

Erratum

Consequences of different dietary energy sources during follicular development on subsequent fertility of cyclic gilts – ERRATUM

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During the printing process a portion of figure 1 on page 297 of volume 8 was omitted. The correct version of the figure is shown below. The publisher apologises for this unfortunate error.



Figure 1 Pre- and postprandial blood glucose and plasma insulin concentrations on days 14 (a) and 21 (b) of the estrous cycle in gilts, fed either corn starch (T1) or vegetable oil-rich (T2) diets during the late luteal phase of the cycle. *T1 gilts presented a lower blood glucose concentration 4 h after feeding on day 14 of the cycle (P < 0.05; a); **T1 gilts presented higher insulin levels 30 min after feeding on days 14 and 21 (P < 0.05; a and b).

Reference

Almeida FRCL, Machado GS, Borges ALCC, Rosa BO and Fontes DO 2013. Consequences of different dietary energy sources during follicular development on subsequent fertility of cyclic gilts. Animal 8, 293–299, doi:10.1017/S1751731113002115.