for reasons other than constituency service or promotion. Largely symbolic activities are available through which concern for the district and its problems and needs can be demonstrated, thereby freeing much of the congressman's time and attention to pursue other less parochial goals.

By CHARLES S. BULLOCK, III, Associate Professor of Political Science, University of Georgia.

#### **1008 COMMUNICATIONS**

From David C. Leege, David E. RePass, Lyle C. Fitch, and Andrew Hacker.

#### **1014 EDITORIAL COMMENT**

#### **1017 BOOK REVIEWS AND ESSAYS**

1017 Radical Economics: A Review Essay. Assar Lindbeck, The Political Economy of the New Left: An Outsider's View.

By ROBERT L. HEILBRONER, Norman Thomas Professor of Economics, Graduate Faculty, New School for Social Research.

#### 1021 Political Theory, History of Political Thought and Methodology

Hegel, Georg W. F., *Hegel's Political Philosophy: Problems and Perspectives* (Z. A. Pelczynski, ed.). Walter Kaufmann, p. 1021

Mannheim, Karl, From Karl Mannheim (Kurt H. Wolff, ed.). Rudolf Heberle, p. 1022

Marx, Karl, Critique of Hegel's Philosophy of Right (Joseph O'Malley, ed.). Bertell Ollman, p. 1023 Morrison, Denton E. and Henkel, Ramon E., eds., The Significance Test Controversy—A Reader. I. Richard Savage, p. 1024

Niemeyer, Gerhart, Between Nothingness and Paradise. Alexander J. Groth, p. 1025 Novak, George, Democracy and Revolution. R. L. Nichols, p. 1026 O'Malley, Joseph, ed., see Marx, Karl, p. 1023 Pelczynski, Z. A., ed., see Hegel, Georg W. F., p. 1021 Rosenthal, Erwin I. J., Studia Semitica. Volume II: Islamic Themes. Ira M. Lapidus, p. 1028 Tullock, Gordon, The Logic of the Law. Michael Barkun, p. 1029

Wolff, Kurt H., ed., see Mannheim, Karl, p. 1022

#### **1031** American Government and Politics

Andrain, Charles F., Children and Civic Awareness. R. W. Connell, p. 1031
Bishop, Joseph W., Jr., Obiter Dicta: Opinions, Judicious and Otherwise, On Lawyers and the Law. Allen I. Polsby, p. 1031

The Carnegie Commission on the Future of Higher Education, *Dissent and Disruption: Proposals for Con*sideration by the Campus. Albert Lepawsky, p. 1032

- Crecine, John P., ed., Financing the Metropolis: Public Policy in Urban Economies. Henry J. Schmandt, p. 1034
- Dorsen, Norman, ed., The Rights of Americans. David Adamany, p. 1036
- Downs, Anthony, Urban Problems and Prospects. Eugene Bardach, p. 1037
- Emmerich, Herbert, Federal Organization and Administrative Management. Robert G. Seddig, p. 1038

Greenstone, J. David, Labor in American Politics. John H. M. Laslett, p. 1039

Kleppner, Paul, The Cross of Culture: A Social Analysis of Midwestern Politics, 1850–1900. Richard Jensen, p. 1041

O'Brien, David J., American Catholics and Social Reform: The New Deal Years. Thomas F. O'Dea, p. 1042 Schubert, Glendon, The Constitutional Polity. Samuel Krislov, p. 1043

Sharma, B. L., Kashmir Awakes. David H. Bayley, p. 1044

Sherrill, Robert, Military Justice is to Justice as Military Music is to Music. S. Sidney Ulmer, p. 1045

#### 1046 Comparative Government and Politics

- Allon, Yigal, The Making of the Israeli Army; Stevenson, William, Zanek I: A Chronicle of the Israeli Air Force; and Shapira, Avraham, ed., The Seventh Day. Gerald E. Caiden, p. 1046
- Beales, Derek, The Risorgimento and the Unification of Italy. Salvatore Saladino, p. 1047
- Béjar, Héctor, Peru 1965: Notes on a Guerrilla Experience. Carlos A. Astiz, p. 1048
- Burns, E. Bradford, A History of Brazil. Maria Yedda Linhares, p. 1050
- Carter, James Richard, The Net Cost of Soviet Foreign Aid. John Pincus, p. 1051
- Chaliand, Gérard, Armed Struggle in Africa: With the Guerrillas in "Portuguese" Guinea. Robert A. Mortimer, p. 1053
- Chan, Chee Heng, Singapore: The Politics of Survival, 1965-1967. Frank C. Darling, p. 1053
- Critchley, T. A., The Conquest of Violence: Order and Liberty in Britain. Brian Chapman, p. 1054
- del Vayo, J. Alvarez, Freedom's Battle, R. A. H. Robinson, p. 1055
- Gurtov, Melvin, Southeast Asia Tomorrow, Problems and Prospects for U.S. Policy. René Peritz, p. 1056
- Hansen, Roger D., Mexican Economic Development: The Roots of Rapid Growth; and Reynolds, Clark W.,
  - The Mexican Economy: Twentieth-Century Structure and Growth. Frederick C. Turner, p. 1057

Heussler, Robert, British Tanganyika, An Essay and Documents on District Administration. David Brokensha, p. 1058

Höhne, Heinz, The Order of the Death's Head: The Story of Hitler's SS; and Yahil, Leni, The Rescue of Danish Jewry: Test of a Democracy. Manfred Wolfson, p. 1059

Kurihara, Kenneth K., The Growth Potential of the Japanese Economy. Koji Taira, p. 1060

Lefever, Ernst W., Spear and Scepter: Army, Police, and Politics in Tropical Africa. Robert M. Price, p. 1061

- Leites, Nathan, and Wolf, Charles, Jr., Rebellion and Authority: An Analytic Essay on Insurgent Conflicts. Mostafa Rejai, p. 1063
- Liu, Alan P. L., Communications and National Integration in Communist China. Franklin W. Houn, p. 1064 Loewenberg, Gerhard, ed., Parliaments: Change or Decline? David Falcone, p. 1065
- Mallory, J. R., The Structure of Canadian Government. Douglas V. Verney, p. 1067

Miners, Norman J., The Nigerian Army 1956-1966. Claude E. Welch, Jr., p. 1068

Nee, Victor, with Layman, Don, The Cultural Revolution at Peking University. Merle Goldman, p. 1069

Powell, John Duncan, Political Mobilization of the Venezuelan Peasant. Frank A. Pinner, p. 1070

Ram, Mohan, Maoism in India. John Patrick Haithcox, p. 1072

Reynolds, Clark W., The Mexican Economy: Twentieth-Century Structure and Growth; and Hansen, Roger D., Mexican Economic Development: The Roots of Rapid Growth. Frederick C. Turner, p. 1057

Richardson, John M., Jr., Partners in Development. Edward W. Weidner, p. 1073

Scott, Roger, ed., The Politics of New States: A General Analysis with Case Studies from Eastern Asia. Michael Leifer, p. 1074

Shapira, Avraham, ed., The Seventh Day; Stevenson, William, Zanek !: A Chronicle of the Israeli Air Force; and Allon, Yigal, The Making of the Israeli Army. Gerald E. Caiden, p. 1046

Smock, Audrey S., Ibo Politics: The Role of Ethnic Unions in Eastern Nigeria. Barbara Callaway, p. 1074 Stevenson, William, Zanek !: A Chronicle of the Israeli Air Force; Allon, Yigal, The Making of the Israeli Army; and Shapira, Avraham, ed., The Seventh Day. Gerald E. Caiden, p. 1046

Szulc, Tad, Czechoslovakia Since World War II. Michael Parrish, p. 1076

von Schuschnigg, Kurt, The Brutal Takeover. Gerald R. Kleinfeld, p. 1077

Yahil, Leni, The Rescue of Danish Jewry: Test of a Democracy; and Höhne, Heinz, The Order of the Death's Head: The Story of Hitler's SS. Manfred Wolfson, p. 1059

#### International Politics, Law, and Organization

American Friends Service Committee, Search for Peace in the Middle East. Miles Copeland, p. 1078 Cohen, Warren I., America's Response to China. An Interpretative History of Sino-American Relations

John K. Fairbank, p. 1079

Franck, Thomas M., and Weisband, Edward, Word Politics: Verbal Strategy Among the Superpowers Richard B. Finnegan, p. 1080

Hugo, Grant, Appearance and Reality in International Relations. Frederick H. Hartmann, p. 1082

Ismael, Tareq Y., The U.A.R. in Africa: Egypt's Policy under Nasser. I. William Zartman, p. 1083

Johnson, Cecil, Communist China and Latin America, 1959-1967. Daniel Tretiak, p. 1084

Kaiser, Karl and Morgan, Roger, eds., Britain and West Germany: Changing Societies and the Future of Foreign Policy. Max Beloff, p. 1085

Knorr, Klaus, Military Power and Potential. Michael D. Wallace, p. 1087

Luard, Evan, ed., The International Regulation of Frontier Disputes. Edwin B. Firmage, p. 1088

McGeehan, Robert, The German Rearmament Question: American Diplomacy and European Defense After World War II. Wolfram F. Hanrieder, p. 1090

Schick, Jack M., The Berlin Crisis, 1958-1962. Robert McGeehan, p. 1091

Szulc, Tad, ed., The United States and the Caribbean. Jerome Slater, p. 1092

Uri, Pierre, ed., Trade and Investment Policies for the Seventies: New Challenges for the Atlantic Area and Japan. M. Bronfenbrenner, p. 1093

Walters, Robert S., American and Soviet Aid. Eugene B. Mihaly, p. 1094

Weinstein, Martin E., Japan's Postwar Defense Policy, 1947-1968. Douglas H. Mendel, Jr., p. 1095

## The American Political Science Association

1527 New Hampshire Ave. N.W., Washington, D.C.

**President:** HEINZ EULAU, Stanford University; **President**-Elect: ROBERT E. WARD, University of Michigan; Vice Presidents: ROBERT MARTIN, Howard University; CLARA PENNIMAN, University of Wisconsin; JOSEPH TANENHAUS, State University; ONEW York, Stony Brook; Secretary: THOMAS R. DYE, Florida State University; Treasurer: DONALD R. MATTHEWS, The Brookings Institution; Program Chairman: DWAINE MARVICK, University of California, Los Angeles; Executive Director: EVRON M. KIRK-PATRICK, 1527 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036; Managing Editor, APSR: NELSON W. POLSBY, University of California, Berkeley.

COUNCIL (Above-named Officers ex officiis), 1971–1972: CHADWICK F. ALGER, Ohio State University; PHILIP E. CONVERSE, University of Michigan; FRED I. GREENSTEIN, Wesleyan University; JOYCE M. MITCHELL, University of Oregon; JAMES W. PROTHRO, University of North Carolina; WILLIAM P. ROBINSON, SR., Norfolk State College; DANKWART A. RUSTOW, CUNY (Brooklyn); GORDON TULLOCK, Virginia Polytechnic Institute. 1972–1973: CHRISTIAN BAY, University of Alberta; SAMUEL DUBOIS COOK, Duke University; VALERIE EARLE, Georgetown University; RICHARD F. FENNO, University of Rochester; ROBERT O. KEOHANE, Swarthmore College; SAMUEL KRISLOV, University of Minnesota; GERHARD LOEWENBERG, University of Iowa; KENNETH PREWITT, University of Chicago.

FORMER PRESIDENTS: FRANK J. GOODNOW, ALBERT SHAW, FREDERIC N. JUDSON, JAMES BRYCE, A. LAWRENCE LOWELL, WOODROW WILSON, SIMEON E. BALDWIN, AL-BERT BUSHNELL HART, W. W. WILLOUGHBY, JOHN BASSETT MOORE, ERNEST FREUND, JESSE MACY, MUNROE SMITH, HENRY JONES FORD, PAUL S. REINSCH, LEO S. ROWE, WILLIAM A. DUNNING, HARRY A. GARFIELD, JAMES W. GARNER, CHARLES E. MERRIAM, CHARLES A. BEARD, WILLIAM B. MUNRO, JESSE S. REEVES, JOHN A. FAIRLIE, BEN-JAMIN F. SHAMBAUGH, EDWARD S. CORWIN, WILLIAM F. WILLOUGHBY, ISIDOR LOEB, WALTER J. SHEPARD, FRANCIS W. COKER, ARTHUR N. HOLCOMBE, THOMAS REED POWELL, CLARENCE A. DYKSTRA, CHARLES GROVE HAINES, ROBERT C. BROOKS, FRED-ERICK A. OGG, WILLIAM ANDERSON, ROBERT E. CUSHMAN, LEONARD D. WHITE, JOHN M. GAUS, WALTER F. DODD, ARTHUR W. MACMAHON, HENRY R. SPENCER, QUINCY WRIGHT, JAMES K. POLLOCK, PETER H. ODEGARD, LUTHER H. GULICK, PENDLETON HERRING, RALPH J. BUNCHE, CHARLES MCKINLEY, HAROLD D. LASSWELL, E. E. SCHATT-SCHNEIDER, V. O. KEY, JR., R. TAYLOR COLE, CARL B. SWISHER, EMMETTE S. REDFORD, CHARLES S. HYNEMAN, CARL J. FRIEDRICH, C. HERMAN PRITCHETT, DAVID B. TRUMAN, GABRIEL A. ALMOND, ROBERT A. DAHL, MERLE FAINSOD, DAVID EASTON, KARL W. DEUTSCH, ROBERT E. LANE.

## The American Political Science Review

Department of Political Science, University of California, Berkeley 94720

EDIFORIAL BOARD: NELSON W. POLSBY, Managing Editor, University of California, Berkeley; PHILIP SIEGELMAN, Book Review Editor, San Francisco State College; SHLOMO AVINERI, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem; DAVID BRAYBROOKE, Dalhousie University; RICHARD A. BRODY, Stanford University; EDITH T. CARPER, The Aerospace Corporation; SAMUEL D. COOK, Duke University; S. RUFUS DAVIS, Monash University; ROBERT C. FRIED, University of California, Los Angeles; ARTHUR S. GOLD-BERG, University of Rochester; MORTON H. HALPERIN, The Brookings Institution; NAN-NERL O. KEOHANE, Swarthmore College; PETER LASLETT, Trinity College, Cambridge University; DALE ROGERS MARSHALL, University of California, Davis; RUSSELL D. MURPHY, Wesleyan University; JOAN M. NELSON, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars; H. DOUGLAS PRICE, Harvard University; ROBERT D. PUTNAM, University of Michigan; DOUGLAS W. RAE, Yale University; AUSTIN RANNEY, University of Wisconsin; GIOVANNI SARTORI, University of Florence; MICHAEL J. SHAPIRO, University of Hawaii; STEPHEN V. STEPHENS, The Johns Hopkins University; GEORGE E. VON DER MUHLL, University of California, Santa Cruz; RICHARD A. WATSON, University of Missouri. MANUSCRIPT EDITOR: ELLEN Y. SIEGELMAN. EDITORIAL ASSISTANTS: LENNY COOPER, BARBARA KELLY, NORMA MINOR. EDITORIAL IN-TERNS: STEVEN BLUTZA, GERALD CLAYTON, DOROTHY CLAYTON, CRAIG GARRETT, YVONNE JONES, BEVERLY KEARNS, SAM KERNELL, DAVID LAITIN, WILLIAM M. LUNCH, JESSE MCCORRY, DAN METLAY, ROBERT NAKAMURA, ALEX RADIAN, BYRON SHAFER, JAY STARLING, HARRY WILLIAMS.

The American Political Science Review, published quarterly during the months of March, June, September, and December, is supplied to all APSA members. Membership dues are charged according to the following schedule:

Membership Category	Dues
Regular	
Annual income	
Under \$12,000	\$20
\$12.000-\$15.000	\$25
Over \$15,000	\$30
Student and Retired	\$10
Family	\$5
Life	\$1000
Institutional (includes APSR and PS)	\$35

Student memberships are limited to five years per person. Foreign currency at the official exchange rate will be accepted for foreign subscriptions and foreign membership fees. The equivalent of \$1 for additional postage should be added for foreign subscriptions.

Current issues are priced at \$7.50 per copy; for back issues prior to 1968 address Johnson Reprint Corp., 111 5th Ave., New York, N.Y. 10003; for issues 1968 and later send request directly to the American Political Science Association.

Applications for membership, orders for the Review, and remittances should be addressed to the Executive Director, The American Political Science Association, 1527 New Hampshire Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036. Notices of changes of address should be received in the Washington office by the 25th day of the months before publication.

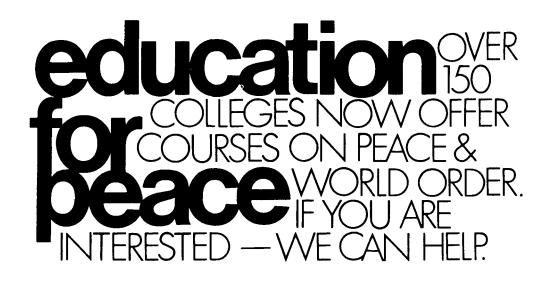
#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTRIBUTORS

Address correspondence about contributions to the *Review to* Nelson W. Polsby, Department of Political Science, University of California, Berkeley, Berkeley, California 94720. Each manuscript should be accompanied by an abstract of up to 200 words briefly describing the article's contents. All manuscripts and abstracts should be submitted IN DUPLICATE. They should be double-spaced and may be in typed, mimeographed, hectographed, or other legible form. Footnotes should appear at the end of the manuscript, not at the bottom of the page, and should also be doubled-spaced. Manuscripts that do not follow this format will be returned to the authors for retyping.

Since manuscripts are sent out anonymously for editorial evaluation, the author's name and affiliations should appear only on a separate covering page. All footnotes identifying the author should also appear on a separate page.

Address books intended for review to Philip Siegelman, American Political Science Review, 210 Barrows Hall, University of California, Berkeley, Berkeley, California 94720. Information, including News and Notes, for the Association's newsletter, PS, should be sent to 1527 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036; advertising, reprint and circulation correspondence should be sent to the Executive Director at the Washington office. Advertising information and rates are available from Nancy Edgerton, Adv. Manager, APSA, 1527 New Hampshire Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20036.

Articles and notes appearing in the Review before the June, 1953 issues were indexed in The Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature. Current issues are indexed by The International Political Science Abstracts and the Social Sciences and Humanities Index. Microfilm of the Review, beginning with Volume 1, may be obtained from University Microfilms, 313 North First Street, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106. A Cumulative Index of the Review, Volumes 1-62: 1906-1968, may also be obtained from University Microfilms. Articles appearing in the Review are listed regularly in ABC Pol Sci and Current Contents: Behavioral, Social & Management Sciences.



## SERVICES AND RESOURCES

Workshops to introduce teachers and students to the field of peace and world order.

**Curriculum consultancy** to help faculty members develop peace courses and programs.

**Teaching tools**—sample syllabi, film and resource lists, book lists, reprints of useful articles. (Start with our Peace Education Resource Packet, free.)

Materials prepared for a wide variety of courses in several disciplines.

Newsletter and informational mailings about peace education programs, organizational activities, and new books and materials from all sources.

### **RECENT AND FORTHCOMING BOOKS**

THIS ENDANGERED PLANET, Richard A. Falk; Random House, \$8.95 cloth, \$2.95 paper.

BUILDING THE CITY OF MAN: OUTLINES OF A WORLD CIVILIZATION, W. Warren Wagar; Grossman Publishers, \$10.00 cloth; W. H. Freeman & Co., \$3.25 paper.

ECONOMICS AND WORLD ORDER: FROM THE 1970'S TO THE 1990'S, Jagdish N. Bhagwati, ed.; The Free Press, \$11.95.

GUERRILLA STRUGGLE IN AFRICA: AN ANALYSIS AND PREVIEW, Kenneth W. Grundy; Grossman Publishers, \$12.50 cloth, \$4.95 paper.

AFRICA AND WORLD AFFAIRS: THE NEXT THIRTY YEARS, Ali A. Mazrui and Hasu H. Patel, eds.; The Third Press, \$10.00; January 1973.

PEACE AND WAR: INTRODUCTORY READINGS ASSEMBLED BY A STU-DENT/FACULTY GROUP AT COLGATE UNIVERSITY; W. H. Freeman & Co.; January 1973.

## WORLD LAW FUND University Program

11 W. 42nd Street, New York, N.Y. 10036

Please mention THE AMERICAN POLITICAL SCIENCE REVIEW when writing to advertisers

# Fast and effective research on what America's leading newspapers are saying about today's events. **Editorials On File**

## Published with the cooperation of more than 125 American newspapers.

- A carefully balanced and up-to-date selection of full-text editorials representing every region and shade of political opinion on the controversial events-international, national and regional-that make the headlines.
- Collections of editorials, published twice monthly, place at your fingertips a 1,500-page file containing more than 4,500 of the year's most significant editorials
- Monthly index, consolidated guarterly and at the year's end
- Library Binder supplied for filing editorials and indexes.

.... and more than 100 others

### ... Among the Newspapers Cooperating in Publication of EDITORIALS ON FILE Akron Beacon Journal Albany (N.Y.) Knickerbocker News **Buffalo Evening News**

Albuquerque Journal Amsterdam News (N.Y.C.) Ann Arbor (Mich.) News Arizona Republic Arkansas Democrat, Gazette Atlanta Constitution Baltimore Afro-American News American, Sun Billings (Mont.) Gazette Birmingham News Boston: Globe, Herald Traveler, Record American

Burlington (Vt.) Free Press Charleston (W. Va.) Gazette Charlotte (N.C.) Observer Chattanoga Times Chicago: Daily Defender, Daily News, Sun-Times, Today, Tribune Cincinnati Enquirer, Post & Times-Star Cleveland Plain Dealer Columbus (Ohio) Dispatch Dallas Morning News Dallas Times Herald Denver Post

Editorials On File itorials On Editorials 1971 Annual Index

Please send complete information about Editorials On File without any obligation on our part.

**EDITORIALS ON FILE** C/O Facts On File, Inc. 119 West 57th Street New York, N.Y. 10019

PS

Name		
Address		—
City		
	Zip Code	

Cumulative

Index

Please mention THE AMERICAN POLITICAL SCIENCE REVIEW when writing to advertisers