

*Edinburgh Journal of Botany* is an international journal of plant systematics and related aspects of biodiversity and conservation science. Contributions relating to plant systematics and allied subjects, including biodiversity, conservation science and phytogeography, will be considered. Papers reporting the results of research that links traditional and modern techniques are especially welcomed. Both full length papers and short communications (i.e. usually no more than two printed pages) are acceptable. All manuscripts will be subject to multiple peer review before publication. Submitted manuscripts should not have been accepted for publication or be under consideration elsewhere.

Manuscripts should be sent in triplicate to: The Editorial Office (Edinburgh Journal of Botany), Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh, 20A Inverleith Row, Edinburgh EH3 5LR, UK.

There are **no page charges**. 25 offprints will be supplied free of charge. Further offprints may be purchased through the publisher (e.g. 25 copies of 1–4 pages = £20.50; 50 copies of 9–16 pages = £57.50). No offprints will be available for Short Communications. **Colour plates** may be included but these will be charged to the author: £500 and £550 for half and full page respectively. Halftone plates are free of charge.

**Manuscripts** should be typewritten using double spacing throughout (including references, tables and legends) with wide margins. All pages should be numbered serially, with the title and abstract on the first. Species names should be italicised (or underlined) and should be followed by the authority when first used in the main text. SI (metric) units must be used other than in specimen citations where appropriate. The editors reserve the right to decide that a paper may be treated as a Short Communication.

**The title page** should include the title, the name(s) and address(es) of the author(s), the abstract, a short running title and up to five keywords (other than those appearing in the title). Authors of scientific names should not be included in the title unless there is good reason. It will be assumed that correspondence and requests for offprints should be addressed to the first author unless otherwise indicated. The Abstract should be concise, informative and intelligible without reference to the main text.

Within the main text, **author abbreviations** should follow: BRUMMITT, R. K. & POWELL, C. E. (eds) (1992). *Authors of Plant Names*. Kew: Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew; KIRK, P. M. & ANSELL, A. E. (1992). *Authors of Fungal Names* [Index to Fungi Supplement]. Wallingford: CAB International.

**Abbreviations for herbaria** should follow: HOLMGREN, P. K., HOLMGREN, N. H. & BARNETT, L. C. (eds) (1990). *Index Herbariorum. Part I: The Herbaria of the World* [Regnum Veg. vol. 120]. New York: New York Botanical Garden.

**Abbreviations for journal names** should follow: LAWRENCE, G. H. M., BUCHEIM, A. F. G., DANIELS, G. S. & DOLEZAL, H. (eds) (1968). *Botanico-Periodicum-Huntianum*. Pittsburgh: Hunt Botanical Library; BRIDSON, G. D. R. (ed.) (1991). *Botanico-Periodicum-Huntianum/Supplementum*. Pittsburgh: Hunt Institute for Botanical Documentation.

**Abbreviations for book titles** should follow: STAFLEU, F. A. & COWAN, R. S. (eds) (1976–88). *Taxonomic Literature*. 2nd edition. 7 vols [Regnum Veg. vols 94, 98, 105, 110, 112, 115, 116]; STAFLEU, F. A. & MENNEGA, E. A. (eds) (1992–). *Taxonomic Literature*. Supplements [Regnum Veg. vols 125, 130, 132], except that all abbreviated words should be capitalized, e.g. Sp. Pl. not Sp. pl.

**References in the text** should be cited by author and publication date: (Long, 1994) or 'as stated by Long (1994)'. Multiple references should be arranged chronologically. For three or more authors use *et al.*

In the **reference list**, references should be typed in alphabetical order and should appear in the following style:

JONG, K. (1993). Variation in chromosome number in the Manuleae and its cytotaxonomic implications. *Edinb. J. Bot.* 50: 365–379.

MABBERLEY, D. J. (1987). *The Plant-Book. A Portable Dictionary of the Higher Plants*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

ENDLER, J. A. (1982). Pleistocene forest refuges: Fact or fancy? In: PRANCE, G. T. (ed.) *Biological Diversification in the Tropics*, pp. 641–657. New York: Plenum Press.

**Tables** should be numbered in arabic numerals and each should carry a descriptive title above. Each table should be typed on a separate page. The places for insertion of tables in the text should be clearly marked in the margin.

**Figures**, whether line drawings or photographs, should be numbered consecutively in arabic numerals and referred to in the text thus: (Fig. 1), (Figs 2, 3), (Figs 1–4). Each figure should be marked on the reverse with the author's name and the figure number. Line drawings and diagrams should be submitted on stout white paper or tracing paper and should allow for one third reduction. A measured scale mark should be included on each illustration to indicate magnification. The places for insertion of figures in the text should be clearly marked in the margin. The page area for figures is 12.5 × 19.5cm to include caption.

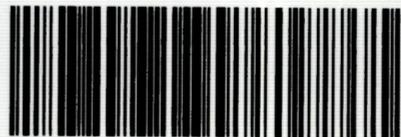
## CONTENTS

|  |     |
|--|-----|
| Studies on the flora and vegetation of the Golestan National Park, NE Iran. III. Three new species, one new subspecies and fifteen new records for Iran. H. AKHANI                 | 1   |
| A revision of the genus <i>Tripterygium</i> ( <i>Celastraceae</i> ). MA JIN-SHUANG, A. R. BRACH & QUAN-RU LIU  | 33  |
| Two new species of <i>Umbelliferae</i> from Southern Turkey. A. DURAN & H. DUMAN   | 47  |
| A new <i>Anthemis</i> ( <i>Asteraceae</i> ) from Saudi Arabia. A. GHAFOR & T. A. AL-TURKI  | 55  |
| Conservation of Britain's biodiversity IV: <i>Filago pyramidata</i> ( <i>Asteraceae</i> ), broad-leaved cudweed. T. C. G. RICH   | 61  |
| <i>Rhododendron chilanshanense</i> ( <i>Ericaceae</i> ), a new species from Taiwan. Y. KURASHIGE   | 75  |
| Subdivision of <i>Rhytidocaulon macrolobum</i> ( <i>Asclepiadaceae</i> ). U. MEVE & S. COLLENETTE  | 79  |
| The genus <i>Colchicum</i> in Turkey. I. New species. K. PERSSON   | 85  |
| The genus <i>Colchicum</i> in Turkey. II. Revision of the large-leaved autumnal species. K. PERSSON  | 103 |
| New taxa and combinations of Australian boletes. T.-H. LI & R. WATLING   | 143 |
| <i>Short communications</i>  |     |
| A new name for a ginger endemic to São Tomé. I. M. TURNER  | 149 |
| A new record for Bhutan and Sikkim: <i>Yushania yadongensis</i> ( <i>Poaceae: Bambusoideae</i> ). C. M. A. STAPLETON   | 149 |
| Book reviews:  |     |
| <i>The Genus Inga: Botany</i> , by C. E. HUGHES  | 151 |
| <i>The Ferns of Britain and Ireland</i> , by R. ATKINSON   | 153 |
| <i>Anatomie der Hymenomyceten. Eine Einführung in die Cytologie und Plectologie der Krustenpilze, Porlinge, Keulenpilz, Leistlinge, Blätterpilze und Rohrlinge</i> , by R. WATLING | 155 |
| <i>Supplement to Illustrations on the Flora of the Palni Hills, South India</i> , by C. PENDRY   | 156 |
| <i>Molecular Tools for Screening Biodiversity</i> , by P. M. HOLLINGSWORTH   | 157 |
| <i>The Genus Cyrtopodium</i> , by R. M. BATEMAN  | 158 |

The cover illustration, drawn by Mary Bates, is of the diminutive alpine plant *Sibbaldia procumbens*, named in honour of one of the Royal Botanic Garden Edinburgh's founders Robert Sibbald. This plant is used, in a stylised form, as the Garden's official logo.

ACCREDITED WITH THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR PLANT TAXONOMY FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGISTRATION OF ALL NEW PLANT NAMES

**CAMBRIDGE**  
UNIVERSITY PRESS



0960-4286(199903)56:1;1-P