

TEM Study of the Cobalt-Rich Hf-Co Intermetallic Compounds

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The recent push toward renewable energy and green technology has created a surge in the demand for permanent magnets. However, the highest energy product magnets require rare-earth elements such as samarium and neodymium. New rare-earth-free magnetic materials with high energy products are urgently needed. The studies from various research groups show that a Co-rich Hf-Co intermetallic compound with non-cubic high anisotropy structure is a potential permanent magnet candidate due to its high Curie temperature. Early research on the magnetic properties in the Hf-Co system was carried out about 35 years ago [1]. Recent investigations focus on the improvement of the magnetic behavior on melt-spun ribbons and nano-particles with the addition of alloying elements.

Compositions and crystal lattices of the Co-rich non-cubic Hf-Co phase reported in the literature were inconsistent, which could be the reason that both Hf₂Co₁₁ and HfCo₇ were used for the ideal composition of the Hf-Co magnetic materials. The Hf₂Co₇, Hf₆Co₂₃ and HfCo₇ phases are listed in the well-used phase diagram [2]. The first reliable lattice parameters of the HfCo₇ phase were reported by Demczyk and Cheng [3]. Although they used HfCo₇ to represent the phase, Demczyk and Cheng [3] pointed out the actual composition of the compound was probably closer to HfCo₆ rather than HfCo₇. In the most recent work by Lu *et al.* [4], Hf₂Co₁₁ instead of HfCo₇ was identified as a stoichiometric phase. Needless to say, the composition and structure of the Co-rich Hf-Co compounds needs to be further clarified and studied.

In this work, the Co-rich Hf-Co compounds in a range of compositions from HfCo₄ to HfCo₈ have been investigated by TEM, HREM, SAED and EDS techniques. Especially, the composition and structure of the orthorhombic Hf-Co phase were systematically studied by EDS and tilt series of SAED experiments. JEOL JEM2010 and FEI Technai Osiris (scanning) transmission electron microscopes are used in the SAED and HREM experimental works. Simulated SAED patterns are calculated using SAED2s [5] and experimental SAED patterns are measured using JECF/QSAED2a software [5]. Figure 1 shows (a) BF and (b) DF TEM images of a sample with the nominal composition HfCo₇. The Co-rich orthorhombic μ -phase HfCo_{6+ δ} ($-0.5 \leq \delta \leq 1$) phase, the FCC Co phase and the Hf₂Co₇ phase are marked. Figure 2 shows (a) SAED patterns of the μ -phase in tiling series, which were selected from multiple experiments and arranged together from [010] to [100] and from [100] to [001] zone axes with the help of the SPICA software [5]; enlarged SAED patterns (b) along the [010] zone-axis and (c) about 1.2° away from the [010] zone-axis.

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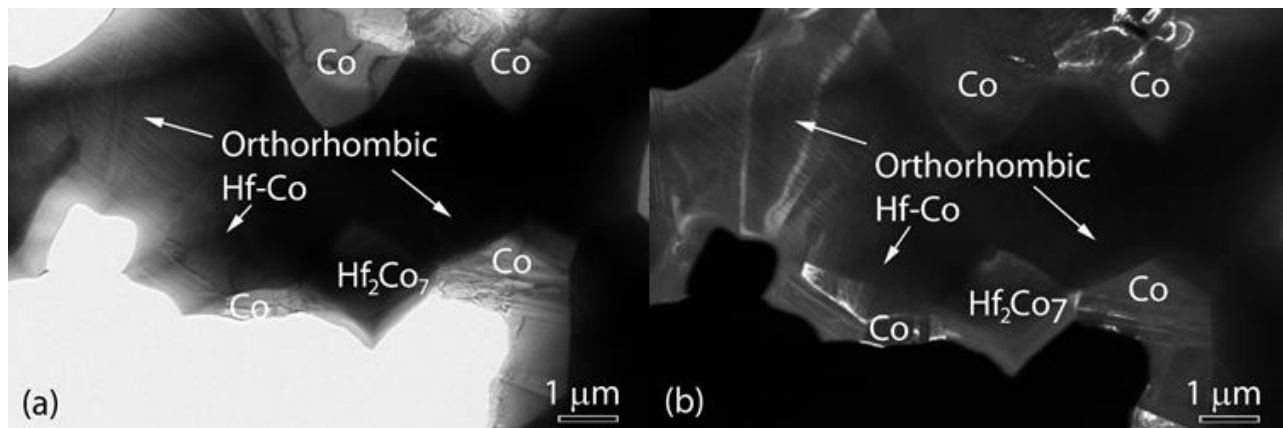


Figure 1. (a) BF and (b) DF TEM images of a sample with a nominal composition HfCo_7 . Grains of the μ -phase ($\text{HfCo}_{6+\delta}$), the FCC Co phase, and the Hf_2Co_7 phase were marked.

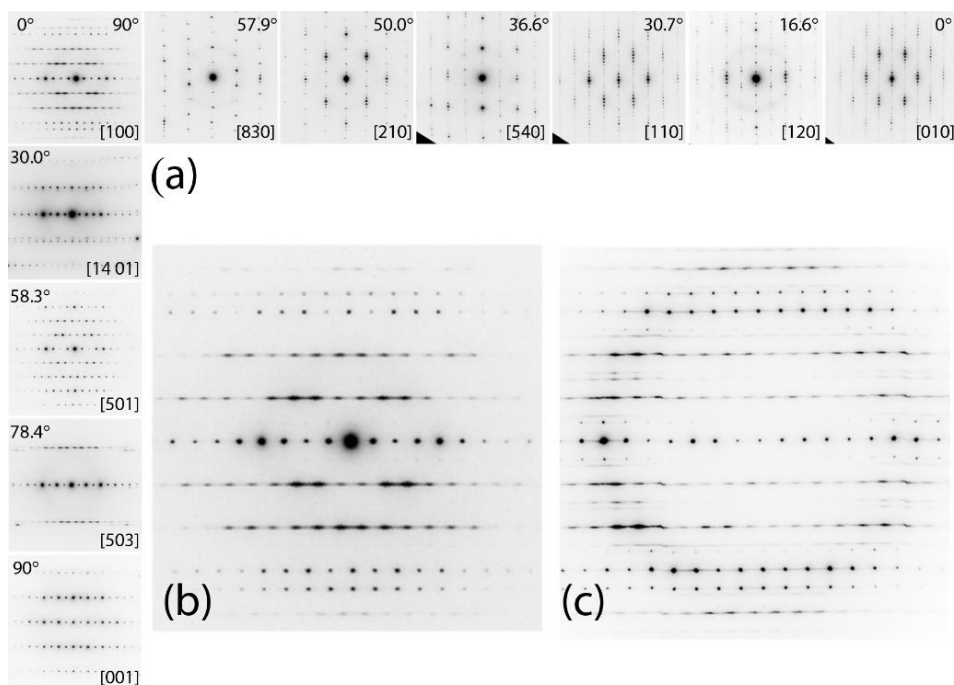


Figure 2. (a) SAED patterns of the μ -phase in tilting series. Enlarged SAED patterns (b) along the $[010]$ zone-axis and (c) about 1.2° away from the $[010]$ zone axis.