

## Homogeneous Distribution of Alumina Nanoparticles in the 6061 Aluminum Alloy via Mechanical Alloying

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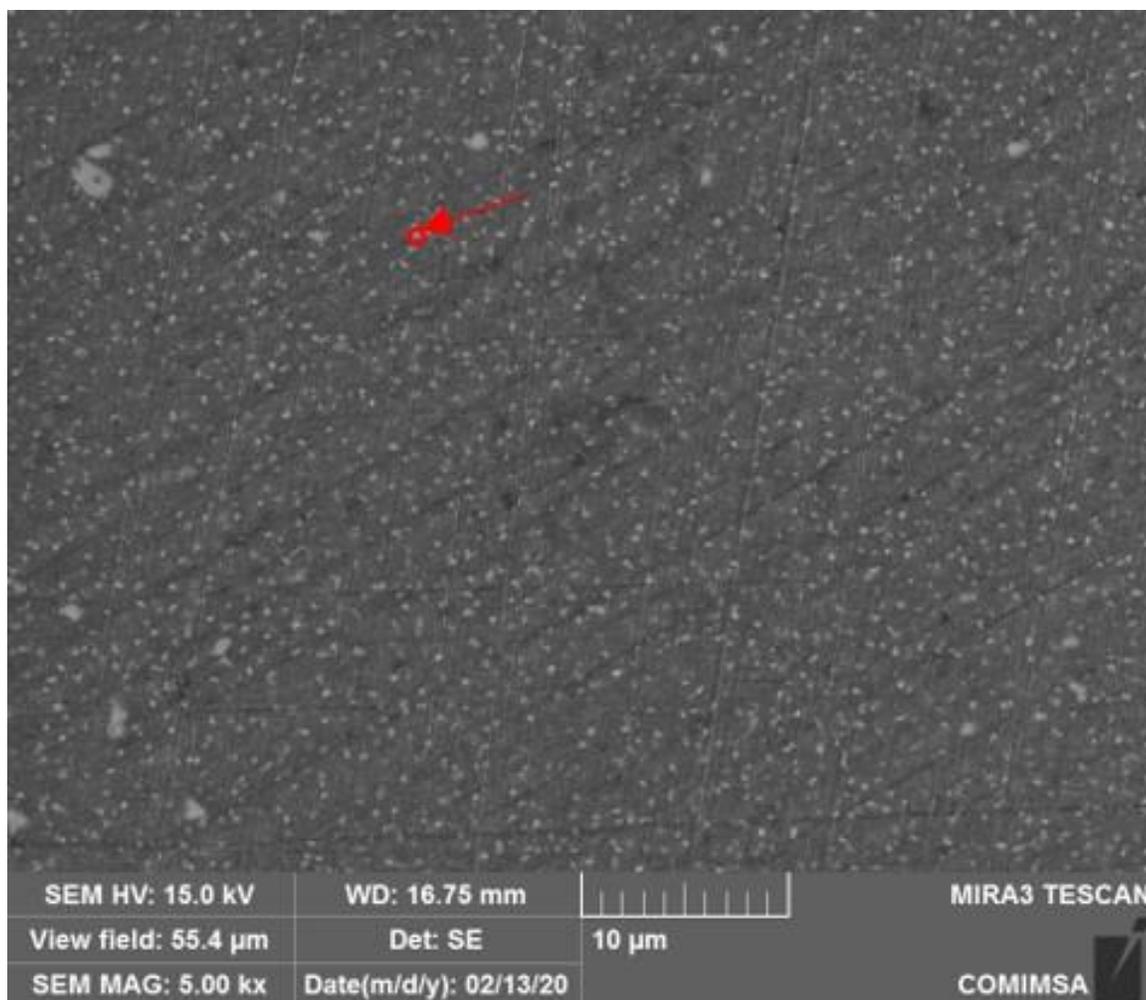
The efforts to improve more efficient aluminum alloys makes that researchers around the world pay attention on micro- and nano-reinforced elements. In this way, the synthesis of the suggested aluminum alloys is a very important step when considering their production. In recent years, the aluminum matrix composites synthesized by mechanical alloying, and reinforced with alumina nano-particles tends to be one of the materials that suggest to have high conditions of strength, ductility and corrosion resistant [1, 2]. In this context, it is important to mention that one of the main parameters to consider in the addition of reinforcing elements is the reinforcement homogeneous distribution that confers to the material their excellent mechanical properties [3].

This research work deals with the steps to follow in order to obtain a homogeneous distribution of alumina nanoparticles in the aluminum matrix composites, where images depicted the good results obtained.

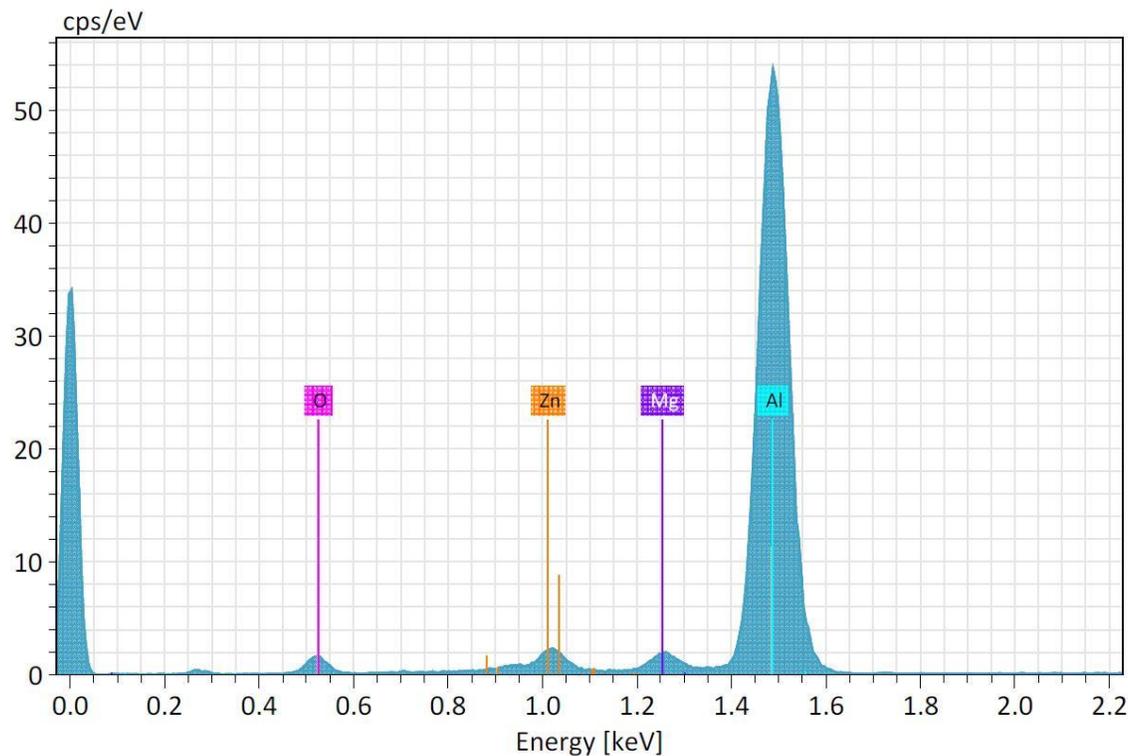
At the beginning, aluminum powders were obtained from the machining process of a commercial alloy 6061 in the form of metal chips and mixed with 5.0 wt. % of alumina nanoparticles with an average size of 25 nm. Next, a high-energy ball milling process was carried out during 5 h, using Argon as an inert atmosphere in the milling process. Finally, specimens were cold consolidated and sintered by 3 h at 800 K under vacuum conditions. Sintered products were held at 770 K and hot extruded into a rod of 10 mm of diameter.

Fig 1. shows SEM (scanning electron microscopy) micrographs of the homogeneous distribution of alumina nanoparticles in the aluminum matrix composite, where nanoparticles appear agglomerated and homogeneously distributed in the specimens, which demonstrates the efficiency of mechanical synthesis in the production of aluminum composites through the manipulation of nanometric reinforcements. Additional characterization by energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS, Fig. 2) analysis of a selected area in the specimen, shows an oxygen signal, which confirms the presence of alumina nanoparticles.

Results of the present work show that with the correct process, it is possible to generate a homogeneous distribution of nanoparticles in the aluminum metal matrix composites that can offer the best mechanical properties in this type of materials [4].



**Figure 1.** SEM micrograph of the homogeneous distribution of alumina nanoparticles in the aluminum matrix composite 6061, 5000x.



**Figure 2.** EDS analysis of the selected area in Fig. 1.

#### References

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