J. Appl. Prob. 43, 602 (2006) Printed in Israel © Applied Probability Trust 2006

CORRECTION

IKSANOV, A. M. (2004). Infinite divisibility of infinite sums of lower records: a simple proof. *J. Appl. Prob.* **41**, 1187–1190.

Lemma 1 of the above paper is valid only for continuous distributions. My thanks go to Professor Charles M. Goldie, who, in his MathSciNet review MR 2122812, gave an appropriate counterexample to my statement that Lemma 1 is true for arbitrary distributions on $[0, \infty)$.

When an underlying distribution is continuous all the results presented in the paper are correct.