- 22 Connor DJ, Sabbagh MN, Cummings JL. Comment on administration and scoring of the Neuropsychiatric Inventory in clinical trials. *Alzheimers Dement* 2008; 4: 390–4.
- 23 Campanelli CM. American Geriatrics Society updated Beers Criteria for potentially inappropriate medication use in older adults. J Am Geriatr Soc 2012; 60: 616–31.
- 24 Cox DR. Regression models and life-tables. J R Stat Soc Ser B Stat Methodol 1972; 34: 187–220.
- 25 Lopez OL, Becker J, Wahed A, Saxton J, Sweet R, Wolk D, et al. Long-term effects of the concomitant use of memantine with cholinesterase inhibition in Alzheimer disease. J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry 2009; 80: 600–7.
- 26 Banerjee S. The Use of Antipsychotic Medication for People With Dementia: Time for Action. A Report for the Minister of State for Care Services. Department of Health, 2009.
- 27 Ballard CG, Thomas A, Fossey J, Lee L, Jacoby R, Lana MM, et al. A 3-month, randomized, placebo-controlled, neuroleptic discontinuation study in 100 people with dementia: the neuropsychiatric inventory median cutoff is a predictor of clinical outcome. J Clin Psychiatry 2004; 65: 114–9.
- 28 World Health Organization. International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, 10th Revision (ICD-10). WHO, 2010.
- **29** Zuidema SU, Derksen E, Verhey FRJ, Koopmans RTCM. Prevalence of neuropsychiatric symptoms in a large sample of Dutch nursing home patients with dementia. *Int J Geriatr Psychiatry* 2007; **22**: 632–8.
- 30 Ornstein KA, Gaugler JE, Devanand DP, Scarmeas N, Zhu CW, Stern Y. Are there sensitive time periods for dementia caregivers? The occurrence

of behavioral and psychological symptoms in the early stages of dementia. *Int Psychogeriatr* 2013; **25**: 1453–62.

- **31** Gaugler JE, Wall MM, Kane RL, Menk JS, Sarsour K, Johnston JA, et al. Does caregiver burden mediate the effects of behavioral disturbances on nursing home admission? *Am J Geriatr Psychiatry* 2011; **19**: 497–506.
- 32 Gaugler JE, Wall MM, Kane RL, Menk JS, Sarsour K, Johnston JA, et al. The effects of incident and persistent behavioral problems on change in caregiver burden and nursing home admission of persons with dementia. *Med Care* 2010; 48: 875–83.
- 33 Gaugler JE, Yu F, Krichbaum K, Wyman JF. Predictors of nursing home admission for persons with dementia. *Med Care* 2009; 47: 191–8.
- 34 Aalten P, de Vugt ME, Jaspers N, Jolles J, Verhey FR. The course of neuropsychiatric symptoms in dementia. Part I: findings from the two-year longitudinal Maasbed study. Int J Geriatr Psychiatry 2005; 20: 523–30.
- **35** Haupt M, Kurz A, Janner M. A 2-year follow-up of behavioural and psychological symptoms in Alzheimer's disease. *Dement Geriatr Cogn Disord* 2000; **11**: 147–52.
- 36 Scottish Government. Scotland's National Dementia Strategy. Scottish Government, 2010.
- Bradshaw LE, Goldberg SE, Schneider JM, Harwood RH. Carers for older people with co-morbid cognitive impairment in general hospital: characteristics and psychological well-being. *Int J Geriatr Psychiatry* 2013; 28: 681–90.
- 38 Academy Health. 2008 HSR Impact Awardee: Improving the Financing and Delivery of Health Care with Risk-Based Predictive Modeling. Academy Health, 2008.



## psychiatry in the movies

## Wes Anderson's The Grand Budapest Hotel

## Roxanne Keynejad

I never lost my childhood awe of the author's creative power to craft characters from pure imagination. Perhaps this is why I chose psychiatry: the personalities and experiences of each patient remain far more vivid than anything I could think up. Wes Anderson, often lauded for his novel approach to film-making, challenges the perceived originality of creative genius in his latest film, *The Grand Budapest Hotel*. Speaking of his success as the fictional Republic of Zubrowka's national hero, Tom Wilkinson's 'The Author' confesses at the outset that his much-loved classic is pinched from mundane reality.

So begins an exhilarating cinematic adventure, told through chapters of The Author's famed novel, inspired by the tale related to his younger self (Jude Law), of immigrant lobby boy Zero Moustafa (the twinklingly melancholy F. Murray Abraham, eternally the Salieri of 1984's *Amadeus* for most of us).

Wes Anderson is not for everyone. His ensemble cast set pieces, from *The Royal Tenenbaums* to *The Life Aquatic with Steve Zissou*, can seem self-satisfied. Cramming in so many famous faces can detract from the interest invested in each character, decorated with superficial quirks, rather than developing their stories in depth. With the right screenplay, however, this approach can be his films' greatest success. Never was this truer than in *The Grand Budapest Hotel*, whose doll's house set design and chaptered plot lend themselves to relating brief, transient episodes in multiple characters' intertwining lives.

Despite the brevity of each star actor's turn, Anderson succeeds in challenging many cinematic clichés. He transforms one of our most reserved thespians, Ralph Fiennes, into campily comic concierge, M. Gustave. Filming on a tight schedule, with the entire cast staying together, coupled with his characteristic cinematography and set design, achieves the sense of attending a theatre company production. By casting well-known actors against type, from Willem Defoe to Tilda Swinton, Anderson seems to suggest that we may all be playing temporary roles and might just as easily wake up one morning being someone else entirely.

The 80-year-old aristocrat Madame Céline Villeneuve Desgoffe und Taxis' romance, murder and contested legacy, a stolen painting, prison break and high-speed ski chase are set against the backdrop of impending war, threatening the tranquil alpine state's future. The once-grand hotel's sad decline into matt browns and oranges against which solitary guests dine, forms an allegory for the lost magic of post-war Europe.

The Author credits his fortune to a tale told by a lonely hotelier, alluding to the inspiration of Anderson's own screenplay by the writings of Austrian playwright and novelist Stefan Zweig (1881–1942). This charmingly escapist film offers a message that for all *The Grand Budapest Hotel*'s apparent creativity, it too is pinched from reality – like, perhaps, all other works of fiction. So as we leave the cinema, returning to more mundane surroundings, we may take comfort from Anderson's proposition: that the real magic is where we are, right now.

The British Journal of Psychiatry (2015) 206, 159. doi: 10.1192/bjp.bp.114.152629