Glossary

Glossary of terms for mental health problems and their symptoms				
The English word	Its meaning	Equivalent in your language		
Α				
Addiction				
Alzheimer's disease	The commonest type of ☞ dementia			
Anorexia	A mental health problem characterised by a desire to lose weight or change body shape by refusing to eat			
Anxiety	A state of feeling tense, worried or fearful			
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder				
Autism	A developmental disorder in which the child has difficulties in interacting and communicating with others across many settings. The child typically also shows narrow areas of behaviours or interests			
В				
Bed-wetting	A condition in which a child is wetting the bed well past the age when it is not expected (by 7 years)			
Bereavement	The experience of losing a loved one through death			
Bipolar disorder	A severe mental disorder where a person experiences episodes of high and low mood with periods of normal mood in between			
Bulimia	When a person eats a large amount of food and then makes themselves vomit or takes laxatives because of unhappiness with body shape or weight			
С				
Child behavioural disorder	Includes © conduct disorder and © hyperactivity			
Common mental disorders				

Compulsion	A behaviour that is repeated again and again even though the person tries to resist doing it
Conduct disorder	A condition in which a child (usually a teenager) consistently behaves badly and is undisciplined
Confusion	A condition when a person does not know where they are, what time it is or who they are
Conversion disorder	A condition in which a person develops physical symptoms caused entirely by mental stress
Convulsion	<i>∽</i> Seizure
D	
Delirium	A state, often due to a physical disease, in which a person is confused (タconfusion)
Delusion	A belief that is irrational and untrue but is held with firm conviction
Dementia	A condition in which the person shows progressively worsening memory and behaviour problems
Dependence	A state when a person must take a drug regularly in order to avoid a withdrawal syndrome
Depression	A state of sadness, despair or loss of interest in daily life
Developmental disorders	A group of conditions present from early childhood in which there are delays or persistent abnormalities in the intellectual, emotional or physical development of the child
Disorientation	A state in which a person does not know what day or time it is or where they are (typically associated with soldlirium or soldler)
Drug abuse	The use of a drug in a manner that may cause social, legal, economic or health damage to the person
Dyslexia	A group of developmental disorders in which a child of normal intelligence has specific problems with school tasks such as reading, spelling or writing (also referred to as specific learning disorders)

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E	
Eating disorder	
Enuresis	A condition in which a child wets their clothes after an age when this is not
	expected (about 3 years)
Epilepsy	A condition in which @seizures occur
	repeatedly
F	
Fit	<i>G</i> Seizure
G	
Grief	
Н	
Hallucination	An experience in which a person hears,
	sees, smells or feels things that are not
The second state of	real
Hyperactivity	A developmental disorder where the child cannot sit in one place for long and
	has difficulty with attending to tasks
	which require concentration
Hysteria	
1	
Impotence	A condition in which a man is unable to
	get an erection of his penis
Insomnia	Difficulty in sleeping
Intellectual disability	A developmental disorder where a child
Internet addiction	develops more slowly than normal When a person is unable to control their
internet addiction	impulse to use the internet, leading to
	excessive use and emotional distress
	when unable to access
Irritability	Feeling short-tempered
М	
Manic–depressive disorder	→ Bipolar disorder → Bipolar disorder
Mental disability	Mental health problems that lead to
	severe and ongoing impairments in the
Manuful dina 1	person's daily functioning
Mental disorder	Symptoms of mental health problems that can be classified using a medical
	diagnosis, which are typically of a longer
	duration than mental distress and not
	necessarily linked to difficulties in life

Mental distress	Symptoms of mental health problems	
	which are often of short duration and	
	occur in response to difficulties in life	
Mental health problem	An overall term for any disturbance of	
	mental health, including mental distress,	
	disorder or disability	
Mental retardation		
0		
Obsession	A thought that comes repeatedly into a	
	person's mind even though she does not	
	want it	
Obsessive-compulsive	A condition in which obsessions and	
disorder	compulsions occur together	
P		
Panic	A state of severe anxiety during which	
	the person feels as if he is going to die or	
	collapse	
Perinatal depression	A condition in which depression occurs	
	during pregnancy or in the months after	
	childbirth	
Phobia	A state in which a person develops an	
	irrational fear of an everyday situation such as crowds or markets	
Death.		
Post-traumatic stress disorder	A condition of mental distress occurring in a person who has witnessed	
uisoruei	or experienced a life-threatening	
	experience	
Premature ejaculation	A condition in which a man has an	
	ejaculation (semen being discharged	
	from the penis) too soon during sexual	
	intercourse	
Psychosis	A severe mental disorder associated with	
-	delusions and hallucinations	
Psychosomatic	A term used to describe complaints	
	or a condition in which there are	
	physical health complaints caused by a	
	psychological illness	
S		
Schizophrenia	A type of psychosis which often lasts	
	many years	
Seizure	A condition when a person is not fully	
	aware of their surroundings and may	
	show jerky or unusual movements	

Specific learning disability	<i>□</i> Dyslexia
Suicide	A person ending their own life
Т	
Trauma	A life-threatening or frightening event
W	
Withdrawal syndrome	A state of discomfort in a person who is dependent on drugs or alcohol after the drug or alcohol is stopped