

Latin American Research Review

Date: April 7–8, 1967

Location: Philadelphia, Pa.

Write The American Academy of Political and Social Science, 3937 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19104. The theme is Why the Communist and Western World are Fragmentizing.

Meeting of Eastern Sociological Society

Date: April 7–9, 1966

Location: New York City

Write I. P. Gellman, Secretary, Eastern Sociological Society, Dept. of Sociology and Anthropology, Washington Square College, New York University, New York, N.Y. 10003.

8th International Conference of International Planned Parenthood Federation

Date: April 9–15, 1967

Location: Santiago, Chile

Planned Parenthood—A Duty and a Human Right is the theme. Contact Donald Lubin, Director, IPPF—Western Hemisphere, 52 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y. 10017.

Conference on Iberian-American Civilization: The Common Denominators

Date: April 14–15, 1966

Location: Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas

Write Charles R. Ritcheson, Chairman, Dept. of History, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas 75222.

Midwest Sociological Society Meeting

Date: April 20–22, 1967

Location: Des Moines, Iowa

Write William L. Kolb, President, Midwest Sociological Society, Office of the Dean of the College, Beloit College, Beloit, Wisc. 53512.

36th Annual Meeting of American Association of Physical Anthropologists

Date: April 27–29, 1966

Location: Chapel Hill, N.C.

Contact Dr. Francis E. Johnston, Secretary-Treasurer, AAPA, Dept. of Anthropology, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia 19104.

Meeting of Population Association of America

Date: April 28–29, 1966

Location: Cincinnati, O.

Write Anders Lunde, Secretary-Treasurer, PAA, National Center for Health Statistics, Public Health Service, Washington, D.C. 20201.

5th Inter-American Statistical Conference and 5th General Assembly of Inter-American Statistical Institute

Date: 1st half of 1967

Location: Caracas, Venezuela

Write Tulo H. Montenegro, Secretary General, Inter-American Statistical Institute, c/o PAU, Washington, D.C. 20006.

INSTITUTIONAL NEWS

ACM Program of Field Studies in Central America

The Associated Colleges of the Midwest are for the second time sponsoring a program of field studies in Central America for ACM faculty members and students. The two-semester program extends from July 6–December 13, 1966, and from January 11–June 20, 1967, providing research opportunities for faculty and intensive field study for students. San José, Costa Rica, is the central location for the program, which is coordinated by Robert F. Voertman, Grinnell College. ACM member institutions are Beloit, Carleton, Coe, Cornell, Grinnell, Knox, Lawrence, Monmouth, Ripon, and St. Olaf.

UCLA Latin American Center Probes Development

Known as the Project on the Non-Economic Aspects of Development, this new program offers an interdisciplinary approach to development problems in Latin America. Directed by William W. Winnie, Jr., the program was initiated in late 1965 under the joint sponsorship of the PAU, the Peace Corps, and UCLA. The first course offered under the program was part of UCLA's

1966 summer program in Latin American studies at the Autonomous University of Guadalajara in Mexico. The course, which approaches development as a process involving social and cultural as well as economic forces, is now being presented at the Center for Training Regional Economic Development at the University of Ceará in Fortaleza, Brazil. Participants in the program also work with development agencies and adjust their teaching and research efforts in light of this experience. Early in 1967 a workshop on the experience gained through the program will be held.

California Institute of International Studies

A number of scholars from Stanford and other California universities, with the support of a National Science Foundation grant, have established the California Institute of International Studies. It will begin its investigations with a study of science and science information in contemporary Latin America. Ronald Hilton, Stanford University, is executive director of the Institute.

Catholic University of Chile Begins Economic Program

Latin American students who have done a minimum of three years study in economics in their home country are eligible to enter a two-year program in economics at the Catholic University of Chile. The program has been made possible through a Ford Foundation grant. Students entering the program may obtain the professional degree of Ingeniero Comercial, providing they write a thesis and pass a final oral examination.

Center of Juridical Studies for Inter-American Integration

Recently established in Córdoba, Argentina, the Center's objectives are to analyze juridical and institutional questions with reference to the process of integration in Latin America in its economic, political, and social aspects. The Center's primary efforts are to promote an exchange of experiences, information, and bibliographical data among scholars of the faculty of law and social sciences at the Universidad de Córdoba. The new organization is interested in receiving publications and information on its field of study.

University of Chile Creates Institute of International Studies

A new Institute of International Studies at the University of Chile is seeking to serve as a center for postgraduate studies and research for the whole of Latin America. Claudio Veliz is the director of the Institute. Its work is principally based on the activities of seminars which will 1) organize the systematic discussion of international problems; 2) initiate and direct research projects; and 3) arrange short, intensive, high-level lecture courses on specific aspects of international affairs. The Institute will organize five seminars of which it is hoped that a minimum of three will function every year. Of the five, one will pertain to the international problems of Latin America, and the

Latin American Research Review

seminar is urgently seeking a visiting scholar from the United States, fully paid, to direct part of a program devoted to relations between Latin America and the United States.

The Institute will attempt to build a major specialized library, the first of its kind in Latin America, and to establish relationships with similar organizations elsewhere. Books and periodicals on international affairs generally, and inter-American relations, in particular, published in the United States are urgently needed. Microfilm collections of the principal U.S. newspapers and periodicals are also in demand. In addition to publishing its own research projects, the Institute is organizing a translations department to translate and publish in Spanish the standard works in the field of international affairs. The Institute and the Comisión Central de Publicaciones of the University of Chile will publish an *Anuario de Política Internacional* dealing principally with the international problems of Latin America. Scholarships and travel grants may be provided by the Institute to allow postgraduate students, civil servants and academics from other Latin American countries to attend its courses. The Institute began functioning on September 29, 1966. During its initial period the Institute is staffed by John Gittings, Chatham House Research Fellow on Southeast Asian Affairs and China; Richard Gott, international writer for *The Guardian*; Alain Joxe, Centre d'Etudes de la Politique Etrangere; Osvaldo Sunkel, ECLA; and Celso Furtado, University of Paris.

Círculo Lingüístico de México

A linguistic organization formed in the autumn of 1965 in Mexico meets monthly at the Colegio de México. Persons attached to various institutes involved in linguistics teaching and research comprise the group. Five interests preoccupy the meetings: 1) problems of general linguistics and present tendencies in the discipline; 2) Spanish in the Americas; 3) indigenous American languages; 4) contacts between American languages; and 5) applied linguistics. At the monthly meetings there are presentations of new developments in linguistics, and reviews of new publications in the field of interest of the group or other new developments. The Círculo Lingüístico may eventually publish reports of its activities or sponsor publication of works on linguistics. Further information about the group may be obtained by writing María Teresa F. de Miranda, Consejos de Lenguas Indígenas, Círculo Lingüístico, Colegio de México, Guanajuato 125, Col. Roma, México 7, D.F.

Council of Wisconsin Latin Americanists

Representatives of the Wisconsin State Universities decided on March 25, 1966, to establish The Council of Wisconsin Latin Americanists. The new organization will be open to all Wisconsin college and university specialists in the Latin American field, to teachers of Latin American courses, and to others,

especially businessmen, with strong interest in Latin America. There will be two, one-day meetings annually in the fall and spring, which will involve the presentation of papers by members of the Council, a business meeting, and social gatherings. Members of the temporary executive committee are Daniel DiPiazza, department of political science, WSU-Whitewater; Kenneth J. Grieb, department of history, WSU-Oshkosh; Robert J. Knowlton, department of history, WSU-Stevens Point; Gary G. Kuhn, department of history, WSU-La Crosse; M. B. Manwaring, department of political science, WSU-Platteville. Questions should be directed to R. J. Knowlton.

Université de Dakar Establishes Centre de Hautes Études Afro-Ibéro-Américaines

With the purpose of establishing and increasing cultural relations between the Republic of Senegal and Africa and interested bodies in the Latin American countries, the Université of Dakar has created the Centre de Hautes Études Afro-Ibéro-Américaines. René L. F. Durand, director, states that the Centre seeks to make permanent contacts and begin useful exchanges between African and Latin American intellectuals. In its initial stages, the Centre wishes to hear from all organizations or groups interested in its activities and to receive all material that would help it diffuse Latin American cultural values in Africa by means of courses, conferences, exhibitions, etc. Inquiries should be addressed to the director at the University Centre in Dakar, Senegal.

Escuela de Investigación Lingüística

The Oficina Internacional de Información y Observación del Español (OFINES), under the patronage of the Instituto de Cultura Hispánica and in collaboration with the Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas, created this school of linguistic research in Madrid to develop specialists in the study of the Spanish language. Principally it attempts to cover the needs created by the development of modern Spanish in a number of countries. The program is composed of seminars, monographic courses, projects of practical application, collaboration in the work of OFINES, plenary meetings among students and professors, and research projects. The first course began in January 1966 and lasted for six months. Subsequent courses will have a duration of nine to 12 months. For more details on the Escuela, write Prof. Manuel Criado de Val, Secretario General of OFINES, Avenida de los Reyes Católicos, 3, Madrid, Spain.

Federal University of Minas Gerais Institutes Political Science Department

The Ford Foundation announced in May 1966 that it had awarded a five-year \$657,000 grant to the Federal University of Minas Gerais in Belo Horizonte, Brazil, to assist in establishing a department of political science. The aims of the department are to improve teaching and research in systematic,

empirically based political science in Brazil. The primary emphases within this context are comparative politics, political science methodology, and Brazilian politics. Both undergraduate and graduate teaching programs are being started. The current director of the department is Tocary Assis Bastos, a sociologist. Other professors on the staff are Fábio Wanderley Reis, Júlio Barbosa, Antônio Otávio Cintra, and José Clóvis Machado, younger professors who have studied in the United States and at FLACSO in Chile. The Ford grant will be used for visiting professors from the United States and Europe; for graduate work for Brazilian students and professors in the United States; and for research, library acquisitions, equipment, and seminars. The U.S. coordinators for the grant activities are Gabriel A. Almond and Robert A. Pakenham of the department of political science at Stanford University. Their responsibilities are to assist the Brazilians in recruiting visiting professors to go to Brazil, to place Brazilian graduate students and younger faculty in North American universities for graduate work and advanced study, and generally to promote the objectives of the grant and department. Grant funds are available for about eight year-long visiting professorships in Brazil, five visiting graduate researchers, 12 man-months of visiting consultantships, 14 year-long fellowships for graduate students, and five fellowships for Brazilian professors to study and do research in the United States. Inquiries may be addressed to Almond or Pakenham or to Tocary Assis Bastos, Departamento de Ciência Política, Instituto de Ciências Humanas, Edifício da Reitoria, 7.º andar, Caixa Postal 1621, Cidade Universitária, Belo Horizonte, Brazil.

Ford Foundation Sponsors Development Advisory Program in Chile

For the past two years, the Ford Foundation has been supporting a program of urban and regional development in Chile. The general goal of the advisory program is to strengthen Chile's capabilities for dealing effectively with the country's urban and regional problems. In telescopic view, the three components of the program are as follows: 1) Research and Education. An interdisciplinary urban development program has been established at the Catholic University of Chile, involving the faculties of law, economics, sociology, engineering, and architecture. Initiated in January 1966, the program is evolving both undergraduate and graduate courses leading to a professional specialization in urban development planning. An action research program is being conducted in the public housing area of José Mario Caro near Santiago. 2) Inservice training. The present Community Facilities Planning Directorate at the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs is an outcome of activities in this area. The school of architecture at Rice University in Houston, Texas, has played a major role in connection with inservice training for program specialists in community facilities, 3) Planning and Action. Chile recently established

the first Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs in Latin America. Its functions are primarily in the areas of policy, planning, and coordination. The second major focus of advisory services is the National Planning Office, an institution responsible for evolving national policies for regional economic development and for assuring coordination of investment projects on a regional scale. Advisory services are also being provided to the Studies Division of the National Council of Popular Promotion where a number of sociological surveys are underway. Further details may be obtained by writing to John Friedmann, Program Coordinator, Santo Domingo 504, Of. 81, Santiago.

University of Göttingen Publishes Social Science Series

Under the general title, *Estudios sobre la Economía Iberoamericana*, the University of Göttingen's Instituto Iberoamericano de Investigación Económica has launched a new Spanish-language publications series. The first title in the series is *Comunidades Indígenas y Cooperativismo* by Ulrich Peter Ritter. Other works to appear will include *La política económica regional en países en desarrollo* by Erich Egner; *El papel de la clase media en el desarrollo económico* by Peter Lenz; and *Problemas del desarrollo económico en el Noreste brasileño* by Mochthild König. Erich Egner is the director of the series as well as of the Instituto. Ediciones Deusto, Colón de Larreátegui, 13, Bilbao, Spain, is the publishing company.

Hispanic-American Institute Founded by Presbyterian Church

Founded in October 1965 by agencies of the Presbyterian Church U.S. and the United Presbyterian USA, the new Institute is to be an ecumenical center for research and training for more effective Protestant ministry to more than eight million Spanish-speaking people in the United States. Jorge Lara-Braud assumed the directorship in September at the Institute's headquarters on the Austin Presbyterian Seminary in Austin, Texas. The first two years of the Institute, the new director foresees, will be devoted primarily to seminars, conferences, and regional meetings with leaders interested in Hispanic-American Ministry.

IICA-CIRA Provides Information Services

Noticias Sobre Reforma Agraria is a bimonthly publication of the IICA-CIRA, which offers information news items, references, bibliographical commentaries, and bibliographies on the progress of agrarian reform programs in Latin America. *Noticias* seeks to establish an interchange of knowledge and experiences that will facilitate the solution of problems of agrarian change on the continent. To fulfill these objectives the service would like to have permanent exchanges of information and ideas with persons and institutions in the

field. Inquiries and information should be sent to Unidad de Comunicaciones del IICA-CIRA, Apartado Aéreo 14592, Bogotá, Colombia.

Indiana University Outlines Activities in Latin American Studies

A substantial portion of the recent Ford Foundation grant of \$3,000,000 to international studies at Indiana University has been earmarked for further development of Latin American competence and specialization in various departments and schools. Particular emphasis will be given to the addition of new faculty, especially in the departments of anthropology, economics, fine arts, geography, political science, and sociology in the schools of education and law; to acquisition of microfilm and government collections; and to graduate student assistance. A regular program of summer grants will send outstanding students into the field for preliminary doctoral research early in their graduate careers. The research and teaching capacities of the university, while not neglecting other Latin American regions, will be built toward special competence in the Andean and Brazilian areas.

The department of Spanish and Portuguese at IU brought two series of speakers to the campus in the spring semester of 1966. One series dealt with Contemporary Brazilian Literature and involved the following lecturers: Winifred Kera Stevens, who is in Portuguese literature at the University of São Paulo; Maria José de Quieroz, professor of Spanish-American literature at the University of Minas Gerais; and Wilson Martins, Brazilian teacher and critic. Four Mexican authors visited the IU campus in the second series of lectures that ran from February through April 1966. The authors were Rosario Castellanos, Sergio Fernández, Inés Arredondo, and Juan José Arreola.

Latin American Studies also presented a series of public lectures and seminars in the spring of 1966. Those who made presentations were Romulo Almeida, Brazilian economist; Germán Arciniegas, editor of *Cuadernos*; Leopoldo Castedo, Chilean historian who is currently with the IDB in Washington, D.C.; Lyle McAlister, director of the Center for Latin American Studies, University of Florida; and John N. Plank, Brookings Institution. Each of the lectures was co-presented by interested departments, e.g., economics, business, history, Spanish and Portuguese, fine arts, and government.

Instituto Superior de Administración Pública de Bolivia

The OAS, Bolivia, and USAID/Bolivia are cooperating with the Bolivian government in the establishment and maintenance of a Bolivian Institute of Public Administration to train public employees engaged in governmental activities at various levels. In addition to training personnel in the techniques of organization and administration, the Institute will promote studies of the country's administrative problems and the dissemination or interchange of in-

formation and technical knowledge in the field of public administration. The Institute is scheduled to begin operations in 1966.

Inter-American Indian Institute Finds Anthropological Department

The Department of Anthropological Investigations concluded its first year of operation on July 15, 1966. Under the direction of Alfonso Villa Rojas, it conducted activities as a specialized office of the Inter-American Indian Institute. Its four fields of activity are research, training of personnel, publications, and serving as an information center and archives. In the area of research, preference is given to investigations and surveys of a practical nature that promote adequate orientation of Indianist action. The Department has proposed the establishment of a Personnel Training Center in Peru aimed at training high-level personnel to direct community development programs. The Department also has plans to distribute pertinent publications and undertake publication of a monthly Indianist newsletter. In the proposed archives and information department, two students of anthropology or of other social sciences need to be hired to organize and classify material related to the problems of Indians throughout the continent. Inquiries should be addressed to the Department at the III, Niños Héroes, 139, México 7, D.F.

Inter-American Music Education Institute

The OAS and the University of Chile signed an agreement on February 14, 1966, governing the operation of the new Inter-American Music Education Institute. The music division of the PAU and the University of Chile initiated special courses in March to train music education teachers and specialists who would, in turn, be expected to promote music education in their own countries.

Long Island University Announces Latin American Studies Program

The Brooklyn Center of Long Island University is initiating its Latin American Area Study Program in the fall 1966 term, as a part of the development of several area study programs. Students in the area study programs major in their discipline, while obtaining area certification upon completion of requirements. Dragos D. Kostich is director of Area Study Programs at Long Island University.

LSU Institutes Exchange with National University of the South

The Latin American Studies Institute at Louisiana State University has initiated a modest graduate exchange program with the National University of the South, Bahia Blanca, Argentina. Robert Flammang of the LSU economics department will leave for Argentina in February 1967 for a seven-month period of teaching and research at the National University. The Argentine institution will in exchange send an outstanding student to LSU to pursue a

Latin American Research Review

year's graduate study in the social sciences. Assistance from the Bureau of Cultural and Educational Affairs, U.S. State Department, is facilitating the program.

University of Manchester Offers Public Administration Course

The department of overseas administrative studies at the University of Manchester, England, initiated in 1965 a regular series of annual courses of six months duration specifically for senior government officials of Latin American countries. The director of the courses is W. Wood, who formerly worked under British technical assistance advising the governments of Bolivia and Brazil in administrative reform. A balanced program of classroom, seminar, and tutorial work, practical study attachments, study visits, and individual specialization is the aim of the courses. They are open to men and women who are practicing government servants, occupy senior positions, and have an education of university standard. The normal method of entry is sponsorship by the candidate's government to the British Embassy or Council Representatives from whom further details of scholarships and allowances may be obtained.

MLA Grants \$20,000 to PLDG "Modern Portuguese" Project

Kenneth W. Mildenerger, director of programs, Modern Language Association of America, announced in May 1966 a grant of \$20,000 to the Portuguese Language Development Group's "Modern Portuguese" project. Funds will be used specifically for a trial edition of the first-level textbook, which will be ready in the fall. During the past year, the coordinator, Fred P. Ellison, University of Texas, traveled to Rio de Janeiro to work with the novelist Rachel de Queiroz and linguists from the National Museum on basic dialogues and readings for the projected textbook. With these completed, Ellison modified the original plan and formed a team of volunteers who began work in the spring of 1966. The team consists of Henry Hoge and James L. Wyatt of Arlington State College, Texas; Richard Barrutia, University of California, Irvine; Francisco Gomes de Matos, Yázigí Institute, São Paulo; and Fritz Hensey, University of Texas. Conceived along lines laid down by the PLDG membership, "Modern Portuguese," volume 1 was ready in rough form by May 1966 and was used in an experimental class at the University of Texas during the summer. With provisional tapes, volume 1 was expected to be ready by September 1, 1966, and volume 2 by October. Each volume is expected to average 300 pages and to be sold at cost. Inquiries concerning text and tapes may be made to Fred P. Ellison, Batts Hall 108, University of Texas, Austin 78712.

University of Oregon Receives Ford Grant

A Ford Foundation Grant of \$500,000 to the University of Oregon for

continued support of the University's international programs will in part be channeled into the Latin American Studies Program. The portion of the funds received by Latin American Studies will be used to subsidize three broad research categories to be undertaken by faculty and graduate students. The categories are research on problems of financial investment and growth; research on problems of rural change, rural-urban migration and urban change; and research on problems of political and social organization and change. The purpose of the funds for the first project particularly and for the other two as well will be to broaden graduate student education and to increase faculty research and collaboration with foreign university participants.

OECD Establishes Development Inquiry Service

The Development Centre of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development has established a Development Inquiry Service designed to provide practical assistance to developing countries. The Service is at the disposal of public and semi-public bodies concerned with economic development, and of their experts, and answers without charge questions submitted to it on problems of development. In no case, however, can commercial information be supplied, nor can assistance be given to students or other private individuals in the preparation of their theses. The Service provides information on various areas of economic development by means of bibliographic references, books, published and unpublished documents, statistical data, relevant names and addresses, etc. Bodies requesting information should provide precise details of the problem and the kind of information required. For additional information, write OECD Development Centre, 91 Boulevard Exelmans, Paris 16e, France.

Pennsylvania State University Offers Latin American Anthropology Program

Pennsylvania State University is offering a plan of study with Latin American content in the department of anthropology. It is open to students who wish to obtain the master of arts degree or to specialize and opt for the PhD degree. Course work is complemented by field work in Peru, Mexico, and Pennsylvania itself. Scholarships are available for the program, and questions concerning them and the program should be directed to Dr. Donald P. Kent, Chairman, Department of Sociology and Anthropology, 240 Sparks Building, Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pa. 16802.

University of Pittsburgh's Latin American Programs

Beginning in 1966–67 the University of Pittsburgh will offer a Certificate in Latin American Studies for candidates for master's and doctor's degrees in departments and professional schools. The program is under the direction of the Center for Latin American Studies, and emphasis is on Spanish-speaking countries. The departments of anthropology, economics, geography, Hispanic

Latin American Research Review

languages and literature, history, political science, and sociology, and the school of education are participating the program. Most of the University's graduate schools in the social professions already have, or are developing, international programs, many with strong emphasis on Latin America; almost all the appropriate departments and schools of the University have Latin American specialists. Faculty associated with the Center for Latin American Studies in 1966–67 number 27.

The University also has three field projects in Latin America. The largest involves the University of Pittsburgh faculties in Quito, Ecuador, at Central University, while the anthropology department in collaboration with two other universities directs a summer field research training station near Puebla, Mexico. For details on University of Pittsburgh activities in conducting faculty seminars and acquiring Latin American library collections, see pp. 165–66 and 174.

Plan de Fomento Lingüístico at Universidad Nacional de San Marcos

One of the projects undertaken by the Plan de Fomento Lingüístico at the Universidad Nacional de San Marcos in Lima is the publication of a collection of grammars. The first volume to appear in 1965 was the *Gramática del quechua ayacuchano* by Gary Parker, a linguist from the University of Cornell and a visiting professor in San Marcos during 1965. By the end of 1966 other volumes in the series will have appeared: studies on the quechua of Huánuco y Cerro de Pasco and on the quechua of Cuzco and Ancash.

Portland State College Awards Area-Specialist Certificate

The Latin American Program at Portland State College, Oregon, combines the awarding of a degree with an area-specialist certificate upon successful completion of the regular study program. Course offerings for the BA degree include anthropology, economics and foreign trade, geography, history, political science, Portuguese and Spanish. Victor C. Dahl, history department, is director of the Latin American Studies Center.

Rockefeller Foundation Supports Tri-Institute Program in Chile

The Rockefeller Foundation has had three field staff members and one Foundation officer stationed in Santiago to help implement development programs in economics, history, and the agricultural sciences at three cooperating institutions. Joseph A. Rupert, a plant pathologist, is the Foundation's representative in Chile, and helped create the national Agricultural Research Institute in 1964. John P. Harrison, director of the Institute of Latin American Studies, University of Texas, was on special assignment during 1965–66 to participate in teaching and research programs at the Center for Studies in American History at the University of Chile. Rondo Cameron, professor and

director of the graduate program in economic history at the University of Wisconsin, is a special Foundation field staff member participating in the teaching and research programs at the University of Chile and the Catholic University of Chile and coordinating the work being done in the two institutions. Efforts at both universities are being made to develop an international center of economic studies with special emphasis on the application of economic research to the problems of growth, reform, and trade in the nations of Latin America. Delbert Arthur Fitchett, RAND Corporation, has joined the Foundation's field staff in Santiago as visiting professor in the Institute of Economics at the University of Chile. In addition to these appointments, the Foundation is contributing to the general support of the Institute of Economics and the Center for Studies in American History at the University of Chile, and to that of the Center of Economic Studies of the Catholic University of Chile. The complex of educational and research institutions in the environs of Santiago with which the Foundation is working might eventually develop into a regional center on the order of those selected by the Rockefeller Foundation for long-range assistance.

Rutgers to Establish Institute of Latin American Studies

The Board of Governors of Rutgers University voted recently to establish a graduate Institute of Latin American Studies at the New Brunswick Campus. Frank Dauster of the romance languages department will be the first director and hopefully the Institute will be in operation by September 1967. All inquiries should be addressed to the director.

SUNY Organizes Study Programs in Latin America

The Center for Inter-American Studies at the State University of New York at Albany is in the process of organizing and sponsoring programs whereby SUNY students will spend some time in Latin America, either studying or observing. One of the programs was scheduled to begin in September 1966. Through these programs students will be able to study in Latin America for one semester with full credit granted by SUNY.

Vanderbilt University Strengthens Latin American Graduate Studies

William H. Nicholls is the new director of the Graduate Center for Latin American Studies at Vanderbilt University. Professor Nicholls has been at Vanderbilt since 1948 and is former chairman of the department of economics. An additional appointment to the Center is Werner Baer. Both men have research interests in Brazil.

Yázigi Institute of Languages Opens Centro de Linguística Aplicada

The Yázigi Institute of Languages in São Paulo, Brazil, opened its Centro de Linguística Aplicada on March 2, 1966. Director of the Center is F. Gomes

Latin American Research Review

de Matos, chairman of the Foreign Languages Committee of the Inter-American Program in Linguistics and Language Teaching. The Centro has three departments: 1) linguistic orientation and research; 2) production of teaching materials; 3) pedagogical planning and teaching training. The Centro is also publishing a journal of theoretical and applied linguistics, *Estudos Linguísticos*. Inquiries may be directed to Instituto de Idiomas Yázigi, Centro de Linguística Aplicada, Rua Aurora, 713-5º andar, São Paulo, Brazil.

Seminars and Special Course Offerings

Universidad de Buenos Aires Holds 9th International Course

El Proceso de Urbanización en América Latina was the theme of the international courses offered by the Universidad de Buenos Aires from July 11–30, 1966. Jorge E. Hardoy was director of the session. Twenty-five lectures and three round tables on various aspects of the urbanization phenomenon comprised the course. Scholars delivering the lectures and participating in the discussions were Jorge E. Hardoy, A. Rofman, L. Portnoy, O. Yujnovsky, F. Tami, L. Morea, E. Melcior, O. Suarez, M. Brodersohn, J. L. Romero, Z. Rechini, M. Kaplan, T. Di Tella, C. Mouchet, F. Forni, F. G. Vázquez, L. M. Romano de Tobar, S. Schwartzman, J. L. Bacigalupo, N. Rodriguez Bustamante, A. Winograd, A. Solari, R. Jordán, and G. Andújar.

University of Bahía Offers Course on Latin America

From the 26th of September until the 27th of October, 1966, the Institute of Social Sciences of the University of Bahía will sponsor a Preliminary Course on Latin America with the participation of lecturers from Bahía, other Brazilian centers and foreign countries. The course commemorates the 20th anniversary of the founding of the university.

California State College at Fullerton in Puebla, Mexico

California State College, Fullerton, offered a summer program at the University of Puebla, Mexico, from June 27 to August 5, 1966. Courses in Spanish language and literature, taught entirely in Spanish, Mexican history and art, and Latin American sociology were in the curriculum. Fullerton State College students could earn up to six credits in the program.

City University of New York Gives Seminar in Luso-Brazilian History

Teachers and supervisors of social studies and romance languages in middle and secondary schools in New York state were eligible to attend a spring 1966 seminar in Luso-Brazilian history. The City University of New York in cooperation with the Office of Foreign Area Studies offered a nine-session course in the history and civilization of Brazil conducted by Harry Bernstein, professor of Latin American history at Brooklyn College.

INTAL's Courses on Latin American Integration

One of INTAL's training activities in 1966 was a program of post-graduate studies on the Institution and Juridical Problems of Central American Integration, held in San Salvador from June 13–July 30. The Inter-American Institute of International Juridical Studies and the Central American Institute of Comparative Law co-sponsored the course. Professors from Latin America, the United States, and Western Europe taught the course.

Additional courses offered in 1966 have included one for senior officers in the public and private sectors and a training program for Latin American political and labor leaders. In the first few months of 1967, INTAL will sponsor a course for professors of Latin American law faculties. The program will be designed to analyze the most relevant aspects of juridical problems posed by the process of Latin American integration. European and Latin American specialists conducting INTAL-initiated investigations will present comparative experiences to the seminar.

Latin American Studies Coordinated at Four Eastern Colleges

During the 1965–66 academic year more than a dozen Latin Americanists at Amherst, Smith, and Mt. Holyoke Colleges, and the University of Massachusetts participated in an interdisciplinary faculty seminar financed by sums granted by the presidents of the four institutions as part of the Four-College Cooperative Program. Speakers at the seminars were Kalman Silvert, Dartmouth College; Charles Hale, Amherst College; Henry Landsberger, Cornell; Myron Glazer, Smith College; and Irving Leonard, University of Michigan Emeritus. Chairman and secretary of the seminar for 1965–66 were Robert A. Potash and Robert Bancroft, respectively, both of the University of Massachusetts. For the academic year 1966–67, E. A. Johnson, Amherst College, and Myron Glazer will serve as chairman and secretary, respectively.

Students interested in Latin American studies at any of the four institutions may select courses from a jointly published list that appears each year. For the academic year 1966–67, the list includes 40 courses in the disciplines of anthropology and Portuguese language. For information on library cooperation in Latin American studies among the four institutions, see p. 172 in *Libraries and Archives*.

University of Pittsburgh Conducts Faculty Seminars

During 1965–66 the University of Pittsburgh sponsored two faculty seminars on Latin America. The first dealt with the problems of Latin American development from the points of view of different disciplines; participating specialists lectured at the University and are contributing to a collection of essays. Among the lecturers were Germán Arciniegas, then visiting professor at Columbia University; Dwight S. Brothers, visiting professor at Harvard

Latin American Research Review

School of Business; Thomas F. Carroll, IDB; and John Plank, Bookings Institution. The second faculty seminar had as its theme Social Research Cooperation in Latin America. Among the visiting participants were Tom Davis, Cornell University; Sam Schulman, University of Colorado; and Harry Wilhelm, the Ford Foundation. In 1966–67 faculty seminars will treat the role of government in Latin American economic development and explore possibilities for multi-disciplinary studies of Bolivia.

University of Santiago Course on Health and Population Dynamics

The first four-month course on health and population dynamics is being held in Chile from August 1–November 30, 1966. Designed for members of medical school faculties, principally of departments of preventive medicine, the subject matter is divided into six major headings: Health and Population Change; Statistics of Health and Demography; The Design and Execution of Research; Methods of Analysis of Health and Demography; Migration, Urbanization and Health; and Population Dynamics, Planning and Health Programs. The Latin American Demographic Center is cooperating in the teaching of the course, and the Milbank Memorial Fund assisted the School of Public Health of the University of Santiago in planning the course.

University of São Paulo Conducts Symposium on Nippo-Brazilian Studies

The Japanese Culture and Its Diffusion in Brazil is the subject of a symposium at the University of São Paulo during the second semester of 1966. Sponsored by UNESCO and the IBECC, the principal themes are Japanese civilization, acculturation of the Japanese in Brazil, Japanese art in Brazil, spread of Japanese language and literature in Brazil, and intellectual cooperation between Brazil and Japan. Japanese specialists are participating in the symposium.

7th Seminar on Higher Education in the Americas

The Seventh Seminar on Higher Education in the Americas brought together for the discussion of The University and Regional and National Development a group of 26 administrators and experts from 15 Latin American nations. The participants met first at the University of New Mexico for orientation, at the University of Kansas for discussions and presentations, and finally in Washington, D.C., for the purpose of presenting the seminar's conclusions and recommendations to officials concerned with Latin American problems. The general theme of the seminar was broken down into four sub-topics: the university and society, student welfare, general studies, university administration and university activities in national development. Burton D. Friedman, Kalman Silvert, Wesley P. Lloyd, George R. Waggoner, and Gregory Wolfe led discussions on these topics. Participants' reports on the topics, conclusions

and recommendations and 26 short papers will be published by the University of Kansas. The seminar was sponsored by the University of Kansas in cooperation with the University of New Mexico, the Conference Board of Associated Research Councils, and the Department of State. The eighth seminar will be held in the spring of 1967 under the same auspices, with George R. Waggoner, University of Kansas, as director, and Chester C. Travelstead, University of New Mexico, leading the seminar there. Its theme will be university self-study and planning.

Movement of Professionals

Fulbright-Hays Professors in Latin America

A List of American Professor Grantees to the Other American Republics under the Fulbright-Hays Act for fiscal year 1966 is available from the U.S. Department of State, Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Office of Inter-American Programs. The listing gives the names, positions at U.S. universities, U.S. addresses, disciplines or specialties, Latin American universities with which they are affiliated, and the grant durations of 124 Fulbright-Hays scholars.

Associated Colleges of the Midwest faculty are in Latin America under the ACM Central American Field Studies Program. Resident staff members at the center in San José, Costa Rica, are J. Robert Hunter, field program administrator; Leslie R. Holdridge, Joseph A. Tosi, Jr., and Stanley A. Hetzler. Rotating staff members are George R. Gebhart, Monmouth College; Charles Curtis, Beloit College, and Robert F. Voertman, program coordinator from Grinnell College.

Paul B. Barto, professor of microbiology and public health at Oklahoma State University spent the summer of 1966 at the University of San Carlos, Guatemala City, under a USAID contract that Oklahoma State University negotiated in 1965. Under the same program, Oscar Emilio Galvez G., head of the department of public health and parasitology, University of San Carlos, spent two months as an exchange professor at Oklahoma State University. A Rockefeller Foundation grant also supported the appointment.

Robert Norman Berryman, New York University, is an OAS visiting professor in experimental psychology at the Universidade de Brasilia for the 1966-67 year.

Stephen Brower, Utah State University,

is a visiting professor of sociology at the Inter-American Center for the Integral Development of Water and Land Resources, Mérida, Venezuela. This program is sponsored by the OAS and directed by Utah State University.

Sérgio Buarque de Hollanda, who is a social historian at São Paulo University, is conducting courses at Stony Brook, the State University of New York, during the 1966 fall semester.

The University of California at Berkeley has two Latin American visiting professors for the academic year 1966-67. Manuel Pérez Vila will spend the winter quarter there in the Department of History. He is the Director of Historical Investigations, the Fundación John Boulton, in Caracas. Torcuato di Tella, of the Instituto Torcuato di Tella in Buenos Aires, will teach in the Department of Political Science both the winter quarter, and the Spring quarter, 1967.

The Institute of Latin American Studies, Columbia University, announces the appointment of three visiting Latin American professors: Fernando Cámara Barbachano, the National Museum of Anthropology and the National University of Mexico, will be at Columbia from September 1966 through January 1967. He will teach in the anthropology department. Octávio Ianni, of the University of São Paulo, will teach in the sociology department from February through May 1967. Another visiting professor in the sociology department, Orlando Fals Borda, of the National University of Colombia, will teach throughout the academic year 1966-67.

Wesley Craig is a visiting professor in the sociology department of the faculty of social sciences of the Universidad Agraria in La Molina, Peru. On leave from North Caro-

Latin American Research Review

lina State University at Raleigh, his visiting appointment extends from November 1965 through October 1967 and is sponsored by a Ford-Rockefeller grant to provide a consultant in rural sociology for the newly established social science division at Universidad Agraria.

Ralph Dent of the Department of Communication at Michigan State University will be at the University of La Molina in La Molina, Peru, for a two-year period beginning September 1, 1966. The project, which involves setting up a communications department, is sponsored by the American International Association, AID, Michigan State University, and the Midwest Universities Consortium for International Activities, Inc.

Michael DePrano of the economics department of the University of Southern California will spend the 1966 winter semester in Ecuador. He will reside in Quito and act as economic adviser to the Ecuadorian Planning Board in regard to the collection and use of monetary statistics in Ecuador's economic development problems. DePrano's work in Ecuador will be made possible by a contract between the USC economic department and the government of Ecuador. USAID finances the contract.

Louis J. Ducoff, who retired as Chief of the Human Resources Branch of the U.S. Department of Agriculture in 1965, has since joined the United Nations Secretariat to work as Chief of the Social Affairs Section, ECLA, Mexico.

Juan Friede, professor of history at the National University of Bogotá, Colombia, visiting professor at the University of Texas, 1965-66, will spend the academic year 1966-67 at the University of Indiana.

Alberto Rex Gonzales, Instituto de Antropología, Universidad Nacional de Córdoba, Argentina, has two visiting appointments during the current academic year. He will be at Harvard University for the first semester and in the department of anthropology at the University of Minnesota for the second half of the year.

Thomas Greer, of the marketing department at Louisiana State University, will be a visiting Fulbright professor at the Universidad de las Américas in Mexico this year.

Hélio Jaguaribe of Brazil has left his visiting position at Harvard University for

Stanford University where he is a visiting lecturer in political science as well as a seminar leader for the Latin American Studies Committee during the 1966-67 year.

The University of North Carolina announces the appointment of Alberto Ciria, the University of Buenos Aires, to its political science department for 1966-67. James W. Prothro, of North Carolina's political science department, will be a visiting professor at the Latin American School of Political Science and Public Administration in Santiago, Chile, for the academic year.

Three University of Oregon professors are currently or have been serving as visiting professors/advisers to the University of the Andes at Mérida, Venezuela. Robert Allen was there in economics from March-August 1966; Donald N. Johnson in business administration from March-December 1966; and Paul Simpson in economics from September 1966-September 1967.

Earl J. Pariseau, Assistant Director of the Hispanic Foundation and editor of the *Handbook of Latin American Studies*, has been appointed director of the Library of Congress overseas office in Rio de Janeiro.

Olga Pentaleao, a professor in the Faculdade de Filosofia, Ciências e Letras of the Universidade de São Paulo, is a visiting professor of history at Indiana University for the academic year 1966-67. Her professorship is supported by a Grants Committee award from Ford Foundation funds.

Eugenio Pereira Salas, historian and dean of the faculty of arts at the University of Chile, is a visiting scholar at the University of London's new Institute of Latin American Studies.

The University of Puerto Rico's Institute of Caribbean Studies reports three visiting scholars who are or have been in residence there. Hermannus Hoetink of the University of Amsterdam was a visiting professor in the department of sociology from June to August 1966; William Trembley was a visiting history professor from the University of Guayana from July to August 1966, and Aaron Segal, University of California, Berkeley, is in the department of political science from July 1966 to June 1967.

Tulane University announces the appointment of two Latin Americans to its fac-

ulty for the academic year. **Juan Pablo Perez-Castillo**, of CENDES and the Central University of Venezuela, will teach from February to June 1967. **José Rui Guimarães Mourão**, from the University of Brasília, will teach Lusio-Brazilian Literature for the entire academic year.

The Graduate Center for Latin American Studies, **Vanderbilt University**, is sending four economic professors to two Brazilian institutions under a Vanderbilt-AID contract. **Werner Baer**, **Gian T. Sahota**, and **William O. Thweatt** will go to the Faculty of Economics, University of São Paulo, for periods of a year or more. **Douglas Graham** is at the Getulio Vargas foundation in Rio de Janeiro from February 1966 until February 1968.

Irving L. Webber, University of Florida sociology professor, is now teaching at the Universidad del Valle in Cali, Colombia, under a University of Florida program supported by a Rockefeller grant.

There will be several Latin Americans in residence at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, for the current academic year. **Nora Thielen**, of the University of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, taught Portuguese during the 1966

summer session. **Rosario Castellanos**, of the National University of Mexico, and **Germán Arciniegas** are teaching Spanish American Civilization, Dr. Castellanos the first semester and Dr. Arciniegas the second. **Jorge de Sena**, of Araquara, São Paulo, Brazil, will teach during both sessions. His specialty is the Brazilian novel. **Orlando Fals Borda** was associated with the Land Tenure Center during the months of April, May, and the summer session of 1966. **John Strasma**, of the Land Tenure Center, is teaching economics at the Instituto de Economía in Santiago. His work began in March 1966 and will continue through the entire year.

H. Ernest Lewald has assumed the direction of Latin American studies at the University of Tennessee. He was formerly with the Department of Modern Languages, Carleton College in Northfield, Minnesota.

Martin C. Needler, formerly professor of political science at the University of Michigan, has become director of the Division of Latin American Studies of the University of New Mexico.

NEW AND SUSPENDED PERIODICAL PUBLICATIONS ON LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES

Aportes

Published quarterly by the Instituto Latinoamericano de Relaciones Internacionales, 23, rue de Pépinière, Paris (8) France
 Director: Luis Mercier Vega
 First issue: July 1966

This journal contains articles on social science and a review of current research by Latin American, European and United States scholars.

Bibliografía Agrícola Latinoamericana

Published quarterly by the Asociación Interamericana de Bibliotecarios y Documentalistas Agrícolas, IICA, Centro de Enseñanza e Investigación, Turrialba, Costa Rica
 Director: Ana María Paz de Erickson, Executive Secretary, AIBDA
 Primer número: enero-marzo 1966

This is a quarterly index of the literature of agriculture and the allied sciences published currently in Latin America.

Boletín Bibliográfico

Published two times a year by Instituto Ecuatoriano de Folklore, Casilla 2140, Quito, Ecuador
 Director: Oswaldo Viteri Paredes
 Primer número: octubre 1965
 Published in mimeographed form, the first issue dealt with Folklore Mágico.

Boletín Castellano

Published nine times a year by Texas Christian University Department of Foreign Languages, Spanish Section, c/o Egidio Romanenghi, Reed Bldg., Room 202, Fort Worth, Tex. 76129
 Director: John H. Hammond
 Primer número: October 1965

A mimeographed publication written entirely in Spanish primarily for majors and professors. It deals with sociology, philosophy, education, politics, etc.