Leuven); and Edgar C. Polomé and C. P. Hill: Language in Tanzania (with assistance from the Ford Foundation).

During the current financial year it is hoped to undertake a modest publication programme if finances permit. Arrangements have been made for *Africa* to be published for the Institute by Manchester University Press with effect from January 1982, and we hope that thereby we will be able to expand the number of subscribers to our distinguished Journal and thus increase the membership of the Institute.

The Institute's research projects have fortunately not been affected by the financial problems it has experienced during the year and good progress has been made on all three current projects:

Village Food Systems in West Africa (Gambia)

Spontaneous Settlement of Nomads in the Sudan

Directory of African Languages and Survey of Orthographies

During the course of 1982 it is hoped to keep Members of the Institute informed of the state of progress of each research project by way of short reports in the re-instated 'Notes and News' section of *Africa*.

Executive Council recommended that the Institute initiate a new series of International Seminars along the lines of the highly successful series which produced *The Historian in Tropical Africa*, Pastoralism in Tropical Africa, and Islam in Tropical Africa. Foundations and governments are being approached with a view to their supporting these Seminars and Members will be kept informed of developments.

Despite the financial vicissitudes of the past two years, we look forward to the future with confidence. The IAI has led the field in the promotion of African Studies over the past half century, and continues to have a vital role to play today. As African studies expand so the need for an organisation to provide machinery for international cooperation and coordination becomes the more significant. In the words of Professor J. F. Ade Ajayi, the Chairman of our Executive Council, at its last meeting: "There is a continuing need for an inter-disciplinary, international institute actively promoting research on practical problems transcending national boundaries in Africa, bringing scholars together on an inter-disciplinary and international non-governmental basis. Such an institute enjoying the goodwill and confidence of governments, foundations and universities especially in Africa, can remain a valuable and influential body. Among other things, such an institute provides an informal permanent secretariat for the International Congress of African Studies and cooperates with the secretariat of the Association of African Universities in the coordination of African Studies on an international basis."

## Donations and Grants

The Institute gratefully acknowledges the following for the donations and grants they made to the Institute during the period:

The Federal Government of Nigeria Overseas Development Administration, UK Ministry of Foreign Affairs, France The Ford Foundation The Leverhulme Trust Fund The Baring Foundation Barclays International Agence de Coopération Culturelle et Technique UNESCO
The British Academy
Leuven University Press
The Government of Senegal
The Government of Kenya
Longman (Nigeria)
U.A.C. International
The Inchcape Charitable Trust
Low & Bonar Group Ltd.

## The former Library of the I.A.I. at Manchester University

The former Library of the I.A.I. is now housed in the Social Science Wing of the John Rylands University Library of Manchester, which bought the bulk of it in the early 1970s. The collection consists of c.2,500 books, about 100 incomplete runs of periodicals (as well as some complete ones and some single issues) and over 3,000 pamphlets and censuses.

The collection is arranged in the same classified order as its items in the classified catalogue of the I.A.I. Since other "africana" in the library are classified by Dewey, continuations and new items have been added into the Main Library Collection. This, however, is no hindrance to users, who can consult both catalogues.

The I.A.I. collection is accessible to anyone through interlibrary loan, to members of the I.A.I. through *direct* loan, and to all staff and postgraduate students of our university through "limited access". It means, in practice, that material is brought to the user, unless the user requests browsing. Undergraduates can use the collection if they are recommended by their teachers.

## Centre for African Family Studies (CAFS), Nairobi

CAFS is an institution of the International Planned Parenthood Federation based in Nairobi, Kenya, providing short but intensive training courses in population, family planning and family life education aimed at integrating these activities into socioeconomic development programmes in sub-Saharan Africa.

Over the years there has been increasing recognition of the relationship between population and family planning policies and the progress of socioeconomic development, culminating during the World Population Conference (Bucharest, 1974) in a call for the integration of family planning and family life education into broader development strategies.

Other key international meetings such as the World Food Conference (Rome, 1974), the International Women's Conference (Mexico, 1975), and the IPPF Conference on Family Welfare and Development in Africa (Nigeria, 1976) have also stressed the importance of family planning as an integral part of efforts to maximize food resources, upgrade the status of women and improve the quality of family life.

Despite increasing recognition on the part of many African governments of the need to incorporate family planning in a broad range of health, community and extension services, the necessary conditions for such integration do not always exist. A major constraint is the lack of trained manpower among development personnel with the