#### NOTES AND NEWS

a guide to periodicals and is arranged by regions and countries, each regional section being followed by a subject index. There is an author index at the end of the volume. The author intends to update the bibliography in the future and would appreciate receiving relevant new citations and notification of any errors found. Copies, \$5.00 each, may be ordered from the Bureau of Business and Economic Research, Georgia State University, 33 Gilmer Street, S.E., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

### Royal Anthropological Institute of Great Britain and Ireland: Art Panel

THE 1970 autumn programme of the Art Panel of the Royal Anthropological Institute was devoted to African studies on the theme of tools, materials, and techniques, and the ways in which they influence form and style in art. The papers included: Nigerian textiles today (Mrs. N. F. Stanfield); Housing in Zaria (F. W. Schwerdtfeger); Factors affecting style in Ashanti art (M. D. McLeod); Iconography of some modern Fanti monuments (W. J. Argyle). A seminar to discuss the materials presented was held at the end of the series.

### 'Southern African Studies'

THE collection of the papers presented at the symposium arranged by the African Studies Association of the United Kingdom in September 1969, has been published as a special edition of the Association's Bulletin. (*Southern African Studies*; edited by M. R. Kettle and R. P. Moss. Published by the African Studies Association of the United Kingdom. 124 pp.)

The first and longest section consists of the papers themselves, grouped under the following headings: Archaeology, History, Language, Law, Politics, Agriculture, Geography, Anthropology, and Economics. In most groups contributions from university teachers in Afrikaans-speaking and English-speaking universities and from universities in Britain, contain surveys and assessments of work being done on South African topics in their respective disciplines and types of university. The second section consists of notes on the discussions at the symposium itself. Lists of those who presented papers, of those who attended the symposium, and a name index based on the papers and the discussion are given.

Members of the A.S.A.U.K. receive this symposium report direct. Others may obtain copies on application to the Hon. Secretary, A.S.A.U.K. c/o Centre of West African Studies, University of Birmingham, P.O. Box 363, Birmingham 15. Price £1, including postage.

# ' Tiv Proverbs as a Means of Social Control', by Harold M. Bergsma (Africa, xl, April 1970, pp. 151–63)

WE have received the following comment from Professor Paul Bohannan:

'In Harold M. Bergsma's article, I believe there is a mistake in his rendering of a proverb (if such it be) that he claims Captain Downes collected. As Bergsma quotes it (I have not looked up the original in Downes) the statement reads 'Kwase u ikom senen mger, m ta ibalegh a kar a sen. Ijua nor senen mger m tsue m kuve'. Bergsma is quite correct that Captain Downes's translation bears no relationship to the original. But I believe that Bergsma himself has made an error. I may be wrong because he has not published tones (sensibly enough). He translates *ijua nor* in the second sentence as 'Penis elephant' or 'hippo'. If the tones are right, he is correct. But if the tones are a little different *ijua nor* means an erect penis, which would make the second sentence in his ' proverb ' read ' Erect penis flowing downwards on the water, I retrieve and cover it '. Note that I have translated *kuve* differently, too. It is true that Abraham's *Dictionary* gives ' embrace' as the meaning of *kuve*; it is also true that ' cover' is a better translation in most contexts. Retranslated this way, the passage is reduced to a fairly normal Tiv chant, carried out at the time that an *akombo* is washed in the stream. Although this was collected during a political meeting, I nevertheless still lean towards the idea that what is represented here is a reference to a chant or even a prayer. The whole is a prayer or hope that the outcome of the meeting and what if it establishes should be fruitful and effective.'

## Reissue of 'Languages of West Africa'

Languages of West Africa, by Diedrich Westermann and M. A. Bryan, originally published in 1952 as Part II of the Institute's Handbook of African Languages, has been republished by Dawsons of Pall Mall (price  $f_{3}$  net). The new impression also contains a lengthy supplementary bibliography, compiled by Professor D. W. Arnott, which lists the very considerable number of significant books, monographs, and articles concerned with West African languages which have appeared since 1952, as well as some earlier works which were not included in the original bibliography. Two new sections, covering works on Kanuri, and Creoles and Pidgins, have been added.

The thanks of the Institute are due to the West African Languages Survey for a grant towards the costs of publication, and to Professor J. H. Greenberg on whose initiative this grant was made. A contribution from the Ida Ward Memorial Fund is also gratefully acknowledged.

# NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS TO AFRICA

CONTRIBUTIONS should be addressed to the Editor. Articles should not exceed 8,000 words, including footnotes and references. Longer papers can be accepted in exceptional circumstances if a subsidy can be provided to meet the cost of printing additional pages.

Articles should be typed in double spacing, on one side of the paper only, with ample margins to allow for editorial marking. Clean copy ready for printing should be provided. Authors are advised to keep a copy of their texts as the return cannot be guaranteed. Words in African languages should be underlined and special characters kept to a minimum. Footnotes may be placed at the bottom of the page on which they occur or all together at the end. Bibliographical references should be cited only briefly (i.e. author and date) in the text or in footnotes, and an alphabetical list of references given in full at the end of the article. Where appropriate the text should be divided by suitable headings and sub-headings. Tables outside the text should be typed on separate pages, numbered consecutively and given headings. Maps and other line drawings should be submitted in final form (except for size) on good-quality paper.

Contributors are asked to provide a summary of their articles of 250-300 words for translation into French or English.

Galley proofs are submitted to authors but only essential corrections can be accepted; additional matter cannot be inserted at proof stage. The Editor reserves the right to make any corrections or alterations he may deem necessary.

Contributors receive 25 free offprints of their articles; extra copies can be supplied at cost price on request, if ordered before publication.