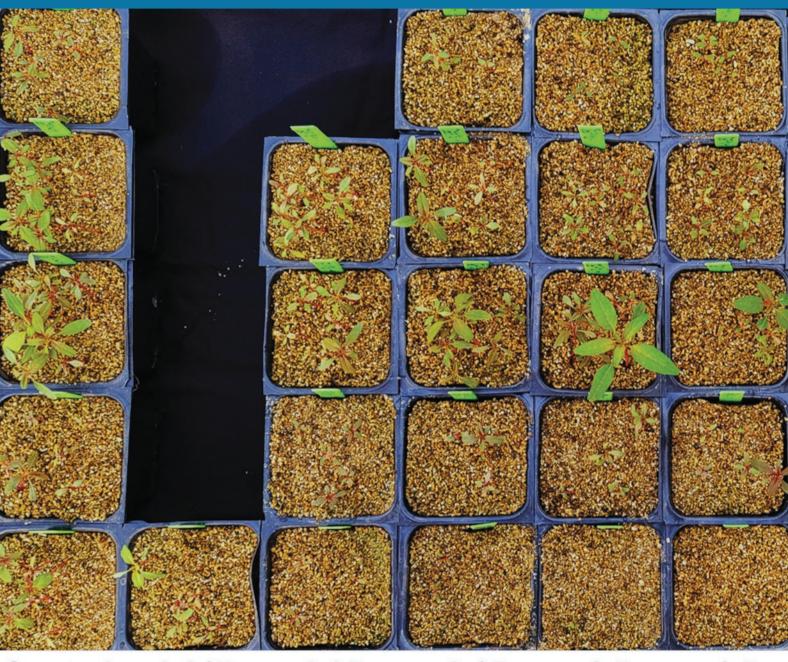
WEED SCIENCE



Control 0.015

0.05

0.15

0.5

1.5

S-metolachlor Concentration (µM)



WEED SCIENCE

Published six times a year by the Weed Science Society of America

William K. Vencill, Editor

The Weed Science Society of America publishes original research and scholarship in the form of peer-reviewed articles in three international journals. Weed Science is focused on understanding "why" phenomena occur in agricultural crops. As such, it focuses on fundamental research directly related to all aspects of weed science in agricultural systems. Weed Technology focuses on understanding "how" weeds are managed. As such, it is focused on more applied aspects concerning the management of weeds in agricultural systems. Invasive Plant Science and Management is a broad-based journal that focuses not only on fundamental and applied research on invasive plant biology, ecology, management, and restoration of invaded non-crop areas, but also on the many other aspects relevant to invasive species, including educational activities, policy issues, and case study reports. Topics for Weed Science include the biology and ecology of weeds in agricultural, forestry, aquatic, turf, recreational, rights-of-ways, and other settings; genetics of weeds and herbicide resistance; chemistry, biochemistry, physiology and molecular action of herbicides and plant growth regulators used to manage undesirable vegetation, and herbicide resistance; ecology of cropping and non-cropping systems as it relates to weed management; biological and ecological aspects of weed control tools including biological agents, herbicide resistant crops, etc.; effects of weed management on soil, air, and water. Symposia papers and reviews are accepted. Consult the editor for additional information.

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On the Cover

Dose-response analysis of five waterhemp (*Amaranthus tuberculatus*) populations to varying concentrations of S-metolachlor using the Preemergence Resistance Identification Method (PRIM) soilless assay. *Amaranthus tuberculatus* populations (top-to-bottom) are: full-sib near-inbred (Group 15-resistant) parent; paternal-derived resistant F₁; maternal-derived resistant F₁; original field population (Group 15-resistant); and sensitive parent. The PRIM assay allows for rapid screening of field or greenhouse-derived weed populations with preemergence herbicides in the absence of confounding edaphic factors.

Photo Attribution: Dylan R. Kerr, Graduate Research Assistant, Dept. of Crop Sciences, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign.



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