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RADIOCARBON

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Editors EDWARD S. DEEVEY — RICHARD FOSTER FLINT IRVING ROUSE

> Managing Editor CHARLOTTE BERNEY

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INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTRIBUTORS

Manuscripts of radiocarbon papers should follow the recommendations in Suggestions to Authors, 5th ed.* All copy must be typewritten in double space (including the bibliography): manuscripts must be submitted in duplicate by December 1, 1964.

Descriptions of samples, in date lists, should follow as closely as possible the style shown in this volume. Each separate entry (date or series) in a date list should be considered an *abstract*, prepared in such a way that descriptive material is distinguished from geologic or archaeologic interpretation, but description and interpretation must be both brief and informative. Date lists should therefore not be preceded by abstracts, but abstracts of the more usual form should accompany all papers (e.g. geochemical contributions) that are directed to specific problems.

Each description should include the following data, if possible in the order given:

1. Laboratory number, descriptive name (ordinarily that of the locality of collection), and the date expressed in years B.P. (before present, i.e. before A.D. 1950) and, for finite dates, in years A.D. or B.C. The standard error following the date should express, within limits of $\pm 1_{\sigma}$, the laboratory's estimate of the accuracy of the radiocarbon measurement, as judged on physicochemical (not geologic or archaeologic) grounds.

2. Substance of which the sample is composed; if a plant or animal fossil, the scientific name if possible; otherwise the popular name; but not both. Also, where pertinent, the name of the person identifying the specimen.

3. Precise geographic location, including latitude-longitude coordinates.

4. Occurrence and stratigraphic position in precise terms.

5. Reference to relevant publications. Citations within a description should be to author and year, with specific pages wherever appropriate, except that references (e.g. to published date lists that are frequently repeated) may be simplified by use of a code (e.g. Groningen III) that is explained in the bibliography. Full bibliographic references are listed alphabetically at the end of the manuscript, in the form recommended in Suggestions to Authors.

6. Date of collection and name of collector.

7. Name of person submitting the sample to the laboratory, and name and address of institution or organization with which submitter is affiliated.

8. Comment, usually comparing the date with other relevant dates, for each of which sample numbers and references must be quoted, as prescribed above. Interpretive material, summarizing the significance and implicitly showing that the radiocarbon measurement was worth making, belongs here, as do technical matters, e.g. chemical pretreatment, special laboratory difficulties, etc.

Illustrations, in general, should be originals, but photographic reproductions of line drawings are sometimes acceptable, and should accompany the manuscript in any case, if the originals exceed 9 by 12 inches in size.

Reprints. Thirty copies of each article, without covers, will be furnished without cost. Additional copies and printed covers can be specially ordered.

* Suggestions to authors of the reports of the United States Geological Survey, 5th ed., Washington, D. C., 1958 (Government Printing Office, \$1.75).

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Radiocarbon

CONTENTS

Μ	H. R. Crane and James B. Griffin	
NPL	W. J. Callow, M. J. Baker and Daphne H. Pritchard	1
SR	National Physical Laboratory Radiocarbon Measurements II	25
SIL	Southern Rhodesian Radiocarbon Measurements I	31
W	Patricia C. Ives, Betsy Levin, Richard D. Robinson and Meyer Rubin U. S. Geological Survey Radiocarbon Dates VII	37
R	M. Alessio and F. Bella University of Rome Carbon-14 Dates II	77
A	Paul E. Damon, C. Vance Haynes and Austin Long Arizona Radiocarbon Dates V	91
SL	John G. Ellis and Rodman A. Sharp Sharp Laboratories Measurements I	108
Su	E. Hyyppä, A. V. P. Toivonen and A. Isola Geological Survey of Finland Radiocarbon Measurements III	110
Ν	Fumio Yamasaki, Tatsuji Hamada and Chikako Fujiyama RIKEN Natural Radiocarbon Measurements I	119
Q	H. Godwin and E. H. Willis Cambridge University Natural Rediscoptor Macanety VI	112
Tx	M. A. Tamers, F. J. Pearson, Jr. and E. Mott Davis	116
Lv	J. M. Deumer, E. Gilot and P. C. Capron	138
GSC	Louvain Natural Radiocarbon Measurements II W. Dyck and J. G. Fyles	160
SI	Geological Survey of Canada Radiocarbon Dates III Loel I. Signlove and Austin Long	167
(T) A B.C	Smithsonian Institution Radiocarbon Measurements I	182
TAM	John E. Noakes, J. J. Stipp, and Donald W. Hood Texas A & M University Radiocarbon Dates I	189
МС	J. Thommeret and J. L. Rapaire Monaco Radiocarbon Measurements I	194
GaK	Kunihiko Kigoshi, Der-Hwang Lin, and Kunihiko Endo Gakushuin Natural Radiocarbon Measurements III	197
ML	Gene A. Rusnak, Albert L. Bowman, and H. Göte Östlund Miami Natural Radiocarbon Measurements III	900
К	Henrik Tauber	200
TF	D. P. Agrawal, S. Kusumgar, D. Lal, and R. P. Sarna	210
G	Tata Institute Radiocarbon Date List II	226
Sa	G. Delibrias, M. T. Guillier, and J. Labeyrie Saclay Natural Badiocerbon Moccommun. J	
Hv	Mebus A. Geyh and Heinrich Schneekloth Haunover Badiogerbon Megenerate III	233
Ι	Milton A. Trautman Isotones Inc. Rediceather Measurements IV	251
Т	Reidar Nydal, Knut Lövseth, Kari E. Skullerud, and Marianne Holm	269
U	Ingrid U. Olsson and Serap Kilicci	280
Bln	C Kohl and H Ovitta	291
UCLA	G. I. Fergusson and W. F. Libbar. LICLA D. H.	308
OWU	J. Gordon Ogden, III and Ruth I. Hay	318
	Ohio Wesleyan University Natural Radiocarbon Measurements I	340
GrN	J. C. Vogel and H. T. Waterbolk Groningen Radiocarbon Dates V	349
List of Laboratories		370

EDITORIAL STATEMENT

Half life of C¹⁴. In accordance with the decision of the Fifth Radiocarbon Dating Conference, Cambridge, 1962, all dates published in this volume (Volume 6) are based on the Libby value, 5570 ± 30 yr, for the half life. The decision of the Conference gains time for further study, not only of the half life, but of other uncertainties, before republication of all dates is agreed upon. As stated in Professor Harry Godwin's letter to Nature (v. 195, no. 4845, p. 984, September 8, 1962), the mean of three new determinations of the half life, 5730 ± 40 yr, is regarded as the best value now obtainable. Conversion of published dates to this basis is accomplished by multiplying them by 1.03.

A.D./B.C. dates. As agreed at the Cambridge Conference in 1962, A.D. 1950 is accepted as the standard year of reference for all dates, whether B.P. or in the A.D./B.C. system.