NEWS AND NOTES

PERSONAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

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By vote of the Executive Council, the next annual meeting of the American Political Science Association will be held at Pittsburgh in December, 1921. The American Economic Association will be in session in the same city on the same days. The committee in charge of the political science program is C. G. Fenwick, Bryn Mawr College, chairman; C. E. Merriam, University of Chicago; F. B. Sayre, Harvard Law School; J. T. Young, University of Pennsylvania; and V. J. West, Stanford University.

Since the May issue of the REVIEW the following names have been added to the list of members of the association:

Allen, Charles A., San Jose, Cal. Baker, Ray Stannard, Washington, D. C. Bass, R. P., Eugene, Ore. Begg, James T., Washington, D. C. Bibliotecka Uniwersytecka, Poznan, Poland. Carneiro, Dr. Mario, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Errera, Professor Paul, Brussels, Belgium. Fenn, Rev. P. T., Jr., Syracuse, N. Y. Ganfield, W. A., Center College, Danville, Ky. Gavis, Roy L., Roanoke, Va. Hagerman, H. J., Roswell, N. M. Jacobson, Conrad, Ponca, Neb. Jacoby, N. D., New York, N. Y. Janson, Florence E., Rockford, Ill. Kiekhofer, W. H., Madison, Wis. Klinger, A. Conn, Delaware, Ohio. Lay, Tracy, Washington, D. C. Lewis, J. J., Kirkwood, Mo. Lockey, Joseph B., Nashville, Tenn. The Low Library, Shanghai, China. McCormick, Edith R., Zurich, Switzerland. Morris, Roland S., Philadelphia, Pa. Plimpton, Francis T. P., Amherst, Mass.

Scott, J. F., Berkeley, Cal.
Library, Southern Branch-University of California, Los Angeles, Cal.
Reyes, José S., New York, N. Y.
Shaw, G. Howland, Washington, D. C.
Tsen, D. C., Shanghai, China.
Thomas, Thomas H., Windsor, Vt.
Villaran, Manuel V., Lima, Peru.
Williams, Bruce, University of Virginia, University, Va.
Zimmerman, J. F., New York, N. Y.

Professor A. N. Holcombe, of Harvard University, is giving instruction during the summer term at Leland Stanford Jr. University, and Professor Lindsay Rogers is lecturing in the summer school of the University of Southern California.

Professor W. B. Munro, of Harvard University, gave the Weil Foundation lectures on American citizenship at the University of North Carolina during the month of April. These lectures, which dealt with the subject of "Personality in Politics," will be published in the autumn.

Mr. James A. Garfield, a graduate of Williams College and of the Harvard Law School, has been appointed instructor in constitutional law at Harvard University for next year.

Professor Walter J. Shepard has resigned his position at the University of Missouri to accept a similar one at Ohio State University.

Dr. E. E. Eubank, of the Y. M. C. A. College of Chicago, has been appointed professor of social science at the University of Cincinnati.

Professor Harold S. Quigley, of the University of Minnesota, has been granted leave of absence for 1921-22. He will spend the year in China, teaching at Tsing Hua College and carrying on research on Far Eastern politics.

Mr. C. R. Robinson has been appointed instructor in political science at the University of Minnesota.

Mr. Edward C. Smith, instructor in political science at Lafayette College, has been appointed to a similar post in New York University. Professor John M. Mathews, of the University of Illinois, is teaching at the University of Nebraska during the summer session, and Dr. C. A. Berdahl is teaching for the summer at Tulane University.

Professor G. W. Rutherford, of Grinnell College, is teaching during the summer session at the University of Kansas.

Dr. F. H. Guild, instructor in political science at the University of Indiana, has been promoted to an assistant professorship.

Professor F. W. Coker, of Ohio State University, is giving summer courses at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. J. H. Leek, a graduate of James Milliken University and a graduate student at the University of Illinois, has been appointed instructor in political science at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. H. W. Thompson, who is completing his work for the doctor's degree at Wisconsin, has been appointed instructor in political science at that institution.

Mr. Raymond L. Buell has resigned his position at Occidental College in order to resume graduate work at Princeton University.

Dr. N. H. Debel, of Goucher College, gave two courses on American government in the summer session of Johns Hopkins University.

Dr. F. A. Magruder, associate professor of political science at Oregon Agricultural College, is traveling in Europe during the summer. Dr. U. G. Dubach, of the same institution, has been on leave since May 1 and has been visiting the principal South American countries.

The American Philosophic Society has awarded the Henry Phillips prize, amounting to two thousand dollars, for 1921 to Professor Quincy Wright, of the University of Minnesota, for an essay entitled "The Control of Foreign Relations in the United States; the Relative Rights, Duties, and Responsibilities of the President, of the Senate, of the House, and of the Judiciary, in Theory and in Practice."

With a view to bringing about coöperation among the committees on teaching, maintained by several learned societies, a national council for the social studies has been organized. The officers for the first year are: A. E. McKinley, professor of history in the University of Pennsylvania, and editor of the *Historical Outlook*, president; R. M. Tryon, professor of history in the University of Chicago, vice president; and Edgar Dawson, professor of political science at Hunter College, secretary-treasurer.

The seventh annual session of the Summer School of Community Leadership will be held at the University of Wisconsin, August 15–26. The school is conducted by the American City Bureau, and is specially adapted to the needs of secretaries of chambers of commerce and civic workers of various kinds.

Under the direction of Dean Roscoe Pound and Professor Felix Frankfurter, of the Harvard Law School, a survey has been made of the administration of criminal justice in Cleveland. The survey was conducted in five divisions, *i.e.*, police, prosecution, court administration, penal treatment, and medical relations. No such comprehensive attempt to study the problem of the treatment of the offender in a metropolitan city has hitherto been made.

The recently established New York State Association, of which Mr. Adelbert Moot of Buffalo is president, and Dr. Robert Moses of New York City is secretary, has started the publication of a *Bulletin* devoted to public affairs of the state.

The Bureau for Research in Government at the University of Minnesota has published "A History of the Constitution of Minnesota," by the director, Professor William Anderson, in collaboration with Dr. A. J. Lobb.

The Harris political science prizes for 1921 have been awarded as follows: first prize of \$150 to Harold F. Kumm, University of Minnesota, for an essay entitled "The Legal Relations of City and State with Reference to Public Utility Regulation"; and second prize of \$100 to Clarence E. Fugina, University of Wisconsin, for an essay entitled "Budgetary Reform in the National Government of the United States." Honorable mention was accorded to J. F. Sharp, Wabash College, for an essay entitled "Campaign Contributions and Expenditures and their Regulation." The subjects from which competitors may choose in 1922 are as follows:

(1) Freedom of speech, press and assembly.

(2) Comparison of American bills of rights with equivalent provisions in foreign post-war constitutions.

(3) Administrative reorganization in the national government, or in state governments.

(4) State or local administration in a particular field, such as public health, public welfare, police.

(5) Governmental intervention in labor disputes.

(6) Municipal Government: (a) Is a city more of a business corporation than a state? or, (b) Is commission or manager government adapted to cities with more than 300,000 population?

(7) Recent tendencies in primary elections and other methods of nominations.

(8) Party platforms: (a) Comparative study of all the national party platforms of 1912, 1916, and 1920, or of state party platforms in a particular state in any one of those years; or (b) influence of national platforms on national legislation, or of state platforms on legislation in a particular state.

(9) Congressional control of national elections.

(10) Organized labor as a factor in politics in Great Britain or in the United States.

(11) American policy in the Caribbean.

(12) Economic aspects of the Monroe Doctrine.

(13) Far Eastern politics with reference to (a) the Shantung controversy, or (b) the Japanese demands in China since 1914.

(14) Workings of the League of Nations during its first year.

(15) Political reconstruction in India.

The competition is open to all undergraduates in colleges and universities of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, and Michigan. For further particulars, address Professor N. D. Harris, Harris Hall, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois.

An Institute of Public Administration has recently been organized in New York City to extend and carry on the work of the Training School for Public Service of the New York Bureau of Municipal Research. Furthermore, in recognition of the place of research in the training of administrators, the Bureau of Municipal Research has itself been fused with the institute. Since 1906, the bureau has been

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rendering technical service to national, state, city and county governments in all phases of public administration. Special attention has been given to administrative organization, personnel management, financial planning, budget making, taxation, debt administration, accounting, purchasing, public health, police and fire administration. the management of public works and utilities, and the introduction of modern business methods in government. Since 1911 the Training School for Public Service has given instruction to over 450 students, many of whom are now found in responsible administrative positions with the national, state and city governments, in bureaus of research, chambers of commerce, universities, and civic federations. The National Institute of Public Administration has acquired the good-will, the accumulated experience and traditions, the library, and the entire staff of the Training School for Public Service and the Bureau of Municipal Research. It plans to extend the educational and scientific work heretofore carried on by these organizations and to provide a more systematic and comprehensive course of training.

The ninth meeting of the Governmental Research Conference of the United States and Canada was held in Philadelphia, June 2–4, 1921. This was the second meeting of the conference to be held apart from the National Municipal League, the first separate meeting being held in Chicago in 1919.

The early sessions of the meeting were devoted to the discussion of various committee reports. Dr. A. E. Buck, of the National Institute of Public Administration, presented a tentative draft of a budget section for state constitutions, and Wendell F. Johnson, of the Toledo Bureau of Publicity and Efficiency, made a report with regard to a charter section on purchasing. A preliminary report by William C. Beyer, assistant director of the Philadelphia Bureau of Municipal Research, on possible ways of reconstituting our civil service commissions, was followed by a round-table discussion of public employment problems. Dr. Luther H. Gulick, acting director of the National Institute of Public Administration, presented a report making tentative suggestions with regard to the organization of boards of education.

Perhaps the most interesting session of the meeting was the one devoted to a discussion of "Developments in Governmental Organization to Meet Present Day Needs." The leading speakers on this topic were Dr. Harold W. Dodds, secretary of the National Municipal League, Richard S. Childs of New York, Morris L. Cooke, of Philadelphia, and Henry P. Seidemann, of the Institute for Government Research, Washington, D. C. Another notable feature of the meeting was an address by Sherman C. Kingsley, the newly elected executive secretary of the Philadelphia Welfare Federation, on "The Human Side of Government." The last half-day was given over to group conferences on accounting and finance, civil service, and publicity and promotion.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: president, Frederick P. Gruenberg, director of the Philadelphia Bureau of Municipal Research; vice president, R. E. Miles, director of the Ohio Institute of Public Efficiency; and secretary-treasurer, Lent D. Upson, director of the Detroit Bureau of Governmental Research.

The conference decided to hold its next meeting in Cleveland in June, 1922, and to continue the practice of separate meetings.

The first session of the Institute of Politics, recently established under the auspices of Williams College, is scheduled to be held at Williamstown from July 28 to August 27. The general subject for the session is International Relations, which will be treated in its historical. political, legal, commercial and institutional aspects. Foreign lecturers and their subjects are Viscount James Bryce, "International Relations of the Old World States"; Baron Sergius A. Korff, "Russian Foreign Relations during the last Half-Century"; Stephen Panaretoff, "Near Eastern Affairs and Conditions"; and Tomaso Tittoni "Italian Foreign Policies." Round table conferences are to be conducted by Professors A. C. Coolidge and R. H. Lord, on Central Europe; former Under-Secretary of State Norman H. Davis, on the reparations question; Professor J. W. Garner, on the peace treaties; Professor C. H. Haskins and Major Lawrence Martin, on the boundaries of new Europe: Professor J. S. Reeves, on fundamental conceptions in international law in relation to political theory and political philosophy; Dr. L. S. Rowe, on Latin American questions; Professor F. W. Taussig, on tariffs and tariff problems; and Professor G. G. Wilson, on unsettled questions in international law.