

*News, Notes and Queries*

to have reappeared at late epochs. Making due reservations as to the small number of physicians known to us (just over a hundred) relatively to the length of the Pharaonic period, this would confirm Herodotus's observation, and explain the lack of evidence of dental specialization between his times and the Ancient Empire.

*REFERENCES*

1. FILCE LEEK, F., *The dental delineation*, 1969, p. 1.
2. FILCE LEEK, F., *J. Eg. Archaeol.*, 1967, 53, 51.
3. JUNKER, H., *Z.A.S.*, 1928, 63, 69.
4. JONCKHEERE, F., *Les Médecins de l'Égypt pharaonique*, Brussels, Fond. Reine Elisabeth, 1960, p. 63.
5. JONCKHEERE, F., loc. cit., p. 120.
6. LEFEBVRE, G., *Essai sur la Médecine égyptienne de l'Époque pharaonique*, Paris, Presses Universitaires de France, 1956, p. 59.
7. JONCKHEERE, F., loc. cit., p. 41.
8. *Ibid.*, p. 66.
9. *Ibid.*, p. 40.
10. *Ibid.*, p. 43.
11. *Ibid.*, p. 52.
12. JUNKER, H., *Giza*, 1929, I, pl. XL c.
13. GRAPOW, H., *Wörterbuch der Medizinischen Texte*, Berlin, Akademie-Verlag, 1961, VII, 1, p. 222.
14. LEFEBVRE, G., loc. cit., p. 63.
15. GHALIOUNGUI, P., 'Early specialization in Ancient Egyptian medicine and its possible relation to an archetypal image of the human organism', *Med. Hist.*, 1969, 13, 383.

P. GHALIOUNGUI

---

HONOUR FOR DR. PAUL CASSAR

THE Royal University of Malta has instituted a new Honorary Fellowship of the University, and the Senate has elected Dr. Paul Cassar as the first Honorary Fellow, in recognition of his scholarly work *The Medical History of Malta*, published by the Wellcome Institute in its Historical Monograph Series.