NEWS AND NOTES

Contributions to this section are welcome at any time. The deadlines for inclusion in the four issues are May 31—October issue; July 31—December issue; September 30—February issue; November 30—April issue.

INSTITUTIONAL ACTIVITIES

A Symposium on "Economic Calculation and Organization in Eastern Europe" was held at Berkeley, California, June 16-18, 1958 under the auspices of the Center of Slavic Studies and the Department of Economics, University of California. The chairman, Gregory Grossman, arranged for international participation in the Symposium.

Papers were presented by Leonid Hurwicz (University of Minnesota), "Conditions for Economic Efficiency of Centralized and Decentralized Structures"; Peter Wiles (New College, Oxford), "Decentralization, Calculation, and Rationality"; Alfred Zauberman (R.I.I.A., London), "The Soviet Debate on the Law of Value and Price Formation"; and Robert W. Campbell (University of Southern California), "Soviet Accounting and Economic Decisions."

Additional presentations were made by Michael Kaser (U.N.E.C.E. Geneva), "The Reorganization of Soviet Industry and Its Effects on Decision Making"; Donald Hodgman (University of California), "Monetary Controls Through the Banking System in the USSR"; David Granick (Carnegie Institute of Technology) "Technological Policy and Economic Calculation in the Soviet Industry"; John P. Hardt (Corporation for Economic and Industrial Research), "Investment Choice in the Soviet Electric Power Industry"; and Holland Hunter (Haverford College) "Costs, Freight Rates, and Location Decisions in the USSR."

Further papers were read by Reinhard Bendix (University of California) "The Cultural and Political Setting of Economic Rationality in Western and Eastern Europe"; Rudolph Bicanic (University of Zagreb) "Interaction of Macro- and Micro- Economic Planning in Yugoslavia"; Ben-

jamin N. Ward (Stanford University), "The Planners' Choice Variables: Some Yugoslav Approaches"; and John M. Montias (Yale University), "The Polish Discussion of the Pricing of Producers' Goods."

The discussants for the above papers included Joseph S. Berliner (Syracuse University), Norman Kaplan (RAND Corporation), Abram Bergson (Harvard University), Herbert Levine (Harvard University), Franklyn D. Holzman (University of Washington), Richard Moorsteen (RAND Corporation), James H. Blackman (University of North Carolina), Hans Heymann, Jr. (RAND Corporation), Jozo Tomasevich (San Francisco State College), Egon Nueberger (Amherst College), and Alexander Erlich (Columbia University).

An economic seminar at the Institute for Study of the USSR in Munich, Germany, July 7-28, was attended by delegations of American and European economists.

The American delegations included Norton Dodge (University of Maryland), A. Gunder Frank (Michigan State University), John Hardt (CEIR), Hans Heymann, Jr. (RAND), and E. Lynn Turgeon (Hofstra College). The European delegation included Francis Seton (Oxford), and some selected economists from the Continent. Joseph Berliner (Syracuse), also a member of the U. S. group, made arrangements for these delegations under the sponsorship of the American Council on Germany, Inc.

The University of Michigan presented in the summer of 1958 an integrated program of Russian Studies. Included in the program was an interdepartmental survey of the Soviet Union as well as courses on Russia in the Departments of Economics, Geography, History, Political Science, and Slavic Languages and Literatures.

The staff in Russian Studies included: William B. Ballis, Deming B. Brown, George Kish, Andrei A. Lobanov-Rostovsky, Holland Hunter, Helen Michailoff, and Lawrence Thomas.

A conference on "NEW TRENDS IN THE COMMUNIST WORLD" was held at the University of Virginia, February 7-8, 1958.

In a session entitled "NEW TRENDS IN SOVIET FOREIGN POLICY" with Oron J. Hale as moderator, the following papers were presented: "Soviet Penetration of the Middle East," Harvey P. Hall (Ford Foundation); "Soviet Economic Warfare," Hans Heymann, Jr. (RAND Corporation); "General Aspects of Soviet Foreign Policy," Harrison Salisbury (New York Times).

"NEW POLITICAL AND ECONOM-IC TRENDS IN RUSSIA" was the theme of a session moderated by Hardy Dillard. Speeches were made on the political and economic aspects by Harold J. Berman (Harvard Law School) and Hans Heymann, Jr. (RAND Corporation), respectively.

Another session, "A NEW AMERICAN POLICY TOWARD THE SATELLITE STATES?" moderated by Dean F. D. G. Ribble included presentations by Harrison Salisbury (New York Times) and James S. Sutterlin (Department of State).

"NEW TRENDS IN THE SATELLITE STATES" was the subject of a meeting moderated by Hardy Dillard. This session included the following papers: "Eastern Europe in General," Robert Bass (Free Europe Committee); "Poland," Stanley Zyzniewski; and "China," Shao Chuan Leng.

A final session, "NEW TRENDS IN GULTURAL AND INTELLECTUAL LIFE," moderated by Robert K. Gooch, included "Soviet Union" by Leo Gruilow (Current Digest of the Soviet Press) and "Eastern Europe" by Robert Bass (Free Europe Committee).

The Fourth Annual Assembly of the National Association for Armenian Studies and Research highlighted the organization's accomplishments to date and served to touch off the stretch drive of its campaign to raise \$300,000 to endow a permanent Chair of Armenian Studies at Harvard University.

This year's assembly was held on May 16, 17, and 18, 1958, at Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. With the organization's membership approaching the 1500-mark and its campaign for the Harvard Armenian Chair well past the half-way point, this assembly was NAASR's largest and most significant.

The program of the weekend's activities, as released jointly by the Greater Boston

Section Committee and the Board of Directors, began with a public cultural meeting and reception on Friday evening, May 16. On May 17, the morning and afternoon were devoted to the business sessions, and in the evening the Annual Assembly Banquet was held.

The Ukrainian Academy of Arts and Sciences in the United States held a Conference in observance of the Hundredth Anniversary of the birth of the prominent Ukrainian historian Dmytro Bahaliy, Philip E. Mosely presided and gave the opening address. Papers were read by: Oscar Halecki, "Ukrainian and Polish Historiography, Possibilities of Cooperation"; Olexander Ohloblyn, "Dmytro Bahaliy and Ukrainian Historical Science"; Pavle Hrycak, "The Ukrainian Opposition Move ment of the 1820's in the Works of D Bahiliy"; and Michael Vetukhiv, "Dmytro Bahaliy in Cultural and Public Life." The Conference was held on December 21 1957, at the Ukrainian Institute of America New York City.

The names of two Library of Congress monthly publications, which serve as keys to new literature coming into this country from the U.S.S.R. and East Europe, were changed from "Lists" to Indexes." The purpose of the change was to indicate to scientists and other scholars not familiat with the monthlies that they are more that mere "booklists" and that they contain information about the content of new Russian and East European books and articles.

The Monthly List of Russian Accessions which enters its eleventh year of publication in April, 1958, became the Monthly Inde. of Russian Accessions. The East Europea. Accessions List, published since 1951, be came the East European Accessions Index.

The change in the names of the two bibliographies does not mean a change in the editorial content of either one. I should also be noted that they contain in formation about the content of books and articles, not translations of entire books and articles.

Each index gives in English a monthly account of new material in a variety of subject fields as received from the U.S.S.R and East Europe by the Library of Congres and by other American research libraries The translation of all titles of books and articles into English and the elaborate subject guides in English permit a researcher who has no command of Russian or East European languages to identify easily the material important to him.

Geschichte der Sowjetliteratur, by Gleb Struve, Professor of Slavic Languages and Literatures, University of California, Berkeley, was published in December, 1957, by Isar Verlag in Munich. It is a German version of Soviet Russian Literature: 1917-1950 (University of Oklahoma Press, 1951), with numerous additions and alterations and a new chapter covering the period from 1951 through 1957.

At the Congress of the International Federation for Modern Languages and Literatures (FILLM) held in Heidelberg in August, 1957, the Association Internationale des langues et littératures slaves elected the following officers for the period 1957-1960: President, B. O. Unbegaun (Oxford); Vice-Presidents, G. Struve (University of California, Berkeley) and D. Tschiževskij (Heidelberg); Secretary, R. G. Auty (Cambridge); Treasurer, D. Gerhardt (Münster i Westf.). Among the five elected members of the Executive Council was Victor Erlich (University of Washington). Five more members were to be coopted by the Council.

A number of new courses were added to the curriculum of the Department of Slavic Studies, University of Montreal, in 1957-58. New graduate courses included the following: a seminar on the Southern Slavs, Yugoslav literature, Russian and Ukrainian translations, and a seminar on East European non-Slav civilizations. To the Department's four sections—Polish, Russian, Ukrainian, and East European—a fifth, South Slav, was added. This new section was first headed by Waclaw Babinski and, after his sudden death, by Veljko Lalich.

A complete program of undergraduate courses leading to the degree of B.A. in Slavistics was organized in 1957-58 under the direction of T. F. Domaradzki.

An exchange arrangement has been set up between the University of Montreal and the Catholic University (Lublin, Poland). Professor Irene Slawinska and a student have already been received from the Polish institution. With the aid of funds from the Paderewski Foundation more than 2,000 books and other publications have been sent from Montreal.

The North American Committee for Cooperation with Polish Universities was formed in 1957-58. An ultimate aim is the establishment at a leading Polish institution an Institute of North American Studies.

A Russian Workshop was held at the University of Indiana from June 16 through July 19, 1958. Joseph T. Shaw of the University of Indiana directed the Workshop.

The Russian program at Duke University was elevated to the status of a full department. An A. B. in Russian language in literature may now be obtained. Thomas G. Winner was appointed chairman of the new department in 1957-58.

An informational exchange program linked Fordham University and the Catholic University of Lublin, Poland, in 1957-58. Walter C. Jaskievicz, Director of the Institute of Contemporary Russian Studies (Fordham), is directing the exchange of publications and other matter.

The Experiment in International Living, an exchange organization for students and other young people, arranged for a three-week stay in Polish homes for fifteen college students from the United States in the summer, 1958.

A four-year project working toward a new Russian-English and English-Russian Dictionary is nearing completion. Oxford University Press hopes for publication in the very near future.

A new social and economic literature publishing house, Sotsekgiz, was established in Moscow during the spring, 1958. Considerable attention will be given to the publication of textbooks on social sciences for institutions of higher learning and to statistical and reference books.

APPOINTMENTS AND STAFF CHANGES

Ralph T. Fisher, Jr., left Yale University in 1958-59 to take a position as associate professor at the University of Illinois. Dr. Fisher will handle graduate and undergraduate courses in Russian history.

Xenia Gasiorowska was promoted to associate professor at the University of Wisconsin in 1957-58. Dr. Gasiorowska will be on leave teaching at Wellesley College in 1958-59.

Angrew Gyorgy will be on leave from Boston University for 1958-59 while serving as the Chester W. Nimitz Professor of Political Science at the Naval War College, Newport, Rhode Island.

Donald Hodgman left the University of California for an associate professorship at the University of Illinois in 1958-59.

Firuz Kazemzadeh of Yale University taught a course on the Middle East at Harvard University in the Spring, 1958.

Serge Levitsky left Fordham University to become Chief of the East European and Soviet desk at *Deadline Data* in 1958-59. Dr. Levitsky will continue as a lecturer at Fordham University.

Robert Maguire was appointed instructor in Russian language and literature at Duke University in 1958-59.

Constantine Molodetsky (Krypton) joined the staff of the Institute of Contemporary Russian Studies (Fordham) as an assistant professor in international relations in 1958-59.

Robert McNeal of Princeton was appointed assistant professor of History at the University of Alberta, Canada, in 1958-59.

Irene Nagurski of Wisconsin and Columbia Universities joined the staff of the Modern Language Department of the University of Delaware in 1958-59.

Robert A. Rupen, formerly of Bryn Mawr College, has accepted an appointment as associate professor in political science at the University of North Carolina in 1958-59.

George Taskin of the Institute for Contemporary Russian Studies (Fordham) lectured on Soviet geography at the Institute on the Soviet Union held at Middlebury College, Summer, 1958.

Anthony Vasys was promoted to assistan professor of Russian Language and History at Fordham University in 1958-59.

Thomas G. Winner was promoted to associate professor of Russian language and literature and chairman of the Departmen of Russian at Duke University in 1958-59

AWARDS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Inter-University Committee on Trave Grants continues its program of award for scholarly travel to the Soviet Union and East Central Europe during 1958-1959 About 125 awards for this purpose have been made by the Committee since 1955. They have gone to teachers in the social sciences and the humanities who are special ists on the Soviet Union and the East European countries, but who have not been able to visit the countries of their professional interest for many years.

The Committee's emphasis has nov shifted in the direction of support to longer term study and research in the field, whicl has now become possible. The recen American-Soviet agreement on genera inter-cultural exchange provided for an exchange of twenty American graduate students for twenty Russian counterpart during the 1958-1959 academic year. The Committee selected the American student during the Spring of 1958, making grant thereafter to help meet the costs involved To be eligible for consideration this year students had to be fairly well advanced in graduate program leading to full profession al competence on the Soviet Union, pro ficient in the Russian language, Americai citizens, and not over 35 years of age.

Paul Avich of Columbia University wa awarded a Ford fellowship for the study c Russian history in 1958-59.

Samuel Baron of Grinnell College wa awarded a fellowship in East Asian Studie by Harvard University in 1958-59.

Barbara Budin of Radcliffe College re ceived a Ford fellowship for study of Sovie international relations in 1958-59.

Firuz Kazemzadeh of Yale University is on leave in 1958-59 on a Morse fellowship.

Ivo Lederer of Yale University spent the summer 1958 in Yugoslavia doing research on a grant from the Social Science Research Council.

Arthur Levin has a Ford fellowship for Russian studies in economics at Harvard University in 1958-59.

Jack Minkoff received an extension of his Ford fellowship to complete his doctoral work at Columbia University in 1958-59 on the Soviet social insurance system.

Frederick Piotrew is spending 1958-59 at Oxford University working on a study of Paul Miliukov and Russian liberalism on a Ford fellowship.

Raymond Powell of Yale University is spending 1958-59 at RAND Corporation on a Ford Faculty Research Fellowship in 1958-59.

Klaus Pringsheim is spending 1958-59 at Columbia University on a Ford fellowship in a study of Soviet-Sino relations.

Helma Repczuk of Hunter College has a Ford fellowship in 1958-59 for the study of Russian history at Columbia University.

Nathan Rosen of Columbia University has a Ford fellowship for study of the Soviet playwright and novelist Leonid Leonov in 1958-59.

Morton Schwartz has a Ford fellowship for study in Western Europe of Soviet policy and the World Federation of Trade Unions in 1958-59.

Stavro Skendi of Columbia University spent the summer, 1958, in the state archives of Vienna working on materials relating to the Albanian national awakening (1878-1912). Professor Skendi received a grant from the Social Science Research Council.

Thommas Winner of Duke University was a Fulbright lecturer in Russian literature at the Sorbonne in 1956-57. During that period Professor Winner also lectured at the Slavic Seminar in Venice and the University of Brussels.

William Kleesmann Matthews, Professor of Russian Language and Literature in the University of London and Head of the Department of Languages and Literatures in the School of Slavonic and East European Studies, died in June, 1958. Professor Matthews, an outstanding philologist, was the author of Languages of the U.S.S.R. and many other works on the philology of Eastern Europe. He was editor of the Slavonic and East European Review and had recently been elected to the presidency of the British Association of Slavists.