

NEWS OF THE PROFESSION

I. Guide to the International Archives and Collections at the IISH: Supplement over 1994*

The "Guide to the International Archives and Collections at the IISH, Amsterdam" (henceforth cited as GIA), edited by Atie van der Horst and Elly Koen, was first published in 1989. A description of recently acquired archives and collections as well as major accruals to archives received by the IISH will be published annually to keep this survey up to date. From now on a list of microfilms of archives or collections held in other repositories, of which the IISH has received a copy, will also be added annually. Like the GIA this supplement is subdivided into the categories "persons" and "organizations", arranged alphabetically.

The components of each entry are:

1. *Access*. Restriction is indicated by *.
2. *Name*. Names of persons include data of birth and death when known.
3. *Period*. First and last date of the documents present.
4. *Size*. In linear metres.
5. *Entry*. Available finding aids.
6. *Condensed biography/history*.
7. *Summary of the contents*.

Reference is given to the pages of the GIA holding the initial description where summaries of a supplement are concerned.

Documentary collections are listed separately with only the name, period, size and available finding aids.

For consultation of the archives a written request in advance, addressed to the information service, stating the character of the study, is necessary. Prior request is particularly important because very recently acquired materials may not yet have been arranged or packed.

1. *Persons*

*Ahmadi, Hamid

NB. See Iranian Socialist and Communist Parties, Organizations and Groups.

*Arnoni, Menachem S. (1922–1985)

Period: 1963, 1968–1985

Size: 0.05 m.

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA Supplement over 1993, pp. 517–518.

Some correspondence with Noam Chomsky, Linus Pauling, H.G. Sussman and others 1963, 1968–1982, 1985; documents on his participation in the Bertrand

* Edited by Jaap Haag

International Review of Social History 40 (1995), pp. 345–357

Russell Centenary Symposium 1972; copy of a commemorative circular letter by Tera Arnoni [1985].

Christie, J. Stuart (born 1946)

Period: 1963, 1969–1985

Size: 0.12 m.

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, p. 35.

Some correspondence including letters to Brenda Christie 1963, 1971–1984; copies of requests for information concerning himself from the files of the CIA 1982–1984; copies of Italian periodicals and clippings 1969–1972 (–1985) and some other documentation.

Condés Lara, Enrique

NB. See Partido Comunista Mexicano (PCM).

Herz, Carl (1877–1951)

Period: 1896–1947 (–1966)

Size: 0.05 m.

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, pp. 73–74.

University certificates, documents relating to his appointment and dismissal as a mayor of Kreuzberg and other personal documents 1896–1939; manuscripts including “Die politische Neuordnung Deutschlands” [1944] and “Selbstverwaltung und Polizei” [1945]; some documents from his wife Else Herz 1954–1966.

Louis, Roger (1912–1993)

Period: 1830–1927 [–1933]

Size: 0.24 m.

Entry: list

Born in Paris 1912, died in Paris 1993; printer, editor and employee of a paper company; one of the founders of the Maquis in Gordes, Ventoux in 1943 and decorated more than once because of his role in the French resistance; dismissed by his employer in 1968 because of his participation in the general strike; interested in history and especially in cultural life he became a collector of letters and autographs of 19th and 20th century French republicans.

Collection of Roger Louis consisting of letters and autographs by Marc Caussidière 1848, Lucien Descaves 1913–1927 and n.d., Jean Grave 1914–1927 [–1933] and n.d., Jules Guesde 1880–1915, Alfred Naquet 1864–1897 and n.d., Henri Rochefort 1870 and n.d., Auguste Vermorel 1863–1871, Maxime Vuillaume including letters to Lucien Descaves 1908–1917 and n.d., Félix Pyat 1836–1889 and others; correspondence on anarchism and the Paris Commune including some letters by L. Auguste Blanqui, Filippo Buonarroti, Louise Michel and others 1830–1913; copies of letters by Pierre-Joseph Proudhon 1844–1861.

Rosdolsky, Roman (1898–1967)

Period: 1927–1967 (–1991)

Size: 0.25

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, p. 143.

Correspondence with Otto Morf 1952–1967 and Solomon S. Švarc 1949–1967; manuscripts and typescripts 1929–1966, including his doctoral thesis “Friedrich Engels und das Problem der geschichtslosen Völker” from 1929, “Die ostgalizische Dorfgemeinschaft und ihre Auflösung” 1936, his inside account of the Ukrainian socialist left during the First World War 1951 and his concentration camp reminiscences of Auschwitz 1955; offprints, clippings and photocopies of his publications, some of which are rare 1927–1969; offprints and clippings of reviews of his publications and commemorative articles 1964–1991.

***Russell, Dora W. (1894–1986)**

Period: 1932–1976 (–1987)

Size: 0.85 m.

Entry: List

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, pp. 145–147.

Correspondence with Bertrand A. W. Russell 1934 and n.d., John C. Russell 1933–1934, 1976–1977, Katharine Tait-Russell 1932–1970 and a few others c. 1954–1981; legal and financial correspondence with solicitors and publishers 1947–1986.

Papers of her children: Roderick Barry 1939–1940, 1942; John C. Russell 1954–1987; Katharine Tait-Russell 1936, 1939, 1975–1987; Harriet R. Ward-Barry 1939, 1986–1987.

***Suparna Sastra Diredja (born 1915)**

Period: 1974–1975, 1991–1994

Size: 0.14 m.

Born in Tarogong near Garut, Java, Dutch East Indies (Indonesia) 1915; trade union leader and author; active in the nationalist youth organization Indonesia Muda and subsequently in the Gerakan Rakyat Indonesia (Gerindo; Movement of the Indonesian People) and the emerging co-operative movement; during the Japanese occupation engaged in the relief of the families of the “romusas”, the forced labourers committed by the Japanese; involved in the preparation of the Indonesian independence proclamation in 1945; member of the Komite Nasional Indonesia Pusat, the provisional Indonesian parliament in Yogyakarta; one of the founders of the trade union of plantation workers Sarekat Buruh Perkebunan Republik Indonesia (Sarbupri) in 1947 and its secretary-general until 1965; being in China he escaped the slaughter of communists and suspects of communism after the coup d'état by general Suharto in 1965; moved to the Netherlands in 1978.

Manuscript of his novel “MMC – Di Lereng Gunung Merapi Merbabu” 1974; part of his translation into Dutch of his novel “Romusa”; copy of his short novel “Si Titut” 1992; autobiographical notes; some correspondence 1991–1993; documents relating to the publishing house Equator-Khatulistiwa; notes concerning Abdul (Asmara) Hadi, Djawoto and others 1992–1993; typescripts of novels and poems by others; copies of periodicals, clippings and other documentation on Indonesia 1991–1994.

Vandervelde, Émile (1866–1938)

Period: (1888–) 1915–1917, 1927–1938

Size: 0.12 m.

Born in Brussels 1866, died in Brussels 1938; socialist politician and temperance advocate; deputy of the socialist students at congresses of the Belgische Werkliedenpartij (BWP)/Parti Ouvrier Belge (POB) 1890–1892; chairman of the Brussels office of the Labour and Socialist International (LSI/SAI) 1900–1914; member of the Belgian council of ministers 1916–1918; Minister of Justice 1918–1921; Belgian delegate at the peace conference of Versailles 1919; Minister for Foreign Affairs 1925–1927; chairman of the BWP/POB 1933–1938; Minister of Public Health 1936–1937; took a radical view in the conflict within the Belgian government on its position towards the Spanish Civil War 1936–1937; his memoirs “Souvenirs d'un militant socialiste” were published in 1939.

Copies from a police file concerning Vandervelde 1888–1896; diplomatic passport 1915–1916; correspondence with Victor Adler 1917, Louis Bertrand 1934–1935, Otto Deutsch 1932, Max Hallet 1935, J. Ramsay MacDonald 1917 and n.d., Angel Ossorio 1937, Léon Roland 1936 and others; texts of three speeches at medical congresses 1936; file on a working plan of the BWP/POB against unemployment 1933–1938; file on the gold standard 1935–1936; file on the Comité de l'Office de liquidation des interventions de crise 1936; file on Jean Fréville and his “Pain de brique” 1937–1938.

Yates, Frederick (1908–1991 or 1992)

Period: (1906–) 1917–1991

Size: 1.24 m.

Entry: list

Born in England 1908; died in England in 1991 or 1992; teacher and author; raised in a working-class family in New Mills he became a member of the Labour Party; turned to communism in the 1930s and worked for the *Daily Worker*; after the Second World War he completed a course at a training college in Exmouth and became a teacher; in the 1950s he was active in the London Federation of Parent-Teacher Associations; turned to anarchism after his break with communism; has been a literary man in addition to his other activities.

Correspondence with his wife Catherine Carroll 1941, 1944, 1947–1948 and n.d., his brother Eric 1935, 1942–1948 and other family members; correspondence with Gwen Bingham 1934–1936, Eric Boyle 1941–1945, Alec Jarwood 1941–1945 and others; personal documents including documents relating to his training as a teacher and some earlier jobs 1917–1957; documents relating to the *Daily Worker* and the Workmen's Pools 1935–1938, 1940, 1943 and to the London Federation of Parent-Teacher Associations 1946–1959; manuscripts of “The Womb of Time” (written under his pseudonym Theo Yeats) [1983] and “Angels of Doom” n.d.; manuscripts of some articles and poems; notes; pamphlets, clippings and other documentation on the Communist Party of Great Britain and other subjects 1919–1991.

Some manuscripts by Sidney Yates and his wife Catherine Yates including “Say not the Struggle” n.d.

2. Organizations

Gruppe Internationaler Marxisten (GIM). Deutsche Sektion der IV. Internationale, Ortsgruppe Hamburg and Kommunistische Partei Deutschlands-Marxisten Leninisten (KPD-ML), Landesbezirk Hamburg

Period: 1970–1986

Size: 2.12 m.

Entry: list

The Gruppe Internationaler Marxisten (GIM), Ortsgruppe Hamburg, was a branch of the German section of the Fourth International; founded in the 1960s the Hamburg group intensified its activities around 1970; agitated among workers and students and involved in strikes and other actions; participated in local and national elections; deeply engaged in discussions on political strategies and tactics, the group remained small; about 1984 the GIM started talks with the Maoist Kommunistische Partei Deutschlands-Marxisten Leninisten (KPD-ML) on collaboration which resulted in a merger in 1986, when the Vereinigte Sozialistische Partei (VSP) was founded.

GIM Ortsgruppe Hamburg:

Agenda, minutes and other documents relating to meetings of the board and general meetings 1977–1986; correspondence 1974–1986; documents on national and local election campaigns 1976–1986; documents on agitation among workers, members of trade unions and students 1973–1984; documents on the situation in Iran, Latin America, Poland and Turkey 1980–1985; leaflets of the GIM 1970–1986.

KPD-ML Landesbezirk Hamburg:

Agenda, minutes and other documents relating to meetings of the plenum and the secretariat 1983–1985; documents relating to talks with the Gruppe Internationaler Marxisten (GIM) Ortsgruppe Hamburg on collaboration and merger 1984–1986; leaflets of the KPD-ML 1973–1986.

***Iranian Socialist and Communist Parties, Organizations and Groups**

Period: (1931–) 1957–1990

Size: 2.12 m.

Entry: list

The first generation of Iranian socialists participated in the Constitutional Revolution of 1906–1908; in 1917 the 'Adalat (Justice) Party was founded in Baku, Azerbaijan, which in 1920 changed its name into Ferqeh-e Komonist-e Iran (Communist Party of Iran); suppressed by the Reza Shah autocracy during 1921–1941; in 1941 the Hezb-e Tudeh-e Iran (Tudeh or Mass Party of Iran) was founded, which showed a rapid expansion and became a major force in the post-World War II period; the Tudeh Party of Iran (TPI) lost its strength drastically after 1953 because of the repression by the regime of Mohammad Reza Shah but managed to survive and played a role in the revolution of 1979.

Besides the TPI the Sazman-e Cherikha-ye Fedai'i-ye Khalq-e Iran (Guerrilla's Fedai Organization of Iran) came into existence through the merging in 1971 of two guerrilla groups which were active since the mid-1960s; after the revolution of 1979 the Fedai split because of a conflict over their position towards the Islamic Republic; persecutions by the Khomeini regime started in 1981; a large number of the leaders and cadres of the TPI, the Fedai and other left organizations were arrested, executed or sentenced to prison; an internal opposition within the TPI emerged after 1983

and founded the Hezb-e Demokratik-e Mardom-e Iran (Iranian People's Democratic Party).

Ahmadi, Hamid: born in Sari, Iran 1945; graduated from Iran's naval academy in 1971; member of the Central Committee of the Tudeh Party; left the TPI in 1986 and is research fellow at the Free University of Berlin.

Collection of documents from Hamid Ahmadi:

Correspondence by Hamid Ahmadi, Ardeshir Avanesiyan and other central committee members and cadres of the Tudeh Party of Iran 1951, 1984–1990; documents relating to plenums of the Tudeh Party of Iran 1957, 1981, 1984, 1988; proclamations, internal bulletins, pamphlets and other documents relating to the Tudeh Party of Iran 1960–1961, 1973–1990 and n.d.; some documents relating to the Iranian People's Democratic Party 1987–1991; internal bulletins, pamphlets and other documents relating to the Guerrilla's Fedai Organization of Iran, the Feda'i Aksariyat (= Fedai Majority) organization and other Iranian armed struggle and marxist organizations 1968–1990.

Kommunistische Partei Deutschlands-Marxisten Leninisten (KPD-ML), Landesbezirk Hamburg

NB. See Gruppe Internationaler Marxisten (GIM). Deutsche Sektion der IV. Internationale, Ortsgruppe Hamburg.

***London Federation of Anarchists (LFA)**

Period: 1965–1969

Size: 0.12 m.

Documents relating to the Anarchist International Conference at Carrara, Italy in 1968, including bulletins and circulars of the preparatory commission and correspondence with Guy Malouvier of the Fédération Anarchiste (Paris) and others 1966–1968; bulletins and circulars 1965–1968; correspondence 1967–1969; financial documents 1967–1969; various copies of periodicals, bulletins and pamphlets 1968–1969; clippings, mainly on World War II 1939–1942.

***Miners' International Federation (MIF)**

Period: 1957–1988

Size: 27 m.

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, pp. 219–220.

Proceedings of and circulars and other documents relating to congresses, meetings of the Executive Committee and Bureau meetings 1957–1986; circulars issued by the secretariat 1960–1984; registers of letters 1969–1980; correspondence with and concerning national mineworkers' trade unions including the Centrale Syndicale des Travailleurs des Mines de Belgique, the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) in Great Britain, the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) of South Africa, the Nigerian Mineworkers' Union, the National Mineworkers' Union of Liberia, the Fédération Générale des Ouvriers du Sous-Sol in Tunisia, the Indian National Mineworkers' Federation, the Türkiye Maden İşçi Sendikaları Federasyonu (Mine Workers' Federation of Turkey), the Unión de Trabajadores Metalurgicos y Mineros de Colombia and numerous other affiliated and non-affiliated organizations c. 1960–1988; correspondence with the African regional representative 1974; files on strikes in Great Britain 1972 and 1984–1985, Spain

1963–1965 and other countries; files on accidents; documents relating to meetings of the Young Miners' Committee 1976 and to the ICFTU-Co-ordinating Committee on Southern Africa 1982–1989.

National Committee of 100

Period: 1961–1967

Size: 0.36 m.

Founded in October 1960 in response to a call from Earl Bertrand Russell and Reverend Michael Scott for a movement of non-violent resistance to nuclear war and to the manufacture and use of all weapons of mass extermination; the Committee of 100 organized marches against nuclear testing and demonstrations at the US and Soviet embassies in London and at the Polaris submarine base and US Air Force bases in Great Britain; in 1962 Regional Committees and Area Working Groups were formed throughout Britain, their activities being co-ordinated by the National Office in London; autonomous sub-committees carried out specialized work for the Committee, such as the Legal Action Group, the Welfare Group, the 100 Book Club and the Schools for Non-violence; among its supporters were Edith Russell, John Osborne, Vanessa Redgrave, Peter Cadogan and Ken Weller; from the mid 1960s the committee also organized actions against the war in Vietnam.

National Committee of 100:

Agenda and minutes of national committee meetings with annexes 1961–1966; documents relating to the national conference "The Way Ahead" 1963; minutes of meetings of working groups and sub-committees 1962–1966 and documents on the demonstrations at Greenham Common US Air Force Base, the Aldermaston march and demonstrations against the Vietnam war 1962–1966; some circulars and leaflets on elections 1963.

West Midlands Committee of 100:

Some correspondence by Norman Burns and Bob Dearden 1961–1967; circulars, leaflets and clippings, mainly on the Vietnam war, disarmament and anti-recruitment campaigns 1961–1967; lists with addresses.

Partido Comunista Mexicano (PCM) – Condés Lara, Enrique

Period: 1919–1981 (–1982, 1985)

Size: 2 m.

Entry: list

Partido Comunista Mexicano (PCM): founded in 1919 and affiliated with the Communist International (Comintern); involved in several workers' strikes, tenants' struggles and peasant actions in the 1920s and 1930s; participated in the founding of the Confederación General de Trabajadores in 1921; in 1925 the periodical *El Machete*, which was founded by artists like Diego Rivera and David Siqueiros, became the official organ of the PCM; forced to move underground from 1929 to the end of 1934, when the newly inaugurated president Lázaro Cárdenas stopped persecutions; supported reforms by the Cárdenas administration; renamed its organ *El Machete* in *Voz de México* in 1938; faced a severe crisis by the end of the 1930s, which was deepened by the assassination of Leon Trotsky in 1940 and the purge of the party in the aftermath of the Extraordinary Congress held in the same year; not until the 1960s would the party grow stronger again; involved in actions against repression and supported democratization in 1968 but maintained a strict position

against armed struggle; suffered a new period of repression in the 1970s; participated in the 1979 elections winning 5 per cent of the national vote; dissolved in 1981 in order to merge with other parties to the Partido Socialista Unificado de México (PSUM), from 1987 the Partido Mexicano Socialista (PMS).

Condés Lara, Enrique: Mexican historian; member of the Partido Comunista Mexicano; for some years member of the Central Committee and in charge of an election committee in Puebla.

Collection of printed, stencilled and typed documents (partly photocopies) of the Partido Comunista Mexicano received from Enrique Condés Lara: reports and other documents relating to the congresses and conferences 1919–1981; reports, circular letters, statements and pamphlets by and other documents relating to the Central Committee 1923–1981; documents relating to the party's Regional and State Committees 1962–1982, 1985; documents relating to the Juventud Comunista and the Comisión Nacional Juvenil del PCM 1965–1981; documents relating to the Central Campesina Independiente (CCI) and the Central Independiente de Obreros Agrícolas y Campesinos (CIOAC) 1965–1983; some documents relating to the Movimiento Revolucionario del Magisterio (MRM) 1968–1981; report of the meeting of representatives of the Communist International and the Labour and Socialist International (LSI) concerning the Frente Unido en Favor del Proletario Español 1936.

***Postal, Telegraph and Telephone International (PTTI)**

Period: 1963–1994

Size: 3.25 m.

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, pp. 225–226.

Additional records 1963–1994.

***Socialist International Information**

Period: 1964–1983

Size: 0.85 m.

Periodical, published by the Socialist International (SI); in addition to *Socialist International Information* (from 1970 also called *Socialist Affairs*) the bimonthly *Bulletin* of the International Council of Social Democratic Women (from 1978 *Socialist International Women*) is also published by the SI.

Archives of the editors of *Socialist International Information/Socialist Affairs* and *Bulletin*, consisting of correspondence and other documents, mostly relating to contributions 1964–1983.

Solidarity

Period: 1961–1988 (–1993)

Size: 1.12 m.

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA Supplement over 1993, pp. 521–522.

Minutes and other documents of the Oxford Solidarity Group 1975, 1977–1981; minutes of the London Solidarity Group 1980–1986; discussion papers on the ideological premises and the organization of Solidarity including correspondence

by John King and Ken Weller and documents of the Solidarity Working Group on Organization 1965–1982; documents on the struggle by and the support of the workers of the British motor car industries 1964–1978; some manuscripts and notes; pamphlets including a copy of “Socialism Reaffirmed”, clippings and other documentation.

***Syndicalist Workers’ Federation (SWF)**

Period: 1960–1986

Size: 0.5 m.

Founded at the constitutive conference in Manchester on 6 August 1950; affiliated to the International Working Men’s Association (IWMA); its activities were co-ordinated by the National Committee; main object of the SWF was to take part in the struggle for national and international working-class solidarity and to improve working conditions; published the monthly paper *Direct Action* and the series of “Direct Action pamphlets”.

Minutes of meetings of the National Committee 1967–1968; agenda, minutes, correspondence and other documents relating to national conferences 1963–1968; correspondence by its secretary Bill Christopher, its treasurer Mark Hendy and others with Wilfred Wigham and Harry Mukherjee of the Independent Labour Party, E. Michels of the Freie Arbeiter Stimme Group (London), Augustin Roa of the Confederación Nacional del Trabajo de España en el Exilio (Liaison Committee in Great Britain), Graham Puxon of the Itinerant Action International, Marc Prevotel of the Fédération Anarchiste, Albert de Jong of *Buiten de Perken*, A. Ferré of the Association Internationale des Travailleurs and others, including letters of support for J. Stuart Christie who had been arrested in Madrid in 1964 on a charge of possessing explosives, 1962–1968, 1971–1973; lists of SWF members 1967; subscribers’ lists of *Direct Action* 1960–1986; incoming letters relating to *Seamen’s Voice* 1962–1963; report of the conference of the National Rank and File Movement and lists of its members 1962.

***Türkiye Birleşik Komünist Partisi (TBKP)**

NB. See Türkiye Komünist Partisi.

***Türkiye Komünist Partisi (TKP) and Türkiye Birleşik Komünist Partisi (TBKP)**

Period: (1958–) 1967–1990

Size: 25.5 m.

Entry: list

Founded on 10 September 1920 in Baku, Azerbaijan; participated in the Turkish national liberation struggle of 1918–1922; its chairman Mustafa Suphi, general secretary Ethem Nejat and 13 of their comrades were murdered by the nationalists on the Black Sea on 28–29 January 1921; forced into illegality during most of its history and faced a large number of mass-detentions; attracted many Turkish intellectuals, among them the poet Nazım Hikmet; weakened by factional disputes over the policy of the Comintern and the position of the party towards the Kemalist Cumhuriyet Halk Partisi (CHP; Republican People’s Party); in the 1950s its activities were mainly limited to those conducted from abroad; started Bizim Radyo (Our Radio) broadcasting from Budapest in 1958; revived in the early 1970s, adopting a new programme; started the radio station TKP’nin Sesi (Voice of the TKP) broadcasting

from Leipzig; published the central committee organ *Atılım* from 1974; hundreds of its members were arrested after the military coup of 12 September 1980; held its 5th congress in October 1983 in Moscow; merged with the Türkiye İşçi Partisi (TİP; Workers Party of Turkey), under the name of Türkiye Birleşik Komünist Partisi (TBKP; United Communist Party of Turkey) in 1987; at their return to Turkey the general secretaries of both parties were immediately arrested and detained until 1990; in 1990 a group of founders of the TBKP applied for legal status of the party, but a decision of the Anayasa Mahkemesi (Constitutional Court) prohibited the TBKP in 1991.

Agenda, minutes, delegate lists and other documents relating to the TBKP .Yurtdışı Konferansı (Europe Conference) 1987–1990; documents relating to party conferences in various European countries 1987–1990; minutes and other documents relating to meetings of the Central Committee of the TBKP 1988–1989; circulars and letters by the central committee of the TKP and the TBKP 1987–1990; copies of *Durum*, information bulletin of the TKP (1969–1985); lists of members 1988–1990; letters of members and reports of local party organizations 1987–1990; public statements, correspondence and other documents relating to the return of the TBKP leaders to Turkey 1987–1990; documents relating to education, research and propaganda 1978–1990; manuscripts of daily broadcastings of the radio station TKP'nin Sesi 1967–1987; contributions to Bizim Radyo by Nazım Hikmet 1958–1962; documents relating to solidarity activities with the Devrimci İşçi Sendikaları Konfederasyonu (DİSK; Confederation of Revolutionary Trade Unions), Barış Derneği (Turkish Peace Committee) and other associations 1980–1989; texts of indictments, defences and other documents relating to lawsuits against the TKP, the TBKP, the İlerici Gençler Derneği (İGD; Progressive Youth Association), the TİP and other organizations 1971–1990; reports, copies of periodicals and other documents on human rights violations, Kurds and other subjects 1971–1990; documents relating to political parties, organizations and groups 1970–1989; documents relating to Nazım Hikmet 1963–1988.

***War Resisters' International (WRI)**

Period: 1962–1993

Size: 4 m.

Entry: list

Supplement: for initial description see GIA, pp. 240–241.

Additional records 1962–1993.

Workers' League

Period: 1956–1965 (–1972)

Size: 0.12 m.

Founded in 1954; published *Workers' News Bulletin* as its organ; stressed the importance of a break with the old socialist parties; object of the league was to develop the politics and organizational structure of a new, independent and revolutionary workers' party as outlined in the "Draft Manifesto for a new Workers' Party" published in 1954.

Minutes of the National Executive Committee 1956–1961; agenda and minutes of and other documents relating to the annual general meetings and the meetings of

the National Council 1958–1961; documents on the Exchange Telegraph Defence Committee 1965; copies of the *Workers' League Discussion Bulletin* 1961.

3. Documentation collections

Biolley, Georges

1898–1921 and n.d.; 0.03 m.

Human Rights in Turkey

Supplement: 1993–1994; 0.04 m.

Israeli Peace Movement

Supplement: 1991–1994; 2.00 m.; list of a part

Özkök, Yücel

Supplement: 1990–1993; 0.48 m.

Rhône-Poulenc Chimie in Pont-de-Claix near Grenoble, France

Supplement: 1985–1994; 0.70 m.; list

Sojuz Bor'by za Osvoboždenie Narodov Rossii (SBONR)

1955–1961, 1963 and n.d.; 0.02 m.

Student Activity at the Freie Universität of Berlin

1967; 0.08 m.

4. Films and microfiches

Anti-Semitism and Nationalism at the End of the Soviet Era

c. 1988–1992; 138 microfiches; list

NB. IDC Publication; originals collected by the Institute of Humanitarian Political Research and Memorial in Moscow.

Bebel, Ferdinand August

c. 1883–1913; 1 reel; inventory

NB. Originals at the Rossiskij Centr Chranenija i Izučenija Dokumentov Novejšej Istorii (RCChIDNI) in Moscow.

Bernstein, Eduard

1883–1929; 5 reels; inventory in preparation

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Hess, Moses c. 1836–1891; 2 reels; inventory

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Kautsky, Karl and Luise

c. 1901–1930; 3 reels; inventory

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Komintern – Türkiye Komünist Partisi

(1914–) 1918–1939; 56 reels; inventory

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Lafargue, Laura and Paul

c. 1879–1883; 3 reels; inventory in preparation

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Longuet, Jenny, Charles and Jean

c. 1897–1937; 2 reels; inventory

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Memorial

63 reels; list of a part

NB. Originals at Memorial in Moscow.

Motteler, Julius

c. (1880–) 1896–1908; 2 reels; inventory

NB. Originals at the RCChIDNI in Moscow.

Sindicato de Trabajadores Concord (SiTraC), Córdoba, Argentina

(1966–) 1970–1975, 1984; 226 microfiches; list

NB. Originals at the Fundación Pedro Milesi, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

Vsesojuznaja Kommunističeskaja Partija, Smolensk Oblast' (All-Union Communist Party, Smolensk district)

1917–1941; 69 reels; list

NB. Also known as the Smolensk archives; originals at the National Archives of the United States.

5. Published inventories

Hermien van Veen, "Inventory of the archives of the Partija Socialistov-Revolutionerov (PSR), (1834–) 1870–1934", IISH Working Paper 26 (Amsterdam 1994).

II. Announcements*Memory and the Re-Telling of Working Class Lives*

The Program Committee of the North American Labor History Conference invites proposals for panels and single papers on the theme, "Memory and the Re-Telling of Working Class Lives", for the 1996 meeting to be held 17–19 October 1996, at Wayne State University in Detroit.

The committee is interested in sessions and/or papers which explore public and private memory in working-class and labour history, including such issues as how workers remember, retell, celebrate, and repress memories of their personal and political, individual and collective lives; public history of the working-class and labour movement past; workers' autobiographies and biographies; the study, analysis, and representation of working-class and labour history; narratives of class identity, consciousness, and lives, especially as they intersect with race, ethnicity, gender, and nation; and the teaching of working-class and labour history. Further, the committee continues to be interested in the submission of proposals that incorporate Latin American, European, African, and Asian comparisons and interdisciplinary approaches.

Those interested should submit panel and paper proposals (including a 1-2 page paper abstracts and CVs for all participants) by 1 March 1996 to: Dr Elizabeth Faue, Coordinator NALHC, Department of History, 3094 Faculty Administration Building, Wayne State University, Detroit, MI 48202, USA. Tel. (-1-)313-577-2525.

Programme of Linz Conferences

The General Assembly, organizing the so-called Linz conferences, decided the programme of future conferences as follows:

- "Sources and Labour Historiography after the Collapse of 'Real Socialism'", 11–14 September 1996.
- "Labour Movement and Culture - Rites, Myths and Symbols", 16–20 September 1997.
- "Interpreting the Labour Movement at the End of the Twentieth Century: International Sociological and Historical Comparisons", 16–19 September 1998.

A historiographical summary will be prepared for the 1998 conference. Based on these country specific studies the conference of 14–18 September 1999 will strike the balance of the century.

Those interested should contact: ITH, A-1010 Vienna, Wipplinger Strasse 6-8. Tel. 43-1-534 36/776; fax. 43-1-534 36/99771 (fax from outside Europe: 43-1-534 36/7171).

Tenth George Rudé Seminar

The Tenth George Rudé Seminar will be held 12–15 July 1996 on the campus of the University of Melbourne. The Rudé Seminar is a biennial conference inaugurated in Melbourne in 1978 to honour the contribution made to the study of French history, and its teaching in Australia, of our colleague and friend George Rudé.

Papers at the seminar normally traverse "Rudé country", but this is by no means an imperative and papers at previous Rudé seminars have ranged in focus from the twelfth to the twentieth century. In keeping with the tradition of the Seminar, sessions will be set aside for discussions of the French Revolution and its aftermath, and of the role of France in the South Pacific. With commemorations in mind, the organizers are also keen to have sessions focusing on Babeuf and the "Conjuration des égaux" and post-World War II "reconstruction". A session will be devoted to the work of postgraduates in French history.

The organizers welcome suggestions for papers on any subject connected with French history and civilization, but also topics for panel discussions of workshops. Twenty-five minutes (plus discussion time) will normally be scheduled for the presentation of papers, but suggestions for longer or joint presentations will be considered.

The Seminar has been scheduled to enable people who so wish to also attend the Fourth Annual Conference of the Australian Society for French Studies, to be held 8–10 July at the University of Adelaide, on the theme "The City and its Images in Nineteenth-Century France". The final day of the Rudé Seminar, 15 July, will also form part of the sessions of the Australian Historical Association Conference, to be held 15–18 July in Melbourne.

Those interested should contact: Professor Peter McPhee, Department of History, University of Melbourne, Parkville VIC 3052, Australia. Tel. (61) (3) 344 5961; fax. (61) (3) 344 7894; e-mail address P.McPhee@History.unimelb.edu.au.