to the social position of the patient, and the danger of making a false diagnosis, nothing was said as to the probable nature of the disease.

Under anti-syphilitic treatment the patient rapidly improved, and on the return of her brother from the country a cicatrix on his lip explained the source of the infection. Anthony McCall.

NOSE.

Guisez.—Concerning Parafin Endonasally as Supplementary Treatment of Sinusites. "Annales des Mal. de l'Oreille, du Larynx, du Nez, et du Pharynx," December, 1905.

The writer observes that as a sequel to radical operations for sinusitis, especially ethmoidal, even after successful results as far as the sinusal disease is concerned, patients frequently suffer from a train of troubles, such as crusting of the nasal fossæ, dryness of throat, and pharyngitis. For anatomical and clinical reasons the generality of chronic frontal and, a fortiori, fronto-maxillary sinusites are associated with panethmoidal disease, so that nothing short of a complete evidement will suffice to meet these cases. After the sinusal trouble has been eradicated, the fossæ are left abnormally capacious. The nasal mucosa is changed by its long contact with pus, and yields a fluid secretion which inspissates, forming crusts. These adhere tenaciously, and are with difficulty dislodged, owing to low pressure of air during "nose blowing," consequent upon the inordinately large nasal cavities. In the author's experience antiseptic dressings, lavages, and vibratory massage have afforded only temporary relief. Out of four cases treated by the submucous injection of paraffin, details of which are given in extenso, in three crusting entirely ceased, the fourth was only improved, the reason for this being the great difficulty experienced in making the injections, the mucosa being so friable that it burst under the least pressure. The paraffin, cold and soft, was introduced beneath the mucosa of the floor and septum, the deeper parts being dealt with first. The whole operation occupied several sittings.

Clayton Fox.

Kirkpatrick, A. B.—The Subcutaneous Injection of Parafin for Nasal and other Deformities, and the Submucous Injection for Atrophic Rhinitis. "The Therapeutic Gazette," January 15, 1906.

A short résumé of the work of other observers, with four of the author's cases. Macleod Yearsley.

King, Gordon.—A Voluminous Papilloma of the Nasal Cavity. "New Orleans Med. and Surg. Journ.," January, 1906.

A negro woman, aged forty-eight. Fifteen years' history. Growth removed without difficulty. It was attached to the middle turbinal and ethmoid region, encroaching on antrum and orbit. Microscopical examination showed it to be a "cylindrical papilloma."

Macleod Yearsley.