
INSTRUCTIONS TO CONTRIBUTORS

The *Journal of Helminthology* publishes papers on all aspects of animal parasitic helminths, particularly those of medical or veterinary importance, but only in exceptional circumstances will systematic or taxonomic studies be acceptable.

Manuscripts, which must be in English or French (with an English summary) should be accompanied by a letter signed by *all* the authors and should be addressed to:

The Editor, Journal of Helminthology,
CAB International Institute of Parasitology,
395A Hatfield Road,
St Albans, Herts AL4 0XQ.
England.

Three copies of a typescript, on size A4 paper with double spacing, should be submitted. Papers should be preceded by a short abstract and will normally have the following sections: brief Introduction; Materials and Methods; Results; Discussion; Acknowledgements; References. However, the form of the paper may vary, depending on its subject matter; recent past issues should be consulted for a suitable form. Research Notes should also be preceded by a brief abstract. Illustrations should be drawn in Indian ink, preferably not more than double the final size. Care should be taken that all illustrations fit into the format of the Journal. The maximum size an illustration will be printed is 12.0×20.0 cm. Where many separate drawings are made, some indication of how they may be grouped to make a corporate plate without undue wastage of space, should be indicated. Some indication of scale (preferably a scale bar) should normally be given on the figure. Photocopies of illustrations should be enclosed for refereeing purposes. Lettering and numbering, which must be of a high standard, should be added by the author, with due regard for subsequent reduction.

Photographs should be glossy prints of the same size as they are to appear in the Journal (maximum size 12.0×20.0 cm). Composite prints must be mounted and can have the separate photographs abutting; they will then have a separating line inserted by the printers. All figures and letters on photographs must be inserted by the author.

Information should not be repeated in the text and in tables or figures. The legends to tables and to figures should be sufficiently detailed for the information to be understood without reference to the text.

References should be given in alphabetical order with the full title of the journal. The following are examples:

DUKE, B. O. L. (1971) The ecology of onchocerciasis in man and animals. In: *Ecology and Physiology of Parasites* (editor, A. M. Fallis) pp. 213–222. Adam Hilger Ltd.: London.

JAMES, C. & WEBBE, G. (1973) A comparison of Egyptian and East African strains of *Schistosoma haematobium*. *Journal of Helminthology*, **47**, 49–59.

25 offprints are provided free of charge; additional copies may be ordered at the proof stage.

Contents

	Pages
Diagnostic Mr31/32 000 <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> proteins (Sm31/32): Reaction with sera from Sudanese patients infected with <i>S. mansoni</i> or <i>S. haematobium</i> . M. A. IDRIS and A. RUPPEL	95-101
Observations on the infectivity and fecundity of <i>Schistosoma curassoni</i> from Senegal in albino mice. J. VERCRUYSSSE, V. R. SOUTHGATE, D. ROLLINSON and H. M. HILDERSON	103-109
Differential recoveries from faecal cultures of larvae of some gastro-intestinal nematodes of cattle. D. A. BERRIE, I. J. EAST, A. S. BOURNE and K. C. BREMNER	110-114
Specific cross-immunity between <i>Hymenolepis nana</i> and <i>H. diminuta</i> : immunization with heterologous and homologous light infections. F. GABRIELE, D. WAKELIN and C. PALMAS	115-123
Prevalence of hydatid in buffaloes in India and report of a severe liver infection. B. P. SINGH, V. P. SHARMA DEORANI and V. K. SRIVASTAVA	124-126
Humoral and cellular response to infection with <i>Echinostoma revolutum</i> in the golden hamster, <i>Mesocricetus auratus</i> . J. MABUS, J. E. HUFFMAN and B. FRIED	127-132
The cercarial output from three Nigerian bulinids infected with two strains of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> . S. E. FRYER and A. J. PROBERT	133-140
Scanning electron microscope studies of miracidia suggest introgressive hybridization between <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> and <i>S. haematobium</i> x <i>S. mattheei</i> in the Eastern Transvaal. F. J. KRUGER and V. L. HAMILTON-ATTWELL	141-147
Long-term infection with <i>Schistosoma mansoni</i> (Gezira strain-Sudan) in the Nile rat (<i>Arvicanthis niloticus</i>). D. M. EL HUSSEIN and S. M. SULAIMAN	149-152
Identification of life cycle stages of the nematode <i>Echinocephalus overstreeti</i> by alloenzyme electrophoresis. R. H. ANDREWS, I. BEVERIDGE, M. ADAMS and P. R. BAVERSTOCK	153-157
Host age and the growth and fecundity of <i>Hymenolepis diminuta</i> in the rat. R. J. QUINNELL	158-162
Ascorbic acid levels in the proglottides of four species of cestode parasites of mammals and birds in relation to their sexual maturity. R. S. TANDON and S. GUPTA	163-165
Vitelline gland histochemistry in the commensal temnocephalid <i>Paracaridinicola platei</i> (Fernando, 1952) Baer, 1953, together with some notes on the egg. W. R. BRECKENRIDGE and S. NATHANAEL	167-174
Announcements	102, 148, 166