Special Announcements

Special Announcements

Austrian Ministry for Science and Research Scholarships

The Austrian Ministry for Science and Research will again grant a limited number of scholarships for the academic year 1979-1980 to U. S. graduate students now working on doctoral dissertations or other research projects in the field of Austrian history. The grants cover only the cost of tuition and maintenance for one person and may not be used to supplement a stipend received from another scholarship or fellowship. Holders of these scholarships are expected to be in residence at an Austrian university and should have a good command of the German language.

Candidates applying for these scholarships should send five copies of their résumé (written in German) as well as five copies of their graduate and undergraduate transcripts and of a statement explaining their research projects (a two or three page outline in English will be satisfactory) to Gunther E. Rothenberg, Department of History, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana 47907. They should also ask three professors familiar with their work to send brief letters of recommendation to the same address. The deadline for the application and letters of recommendation is December 1, 1978.

American Committee to promote Studies of the History of the Habsburg Monarchy

At the annual business meeting of the Conference Group for Central European History at Washington, D. C., on December 29, 1976, Peter F. Sugar, of the University of Washington, was elected to succeed Istvan Deak, of Columbia University, as a member of the American Committee to promote Studies of the History of the Habsburg Monarchy. At the same meeting Gunther E. Rothenberg, of Purdue University, was chosen to replace Deak as executive-secretary of the Committee. At the business meeting at Dallas, Texas, on December 29, 1977, Stanley Z. Pech, of the University of British Columbia, was elected to succeed Peter Brock, of the University of Toronto. The Committee is now composed of the following members: Dimitrije Djordjević, of the University of California at Santa Barbara; Klemens von Klemperer, of Smith College; Stanley Z. Pech, of the University of British Columbia; Gunther E. Rothen-

berg, of Purdue University (executive-secretary); Carl E. Schorske, of Princeton University; Peter F. Sugar, of the University of Washington; and R. John Rath, of Rice University (ex officio member).

American Association for the Study of Hungarian History

At the seventh annual business meeting of the American Association for the Study of Hungarian History at Washington, D. C., on December 29, 1976, Eva Balogh, of Yale University, was named chairman and R. John Rath, of Rice University, was elected vice-chairman. At the business meeting at Dallas, Texas, on December 29, 1977, R. John Rath became chairman. Thomas Sakmyster, of the University of Cincinnati, was elected vice-chairman and Richard E. Allen, of Columbia, secretary-treasurer.

The prize awarded by the Association for the best article published by a Canadian or United States scholar in 1976-1977 was given to Lee Congdon, of Madison University, for his essay on "Karl Polanyi in Hungary, 1900-1919," which was published in the Journal of Contemporary History, Vol. II (1976), pp. 167-183. Honorable mention was given to Andras B. Gollner, of Concordia University (Montreal), for his article "Foundations of Soviet Domination and Communist Political Power in Hungary, 1945-1950," published in the Canadian-American Review of Hungarian Studies, Vol. III, No. 2 (Fall, 1976), pp. 73-105. The prize will again be awarded at the New York City meeting of the Association in December, 1979, in this case for the best article published in 1978-1979.

Arthur Schnitzler Research Association

Ever since it was founded in 1961 by Robert O. Weiss, of the University of Kentucky, the International Arthur Schnitzler Research Association has fostered and supported research on Schnitzler and his era. The findings of the members of the Association were disseminated between 1961 and 1967 in the Journal of the International Schnitzler Research Association. In 1967, to emphasize the interest of the Association in promoting research on other aspects of the period in which Schnitzler lived as well as work concerning the noted physician, playwright, and novelist himself, the name of the publication was changed to Modern Austrian Literature. The first issue of Vol. XI has just been printed. The editor of the journal is the current president of the International Arthur

Schnitzler Research Association: Donald G. Daviau, of the Department of Literature and Languages at the University of California at Riverside.

Conference Group for Central European History

At the annual business meeting of the Conference Group for Central European History at Washington, D. C., on December 29, 1976, Felix Gilbert, of the Institute for Advance Study at Princeton, was elected chairman. Otto Pflanze, of Indiana University, was elected vice-chairman and Peter Loewenberg, of the University of California at Los Angeles, secretary-treasurer. At the business meeting at Dallas, Texas, on December 29, 1977, Otto Pflanze became chairman and Fritz Stern, of Columbia University, was elected vice-chairman.

The Conference Group's biennial prize for the best article on any aspect of Central European history by a United States or Canadian scholar was awarded at the Washington, D. C., business meeting in December, 1976, to Frederick D. Marquardt for his essay entitled "Sozialen Aufstieg, sozialen Abstieg und die Entstehung der Berlinen Arbeiterklasse 1806-1848," which was published in Geschichte und Gesellschaft, Vol. I (1975), pp. 43-75. The prize will again be given in December, 1978, for the best article published in 1977-1978.

At the 1976 business meeting in Washington, D. C., the Conference Group formed a Standing Committee on Quantification in Central European Studies to facilitate communication among historians of Central Europe. In order to determine whether a real need exists for such a body the Committee would like to find out (a) how many scholars of Central European history are using quantitative methods in their research; (b) what kind of projects they have investigated by such methods; and (c) how the Committee could help them overcome some of the problems they have encountered. Communications should be sent to the chairman of the Committee: Konrad H. Jarausch, Department of History, University of Missouri at Columbia, Columbia, Missouri 65201.